

# Ruckus Wireless Unleashed

Release 200.5 CLI Reference Guide

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## **About This Guide**

The *Unleashed Release 200.5 CLI Reference Guide* contains the syntax and commands for configuring and managing Unleashed from a command line interface.

This guide is written for service operators and system administrators who are responsible for managing, configuring, and troubleshooting Ruckus Wireless devices. Consequently, it assumes a basic working knowledge of local area networking, wireless networking, and wireless devices.

NOTE If release notes are shipped with your product and the information there differs from the information in this guide, follow the instructions in the release notes.

Most user guides and release notes are available in Adobe Acrobat Reader Portable Document Format (PDF) or HTML on the Ruckus Wireless Support Web site at https://support.ruckuswireless.com/documents.

## **Document Conventions**

The following two tables list the text and notice conventions that are used throughout this guide.

Table 1. Text conventions

Convention	Description	Example
monospace	Represents information as it appears on screen	[Device name]>
monospace bold	Represents information that you enter	[Device name] > set ipaddr 10.0.0.12
default font bold	Keyboard keys, software buttons, and field names	On the <b>Start</b> menu, click <b>All Programs</b> .
italics	Screen or page names	Click Advanced Settings. The Advanced Settings page appears.

Table 2. Notice conventions

Notice Type	Description
NOTE	Information that describes important features or instructions
CAUTION!	Information that alerts you to potential loss of data or potential damage to an application, system, or device
WARNING!	Information that alerts you to potential personal injury

## **Documentation Feedback**

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When contacting us, please include the following information:

- Document title
- Document part number (on the cover page)
- Page number (if appropriate)

#### For example:

- · Unleashed Release 200.5 CLI Reference Guide
- · Part number: 800-71237-001 Revision B
- Page 88

# Online Training Resources

To access a variety of online Ruckus Wireless training modules, including free introductory courses to wireless networking essentials, site surveys, and Ruckus Wireless products, visit the Ruckus Wireless Training Portal at:

https://training.ruckuswireless.com

# Understanding the Unleashed Command Line Interface

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#### In this chapter:

- Introduction
- · Accessing the Command Line Interface
- · Using the Help Command
- · Top-Level Commands

## Introduction

The Ruckus Wireless Unleashed Command Line Interface (CLI) is a software tool that enables you to configure and manage Unleashed, Ruckus Wireless's wireless LAN Master.

Using the command line interface, you can configure Master system settings, access points, wireless networks and client connection settings, or view current status information for each component of your Unleashed network. Each command performs a specific action for configuring device settings or returning information about the status of a specific device feature.

The Unleashed product is based on ZoneFlex, where the master AP is not only an AP, but also a controller, so Unleashed AP has two CLI systems. When you SSH to a member AP, you will go to the AP CLI system. When you SSH to the master AP, you will go to the Controller CLI system (which is like the ZoneDirector CLI system). This document describes the Unleashed controller CLI system.

# Accessing the Command Line Interface

This section describes the requirements and the procedure for accessing the Unleashed CLI. The Unleashed CLI supports a maximum of 8 simultaneous SSH sessions, and maximum 4 sessions from the same IP address.

## Requirements

To access the Unleashed CLI, you will need the following:

- A computer that you want to designate as administrative computer
- A network connection to Unleashed
- A Telnet or SSH (secure shell) client program

# Step 1: Connecting the Administrative Computer to Unleashed

The Unleashed Command Line Interface can be accessed using either an Ethernet or wireless connection.

## Connect to Unleashed over Ethernet or Wi-Fi

- 1 Ensure that Unleashed's IP address is reachable from the administrative computer. In factory default state, Unleashed's IP address is 192.168.0.1.
- 2 Continue to "Step 2: Start and Configure the SSH Client"

## Step 2: Start and Configure the SSH Client

Before starting this procedure, make sure that your SSH client is already installed on the administrative computer.

NOTE The following procedure uses PuTTY, a free and open source Telnet/SSH client, for accessing the Unleashed CLI. If you are using a different Telnet/SSH client, the procedure may be slightly different (although the connection settings should be the same). For more information on PuTTY, visit www.putty.org.

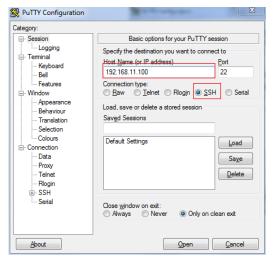
## Using SSH

To start and configure the SSH client

- 1 Start Putty. The Putty Configuration dialog box appears, showing the Session screen.
- 2 In Connection type, select SSH.

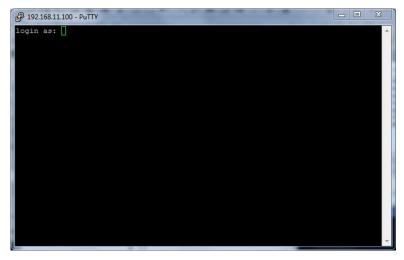
NOTE Telnet access is disabled by default for security reasons. SSH is the recommended access method and you will not be allowed to access the Unleashed CLI via Telnet unless you have specifically enabled Telnet access.

Figure 1. Selecting SSH as the connection type



- 3 Enter the Unleashed IP address in the Host Name (or IP address) field.
- 4 Click Open. The PuTTY console appears and displays the login prompt.

Figure 2. The PuTTY console displaying the login prompt



You have completed configuring the Telnet/SSH client to connect to Unleashed.

## Step 3: Log Into the CLI

1 At the login as prompt, press <Enter> once.

#### Understanding the Unleashed Command Line Interface

Accessing the Command Line Interface

- 1 At the Please login prompt, enter the Unleashed login name (default: admin), and then press <Enter>.
- 2 At the Password prompt, enter the Unleashed login password (default: admin), and then press <Enter>. The Ruckus Wireless Unleashed CLI welcome message and the ruckus> prompt appears.

NOTE: Once the AP has been configured, use the login and password you configured to login to the CLI rather than the defaults (admin/admin).

You are now logged into the Unleashed CLI as a user with limited privileges. As a user with limited privileges, you can view a history of commands that were previously executed and ping a device. If you want to run more commands, you can switch to privileged mode by entering **enable** at the root prompt.

To view a list of commands that are available at the root level, enter help or?.

NOTE You can tell if you are logged into the CLI in limited or privileged mode by looking at the ruckus prompt. If you are in limited mode, the prompt appears as ruckus> (with a greater than sign). If you are in privileged mode, the prompt appears as ruckus# (with a pound sign).

NOTE To enable privileged mode when another user session is enabled, use the <force> option with the enable command to force disconnect of the previous user session. (i.e., enable force).

## Using the ? Command

To display a brief list of commands that are available within a specific context, use the ? command.

## Example

To display commands within the debug context, enter the following command: ruckus# debug

ruckus (debug) # ?

help	Shows available commands.
list-all	Lists all available commands.
history	Shows a list of previously run commands.
quit	Exits the debug context.
delete-station <mac></mac>	Disassociates a station.
restart-ap <mac></mac>	Restarts a device.
wlaninfo	Configures and enables debugging of WLAN service settings.
show	Contains commands that can be executed from within the context.
ps	Displays information about all processes that are running (ps -aux).
save_debug_info <ip- ADDR&gt; <file-name></file-name></ip- 	Saves debug information.
remote_ap_cli	Excutes AP CLI command in remote AP.
save-config <ip- ADDR&gt; <file-name></file-name></ip- 	Upload the configuration to the designated TFTP site.

logs	Contains commands that can be executed from within the context.
no	Contains commands that can be executed from within the context.
remote- troubleshooting	Troubleshooting commands group.
script	Manages system script for debug.

# **Top-Level Commands**

The following table lists the top-level CLI commands available in privileged mode.

exit	End the CLI session.
help	Show available commands.
quit	End the CLI session.
history	Show a list of previously run commands.
disable	Disable privileged commands.
ping <ip-addr domain-name=""></ip-addr>	Send ICMP echo packets to an IP/IPv6 address or domain name.
reboot	Reboot the Master.
shutdown	Shut down Unleashed, to power on Unleashed again, press the power.
set-factory	Reset the Master to factory defaults.
config	Enter the config context.
logo	Configure Ruckus logo. Options are "logo nodog" and "logo default."
debug	Enter the debug context.
show	Display system options and settings.
reset	Reset RADIUS statistics commands.

session-timeout <number></number>	Set the CLI session timeout.
ap-mode	Run AP CLI (set/get) in Master AP

# Using the Help Command

To display all commands that the Ruckus Wireless CLI supports, use the help command.

NOTE Entering the help command into the CLI prints a long list of commands on the screen. If you only want to view the commands that are available from within a specific context, use the ? command. See Using the ? Command above for more information.

#### In this chapter:

- Show Commands Overview
- Show AAA Commands
- Show DHCP Commands
- Show Access Point Commands
- Show AP Group Commands
- Show System Configuration Commands
- Show System Information Commands
- Show WLAN Commands
- Show Hotspot Commands
- Show Guest Policy Commands
- Show User Commands
- Show Mesh Commands
- Show Guest Pass Commands
- Show Events and Activities Commands
- Show Alarm Commands

## **Show Commands Overview**

Show commands display the controller's current configuration and status information, such as system status and system configuration settings, along with the status and configurations of the controller's WLAN services, users, roles, AAA servers, access points, connected clients, AP groups and WLAN groups, etc.

Monitor commands allow the administrator to enter monitoring mode to view status and configuration changes as they occur.

## **Show AAA Commands**

Use the show aga commands to display information about the authentication, authorization and accounting servers (AAA) servers that have been added to the Master.

#### show aaa all

To display a list of all AAA servers that have been added to the Master, use the following command:

show aaa all

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
aaa	Display AAA server information
all	All AAA servers

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

ruckus# show aaa all
AAA:
ID:
1:
Name= Local Database
Type= Local

2:

```
Name= Guest Accounts
Type= Guest
3:
Name = RADIUS Accounting
Type= RADIUS Accounting server
Primary RADIUS Accounting:
IP Address= 192.168.11.7
Port= 1813
Secret= secret
Secondary RADIUS Accounting:
Status= Disabled
4:
Name= Ruckus RADIUS
Type= RADIUS server
Auth Method=
Primary RADIUS:
IP Address= 192.168.11.99
Port= 1812
Secret= secret
Secondary RADIUS:
Status= Disabled
5:
Name= Ruckus AD
Type= Active Directory
IP Address= 192.168.11.17
Port = 389
Windows Domain Name= domain.ruckuswireless.com
Global Catalog= Disabled
Admin DN=domain
Admin Password=password
ruckus#
```

#### show aaa name

To display information about a specific AAA server that has been added to the Master, use the following command:

```
show aaa name <WORD>
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
aaa name	Display information about the specified AAA server name
<word></word>	Name of the AAA server

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show aaa name "Ruckus RADIUS"

AAA:

ID:

4:

Name= Ruckus RADIUS

Type= RADIUS server

Auth Method=

Primary RADIUS:

IP Address= 192.168.11.99

Port= 1812

Secret= secret

Secondary RADIUS:
```

ruckus#

Status= Disabled

## **Show DHCP Commands**

Use the show dhop commands to display the current settings for any DHCP servers configured for DHCP relay agent use.

## show dhcp all

To display a list of all DHCP servers that have been configured on the Master, use the following command:

```
show dhcp all
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
dhcp	Display information about the specified DHCP server name
all	Display a list of all DHCP servers

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show dhcp all
DHCP servers for DHCP relay agent:
   ID:
        1:
        Name= DHCP Server 1
        Description=
        IP Address= 192.168.11.1
        IP Address=
```

ruckus#

## show dhcp name

To display a list of all DHCP servers that have been configured on the Master, use the following command:

```
show dhcp name <WORD>
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
dhcp	Display information about the specified DHCP server name
name	Display the DHCP server specified
<word></word>	Name of the DHCP server

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus# show dhcp name "DHCP Server 1"
DHCP servers for DHCP relay agent:
   ID:
     1:
       Name= DHCP Server 1
       Description=
       IP Address= 192.168.11.1
       IP Address=
```

ruckus#

## **Show Access Point Commands**

Use the show ap commands to display the current settings of managed devices, including their network address settings, device names, radio settings, and others.

## show ap all

To display a summary of all devices that have been approved, use the following command:

```
show ap all
```

## Syntax Description

show Display information
--------------------------

ар	Show device information
all	All devices that have been approved by the Master

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus# show ap all
AP:
ID:
1:
MAC Address= 6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30
Model= r500
Approved= Yes
Device Name= R500-Unleashed
Device Role= Member
Description= ggk unleahsed
Location= un
GPS=
CERT = Normal
Bonjour-policy=
Group Name= System Default
Channel Range:
     A/N= 36,40,44,48,149,153,157,161 (Disallowed= )
     B/G/N=1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11 (Disallowed=)
Radio a/n:
     Channelization= Auto
     Channel= Auto
     WLAN Services enabled= Yes
     Tx. Power= Auto
     WLAN Group Name= Default
     Call Admission Control= OFF
     SpectraLink Compatibility= Disabled
Radio b/g/n:
     Channelization = Auto
     Channel= Auto
     WLAN Services enabled= Yes
     Tx. Power= Auto
     WLAN Group Name= Default
     Call Admission Control= OFF
     SpectraLink Compatibility= Disabled
Override global ap-model port configuration= No
Network Setting:
     Protocol mode= IPv4-Only
     Device IP Settings = Manual
     IP Address= 172.18.151.1
     Netmask= 255.255.255.0
```

```
Gateway=
     Primary DNS Server= 172.18.100.35
     Secondary DNS Server= 172.18.100.45
Mesh:
     Status= Enabled
     Mode= Auto
     max hops= unlimited
Uplink:
     Status= Smart
LLDP:
     Status = Enabled
     Interval = 30
     HoldTime = 120
     Mgmt = Enabled
Ports:
     Send out LLDP packet on eth0 = Enabled
     Send out LLDP packet on eth1 = Enabled
Venue Name List:
LAN Port:
     0:
       Interface= eth0
       Dot1x= None
       LogicalLink= Up
       PhysicalLink= Up 1000Mbps full
       Label= 10/100/1000 PoE LAN1
     1:
       Interface= eth1
       Dot1x= None
       LogicalLink= Down
       PhysicalLink= Down
       Label= 10/100/1000 LAN2
2:
MAC Address= 94:f6:65:3c:cf:a0
Model= r500
Approved= Yes
Device Name= RuckusAP
Device Role= Master
Description=
Location=
GPS=
CERT = Normal
Bonjour-policy=
Group Name= System Default
Channel Range:
     A/N= 36,40,44,48,149,153,157,161 (Disallowed= )
     B/G/N=1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11 (Disallowed=)
Radio a/n:
     Channelization= Auto
     Channel= Auto
     WLAN Services enabled= Yes
     Tx. Power= Auto
     WLAN Group Name= Default
```

```
Call Admission Control= OFF
     SpectraLink Compatibility= Disabled
Radio b/g/n:
     Channelization = Auto
     Channel= Auto
     WLAN Services enabled= Yes
     Tx. Power= Auto
     WLAN Group Name= Default
     Call Admission Control= OFF
     SpectraLink Compatibility= Disabled
Override global ap-model port configuration= No
Network Setting:
     Protocol mode= IPv4-Only
     Device IP Settings = DHCP
     IP Address= 172.18.151.2
     Netmask= 255.255.255.0
     Gateway= 0.0.0.0
     Primary DNS Server= 172.18.100.35
     Secondary DNS Server= 172.18.100.45
Mesh:
     Mode= Use Parent Setting
     max hops= Use Parent Setting
LLDP:
     Status = Use Parent Setting
Venue Name List:
LAN Port:
     0:
       Interface= eth0
       Dot1x= None
       LogicalLink= Up
       PhysicalLink= Up 1000Mbps full
       Label= 10/100/1000 PoE LAN1
     1:
       Interface= eth1
       Dot1x= None
       LogicalLink= Down
       PhysicalLink= Down
       Label= 10/100/1000 LAN2
```

ruckus#

## show ap devname

To display information about a specific device using its device name, use the following command:

show ap devname <WORD>

## Syntax Description

show Display information

ap devname	Show information about the specified device name
<word></word>	The name of the device

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show ap devname "R500-Unleashed"
AP:
ID:
1:
MAC Address= 6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30
Model= r500
Approved= Yes
Device Name= R500-Unleashed
Device Role= Member
Description= ggk unleahsed
Location= un
GPS=
CERT = Normal
Bonjour-policy=
Group Name= System Default
Channel Range:
     A/N= 36,40,44,48,149,153,157,161 (Disallowed= )
     B/G/N=1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11 (Disallowed=)
Radio a/n:
     Channelization= Auto
     Channel= Auto
     WLAN Services enabled= Yes
     Tx. Power= Auto
     WLAN Group Name= Default
     Call Admission Control= OFF
     SpectraLink Compatibility= Disabled
Radio b/g/n:
     Channelization= Auto
     Channel= Auto
     WLAN Services enabled= Yes
     Tx. Power= Auto
     WLAN Group Name= Default
     Call Admission Control= OFF
     SpectraLink Compatibility= Disabled
Override global ap-model port configuration= No
Network Setting:
     Protocol mode= IPv4-Only
     Device IP Settings = Manual
```

Show Access Point Commands

```
IP Address= 172.18.151.1
     Netmask= 255.255.255.0
     Gateway=
     Primary DNS Server= 172.18.100.35
     Secondary DNS Server= 172.18.100.45
Mesh:
     Status= Enabled
     Mode= Auto
     max hops= unlimited
Uplink:
     Status= Smart
LLDP:
     Status = Enabled
     Interval = 30
     HoldTime = 120
     Mgmt = Enabled
Ports:
     Send out LLDP packet on eth0 = Enabled
     Send out LLDP packet on eth1 = Enabled
Venue Name List:
LAN Port:
     0:
       Interface= eth0
       Dot1x= None
       LogicalLink= Up
       PhysicalLink= Up 1000Mbps full
       Label= 10/100/1000 PoE LAN1
     1:
       Interface= eth1
       Dot1x= None
       LogicalLink= Down
       PhysicalLink= Down
       Label= 10/100/1000 LAN2
```

## show ap mac

To search for the device that matches the specified MAC address, use the following command:

```
show ap mac <MAC>
```

### Syntax Description

show	Display information
ap mac	Display information about the device with the specified MAC address
<mac></mac>	The MAC address of the device

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus# show ap mac 6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30
AP:
ID:
1:
MAC Address= 6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30
Model= r500
Approved= Yes
Device Name= R500-Unleashed
Device Role= Member
Description= ggk unleahsed
Location= un
GPS=
CERT = Normal
Bonjour-policy=
Group Name= System Default
Channel Range:
     A/N= 36,40,44,48,149,153,157,161 (Disallowed= )
     B/G/N=1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11 (Disallowed=)
Radio a/n:
     Channelization= Auto
     Channel = Auto
     WLAN Services enabled= Yes
     Tx. Power= Auto
     WLAN Group Name= Default
     Call Admission Control= OFF
     SpectraLink Compatibility= Disabled
Radio b/g/n:
     Channelization= Auto
     Channel= Auto
     WLAN Services enabled= Yes
     Tx. Power= Auto
     WLAN Group Name= Default
     Call Admission Control= OFF
     SpectraLink Compatibility= Disabled
Override global ap-model port configuration= No
Network Setting:
     Protocol mode= IPv4-Only
     Device IP Settings = Manual
     IP Address= 172.18.151.1
     Netmask= 255.255.255.0
     Gateway=
     Primary DNS Server= 172.18.100.35
     Secondary DNS Server= 172.18.100.45
Mesh:
     Status= Enabled
     Mode= Auto
     max hops= unlimited
Uplink:
     Status= Smart
```

```
LLDP:
    Status = Enabled
    Interval = 30
    HoldTime = 120
    Mgmt = Enabled
Ports:
     Send out LLDP packet on eth0 = Enabled
     Send out LLDP packet on eth1 = Enabled
Venue Name List:
LAN Port:
    0:
       Interface= eth0
       Dot1x= None
       LogicalLink= Up
       PhysicalLink= Up 1000Mbps full
       Label= 10/100/1000 PoE LAN1
     1:
       Interface= eth1
       Dot1x= None
       LogicalLink= Down
       PhysicalLink= Down
       Label=10/100/1000 LAN2 ruckus#
```

# **Show AP Group Commands**

Use the show ap-group commands to display Access Point Group settings.

## show ap-group all

To display all AP groups and their settings (now only default AP group: **system Default is supported**), use the following command:

```
show ap-group all
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
ap-group	Display access point group information
all	All AP groups

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show ap-group all
APGROUP:
   ID:
```

```
1:
Name= System Default
Description= System default group for Access Points
Radio 11bgn:
Channelization= Auto
Channel= Auto
Enable auto channel selection which select from 1,6,11= Yes
Tx. Power= Auto
11N only Mode= Auto
WLAN Group= Default
Radio 11an:
Channelization= Auto
Channel= Auto
Tx. Power= Auto
11N only Mode= Auto
WLAN Group= Default
Members:
MAC= 04:4f:aa:0c:b1:00
MAC= 00:24:82:3f:14:60
MAC= 74:91:1a:2b:ff:a0
```

# show ap-group name

To display details about a specific AP group, use the following command: show ap-group name <WORD>

# Syntax Description

show	Display information
ap-group name	Display information about the AP group with the specified name
<word></word>	The name of the AP group

#### Defaults

ruckus#

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show ap-group name "System Default"
APGROUP:
 TD:
1:
Name= System Default
 Description= System default group for Access Points
MLD Query v1= Disabled
MLD Query v2= Disabled
IGMP Query v2= Disabled
 IGMP Query v3= Disabled
Location Base Service:
      State
                     = Disabled
      Location Server = NA
 Channel Range:
      B/G/N=1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11 (Disallowed=)
      A/N Indoor= 36,40,44,48,149,153,157,161
 (Disallowed= )
      A/N Outdoor= 149,153,157,161 (Disallowed= )
 Radio 11bgn:
      Channelization= Auto
      Channel= Auto
      Tx. Power= Auto
      11N only Mode= Auto
      WLAN Group= Default
      Call Admission Control= OFF
      SpectraLink Compatibility= Disabled
      Wlan Service= Enabled
Network Setting:
      Protocol mode= IPv4 and IPv6
Mesh:
      max hops= unlimited
     Mode= Auto
      Turn off channfly setting:
```

```
state= Disabled
  if AP's uptime is more than 30 minutes will turn
off AP's ChannelFly
  Members:
     MAC= 6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30
     MAC= 94:f6:65:3c:cf:a0
```

ruckus#

# **Show System Configuration Commands**

Use the show config commands to display the Master's system configuration settings.

## show config

To display the current system configuration settings, including network addressing, management VLAN, country code, logging, AAA servers, WLAN services, WLAN groups, AP list, SNMP, and ACLs, etc., use the following command:

show config

#### Syntax Description

show	Display information
config	Display system configuration settings

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show config
Protocol Mode= IPv4-Only
Device IP Address:
   Mode= Manual
   IP Address= 172.18.151.2
   Netmask= 255.255.255.0
   Gateway Address= 172.18.151.254
   Primary DNS= 172.18.100.35
```

```
Secondary DNS= 172.18.100.45
Country Code:
  Code= United States
Identity:
  Name= Ruckus-Unleashed-ggk
Session Statistics:
  Enable= false
 Limited Unauthorized Session= true
NTP:
  Status= Enabled
  Address= ntp.ruckuswireless.com
  Timezone= GMT
Loq:
  Status= Disabled
  Address=
  Facility=
  Priority=
  AP Facility=
  AP Priority=
  event log level= 1
Telnet Server:
  Status= Disabled
FTP Server:
  Status= Enabled
  Anonynous Status= Disabled
FlexMaster:
  Status= Disabled
  Address=
  Interval= 15
AAA:
  ID:
```

Type= Local

Name= Local Database

1:

## **Show Performance Commands**

Use the show performance commands to display performance details on an AP radio or client station.

## show performance

Use the following command to display performance details:

```
show performance
```

## show performance ap-radio2-4

Use the following command to display performance details for the AP's 2.4 GHz radio.

```
show performance ap-radio2-4 mac <MAC>
```

## Syntax Description

show performance	Display performance information
ap-radio-2-4	Display AP 2.4 GHz radio performance
mac <mac></mac>	The MAC address of the AP

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show performance ap-radio2-4 mac c4:10:8a:1f:d1:f0
AP performance:
    1:
        Radio b/g/n:
        MAC Address= c4:10:8a:1f:d1:f0
        Estimated Capacity= 9930
        Downlink= 67
        Uplink= 0
        RF pollution= 11
        Associated clients= 1
        Other APs= 0
ruckus#
```

## show performance ap-radio5

Use the following command to display performance details for the AP's 5 GHz radio:

show performance ap-radio5 mac <MAC>

## Syntax Description

show performance	Display performance information
ap-radio-5	Display AP 5 GHz radio performance
mac <mac></mac>	The MAC address of the AP

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show performance ap-radio5 mac c4:10:8a:1f:d1:f0
```

AP performance:

1:

Radio a/n:

MAC Address= c4:10:8a:1f:d1:f0

Estimated Capacity= 20891

Downlink= 77

Uplink= 2

RF pollution= 3

Associated clients= 1

Other APs= 0

ruckus#

## show performance station

Use the following command to display performance details for a connected client/station:

show performance station mac <MAC>

## Syntax Description

show performance	Display performance information
station	Display station performance
mac <mac></mac>	The MAC address of the station

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus# show performance station mac 00:22:fb:ad:1b:2e
Station performance:
    MAC Address= 00:22:fb:ad:1b:2e
    Estimated Capacity= 61401
    Downlink= 76
    Uplink= 18
ruckus#
```

# **Show System Information Commands**

Use the show sysinfo commands to display the Master's system information.

## show sysinfo

To display an overview of the system status, including system, devices, usage summary, user activities, system activities, used access points, and support information, use the following command:

```
show sysinfo
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
sysinfo	Display an overview of various system statuses

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show sysinfo
```

```
System Overview:

Name= Ruckus-Unleashed-ggk
IP Address= 172.18.151.2

MAC Address= 94:F6:65:3C:CF:A0
Uptime= 4d 0h 18m
Model= R500
Licensed APs= 25
Serial Number= 161594206569
Version= 200.3.9.13 build 14866331
```

```
Devices Overview:
```

Number of APs= 3

Unleashed Release 200.5 CLI Reference Guide, 800-71237-001 Rev B

```
Number of Client Devices= 2
  Number of Rogue Devices= 15
Usage Summary:
  Usage of 1 hr:
    Max. Concurrent Users= 2
    Bytes Transmitted= 45.87M
    Number of Rogue Devices= 15
  Usage of 24 hr:
    Max. Concurrent Users= 3
    Bytes Transmitted= 5.90G
    Number of Roque Devices= 50
Memory Utilization:
  Used Bytes= 61009920
  Used Percentage= 47%
  Free Bytes= 67158016
  Free Percentage= 53%
```

## Show Ethernet Info Commands

Use the show ethinfo command to display current system Ethernet status.

### show ethinfo

show ethinfo

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
ethinfo	Display the current system Ethernet status

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show ethinfo
System Ethernet Overview:
   Port 0:
```

```
Interface= eth0
MAC Address= 94:f6:65:3c:cf:a3
Physical Link= up
Speed= 1000Mbps
Port 1:
   Interface= eth1
   MAC Address= 94:f6:65:3c:cf:a4
   Physical Link= up
   Speed= 1000Mbps
```

## **Show Technical Support Commands**

Use the following commands to display information that Ruckus Wireless may need when providing technical support.

## show techsupport

To display system information required by Technical Support, use the following command:

show techsupport

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
techsupport	Display information about the Master that may be required by Ruckus Wireless Technical Support

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show techsupport
ruckus# show techsupport
System Overview:
  Name= Ruckus-Unleashed-ggk
  IP Address= 172.18.151.2
  MAC Address= 94:F6:65:3C:CF:A0
  Uptime= 15d 18h 44m
```

```
Model= R500
  Licensed APs= 25
  Serial Number= 161594206569
  Version= 200.3.9.13 build 14866331
Devices Overview:
  Number of APs= 2
  Number of Client Devices= 3
  Number of Rogue Devices= 798
Usage Summary:
  Usage of 1 hr:
    Max. Concurrent Users= 2
    Bytes Transmitted= 76.66M
    Number of Rogue Devices= 0
  Usage of 24 hr:
    Max. Concurrent Users= 0
    Bytes Transmitted= 2.24G
    Number of Rogue Devices= 0
Memory Utilization:
  Used Bytes= 95956992
  Used Percentage= 74%
  Free Bytes= 32210944
  Free Percentage= 26%
Protocol Mode= IPv4-Only
Device IP Address:
  Mode= Manual
  IP Address= 192.168.40.100
  Netmask= 255.255.255.0
  Gateway Address= 192.168.40.1
  Primary DNS= 192.168.40.1
  Secondary DNS=
Country Code:
  Code= United States
Identity:
  Name= Ruckus-Unleashed-ggk
ruckus#
```

## **Show Management ACL Commands**

Use the mgmt-acl and mgmt-acl-ipv6 commands to display information about the management access control lists configured on the Master.

## show mgmt-acl all

To display all management ACLs that have been configured on the Master, use the following command:

```
show mgmt-acl all
```

## show mgmt-acl name

To display information about a specific management ACL, use the following command:

```
show mgmt-acl name <NAME>
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
mgmt-acl	Display management ACL settings
settings all	All configured management ACLs
name	Display information about a specific management ACL
<name></name>	The name of the management ACL

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show mgmt-acl all
Management ACL:
Name= New Name
Restriction Type= range
IP range= 192.168.11.1-192.168.11.253

Name= Remote 1
Restriction Type= single
IP address= 172.17.17.150
```

```
Name= Remote admin 2
  Restriction Type= single
  IP address= 172.17.16.12
ruckus#
```

## Show Static Route Commands

Use the static-route commands to display information about static routes configured on the Master.

#### show static-route all

To display all static route information, use the following command:

show static-route all

#### show static-route name

show static-route name <NAME>

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
static-route	Display static route settings
settings all	All configured static routes
name	Display information about a specific configured static
	route
<name></name>	The name of the static route entry

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show static-route all
Static Route:
ID= 1
Name= Static Route 1
IP subnet= 192.168.11.1/24
IP gateway= 192.168.11.1
```

## **Show WLAN Commands**

Use the following commands to display information about available WLANs on the Master.

#### show wlan

To display all available WLAN services (SSIDs), use the following command: show wlan [all|name] <WORD>

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
wlan	Display WLAN services (SSIDs) settings
all	Display all WLAN services
name <word></word>	Display the named WLAN only

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config) # show wlan all
WLAN Service:
  ID:
    1:
      NAME = Ruckus-Wireless 1-ggk
      Tx. Rate of Management Frame (2.4GHz) = 2.0Mbps
      Tx. Rate of Management Frame (5GHz) = 6.0Mbps
      Beacon Interval = 100ms
      SSID = Ruckus-Wireless 1-ggk
      Description = Ruckus-Wireless 1-ggk
      Type = Standard Usage
      Authentication = open
      Encryption = open
      Algorithm = aes
      Passphrase = 88888888
      FT Roaming = Disabled
      802.11k Neighbor report = Disabled
```

```
Web Authentication = Disabled
Authentication Server = Disabled
Called-Station-Id type = wlan-bssid
Tunnel Mode = Disabled
Background Scanning = Enabled
Max. Clients = 100
Isolation per AP = Disabled
Isolation across AP = Disabled
Zero-IT Activation = Enabled
Priority = High
Load Balancing = Enabled
Band Balancing = Enabled
Dynamic PSK = Enabled
Dynamic PSK Passphrase Length = 62
Dynamic PSK Type = friendly
Dynamic PSK Expire Time = one-day
Dynamic PSK Validity Period = first-use
Limit Dynamic PSK = Disabled
Rate Limiting Uplink = Disabled
Rate Limiting Downlink = Disabled
Auto-Proxy configuration:
  Status = Disabled
Inactivity Timeout:
    Status = Enabled
    Timeout = 5 Minutes
VLAN-ID = 1
Dynamic VLAN = Disabled
Closed System = Disabled
Https Redirection = Disabled
OFDM-Only State = Disabled
Multicast Filter State = Disabled
802.11d State = Enabled
Force DHCP State = Disabled
Force DHCP Timeout = 10
DHCP Option82:
    Status = Disabled
    Option82 sub-Option1 = Disabled
    Option82 sub-Option2 = Disabled
    Option82 sub-Option150 = Disabled
    Option82 sub-Option151 = Disabled
Ignore unauthorized client statistic = Disabled
```

```
STA Info Extraction State = Enabled
BSS Minrate = Disabled
Call Admission Control State = Disabled
PMK Cache Timeout= 720 minutes
PMK Cache for Reconnect= Enabled
NAS-ID Type= wlan-bssid
Roaming Acct-Interim-Update= Disabled
PAP Message Authenticator = Enabled
Send EAP-Failure = Disabled
L2/MAC = No ACLS
L3/L4/IP Address = No ACLS
L3/L4/IPv6 Address = No ACLS
Precedence = Default
Proxy ARP = Disabled
Device Policy = No ACLS
Vlan Pool = No Pools
Role based Access Control Policy = Disabled
SmartRoam = Disabled Roam-factor = 1
White List = No ACLS
Application Visibility = enabled
Apply Policy Group = No Denys
Wlan Bind = all
```

ruckus (config) #

## **Show WLAN Group Commands**

Use the following commands to display information about the WLAN groups that exist on the Master.

## show wlan-group all

To display a list of existing WLAN groups, use the following command: show wlan-group all

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
wlan-group	Display information about the specified WLAN group

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show wlan-group all
WLAN Group:
ID:
1:
Name= Default
Description= Default WLANs for Access Points
WLAN Service:
WLAN1:
NAME= Ruckus1
VLAN=
WLAN2:
NAME= Ruckus2
VLAN=
```

ruckus#

## show wlan-group name

To display information about the specified WLAN group name, use the following command:

show wlan-group name <WORD>

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
wlan-group name	Display information about the specified WLAN group name
<word></word>	The name of the WLAN group

### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show wlan-group name Default
WLAN Group:
ID:
1:
Name= Default
Description= Default WLANs for Access Points
WLAN Service:
WLAN1:
NAME= Ruckus1
VLAN=
WLAN2:
NAME= Ruckus2
```

VLAN=

## Show L2 Access Control List Commands

Use the show 12acl commands to display Layer 2 access control list rules that have been added to the controller.

## show I2acl all

To display all Layer 2 access control list (ACL) rules that have been added to the controller and their settings, use the following command:

show 12acl all

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
12acl	Display L2 ACL information
all	All L2 ACL

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus# show 12acl all

L2/MAC ACL:

ID:

1:

Name= System

Description= System

Restriction: Deny only the stations listed below

Stations:

2:

Name= blocked-sta-list

Description=

Restriction: Deny only the stations listed below

Stations:

#### show l2acl name

To display the settings of a specific L2 ACL rule that has been added to the controller, use the following command:

show 12acl name <WORD>

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
12acl	Display L2 ACL information
name	Display information about the specified L2 ACL rule name
<word></word>	Name of the L2 ACL rule

### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus# show 12acl name 1

L2/MAC ACL:

ID:

2:

Name= 1

Description=

Restriction: Deny only the stations listed below

Stations:

MAC Address= 00:33:22:45:34:88

## **Show Whitelist Commands**

Use the show whitelist commands to display client isolation whitelists that have been added to the controller.

#### show whitelist all

To display all whitelists that have been added to the controller and their settings, use the following command:

```
show whitelist all
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
whitelist	Display whitelist information
all	All whitelists

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show whitelist all
White Lists:
   ID:
    1:
       Name= printer whitelist
       Description= printer
    Rules:
       1:
       Description= printer
       MAC = 12:34:56:78:90:00
       IP Address = 192.168.4.10
```

ruckus#

## **Show Whitelist Commands**

Use the show whitelist commands to display client isolation whitelists that have been added to the Master.

#### show whitelist all

To display all whitelists that have been added to the Master and their settings, use the following command:

```
show whitelist all
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
whitelist	Display whitelist information
all	All whitelists

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show whitelist all
White Lists:
   ID:
    1:
       Name= printer whitelist
       Description= printer
    Rules:
       1:
       Description= printer
       MAC = 12:34:56:78:90:00
       IP Address = 192.168.4.10
```

ruckus#

### show whitelist name

To display a specified whitelist that has been added to the Master by name, use the following command:

```
show whitelist name <WORD>
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
whitelist	Display whitelist information
name <word></word>	Specify the name of the whitelist

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show whitelist name "printer whitelist"
White Lists:
   ID:
     1:
       Name= printer whitelist
       Description= printer
       Rules:
       1:
            Description= printer
       MAC = 12:34:56:78:90:00
            IP Address = 192.168.4.10
```

ruckus#

## Show L3 Access Control List Commands

Use the show 13acl commands to display Layer 3 access control list rules that have been added to the Master.

### show I3acl all

To display all Layer 3 access control list (ACL) rules that have been added to the Master and their settings, use the following command:

```
show 13acl all
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information

all

All L3 ACL

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show 13acl all
L3/L4/IP ACL:
ID:
4:
Name= test2
Description= test2
Default Action if no rule is matched= Deny all by default
Rules:
Order= 1
Description=
Type= Allow
Destination Address= Any
Destination Port= 53
Protocol= Any
Order= 2
Description=
Type= Allow
Destination Address= Any
Destination Port= 67
Protocol= Any
Order= 3
Description=
Type= Allow
Destination Address= 8.8.8.8/24
Destination Port= 25
Protocol= 6
```

### show I3acl name

To display the settings of a specific L3 ACL rule that has been added to the Master, use the following command:

```
show 13acl name <WORD>
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
13acl	Display L3 ACL information
name	Display information about the specified L3 ACL rule
<word></word>	Name of the L3 ACL rule

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show 13acl name test2
L3/L4/IP ACL:
ID:
4:
Name= test2
Description= test2
Default Action if no rule is matched= Allow all by default
Rules:
Order= 1
Description=
Type= Allow
Destination Address= Any
Destination Port= 53
Protocol= Any
Order= 2
Description=
Type= Allow
Destination Address= Any
Destination Port= 67
Protocol= Any
Order= 3
Description=
Type= Allow
Destination Address= 8.8.8.8/24
Destination Port= 25
Protocol= 6
```

## **Show Hotspot Commands**

Use the show hotspot commands to display the Master's hotspot configuration settings.

## show hotspot all

To display a list of all hotspot services that have been created on the Master, use the following command:

```
show hotspot all
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
hotspot	Display hotspot information
all	All available hotspots

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show hotspot all
Hotspot:
  ID:
    1:
      Name= Hotspot 1
      WISPr Smart Client Support:
        Status= None
      Login Page Url= http://192.168.1.12/login.htm
     Start Page= redirect to the URL that the user intends
to visit
      Session Timeout:
        Status= Disabled
      Grace Period:
        Status= Disabled
      Intrusion Prevention= Enabled
      Authentication Server= Local Database
      Accounting Server:
        Status= Disabled
      Isolation per AP = Disabled
      Isolation across AP = Disabled
      White List = No ACLS
      Location ID=
```

```
Location Name=
Walled Garden 1= 1.1.1.1
IPv4 Rules:
```

### show hotspot name

To display information about the specific hotspot service, use the following command:

```
show hotspot name <WORD>
```

If the hotspot name includes a space, you must put the name in quotation marks (for example, "hotspot name".

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
hotspot name	Display hotspot information
<word></word>	The name of the hotspot

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show hotspot name "Hotspot 1"
Hotspot:
  ID:
    1:
      Name= Hotspot 1
      WISPr Smart Client Support:
        Status= None
      Login Page Url= http://192.168.1.12/login.htm
     Start Page= redirect to the URL that the user intends to visit
      Session Timeout:
        Status= Disabled
      Grace Period:
        Status= Disabled
      Intrusion Prevention= Enabled
      Authentication Server= Local Database
      Accounting Server:
```

```
Status= Disabled
Isolation per AP = Disabled
Isolation across AP = Disabled
White List = No ACLS
Location ID=
Location Name=
Walled Garden 1= 1.1.1.1
IPv4 Rules:
```

## **Show Guest Policy Commands**

Use the following commands to display guest access services.

## show guest-access-service

To display a list of guest access services or a specific service, use the following command:

```
show quest-access-service [all|name <WORD>]
```

```
ruckus# show guest-access all
Guest Access:
 Name = questpolicy1
  Onboarding Portal:
    Aspect = Guest pass and ZeroIT
  Authentication:
   Mode = Use guest pass authentication
    Multiple users to share a single quest pass = Disallowed
  Title = hello
  Terms of Use:
    Status = Disabled
  Redirection:
    Mode = To the URL that the user intends to visit
  Restricted Subnet Access:
      Rules:
        1:
          Description=
          Type= Deny
          Destination Address= local
```

```
Destination Port= Any
  Protocol= Any
2:
  Description=
  Type= Deny
  Destination Address= 10.0.0.0/8
  Destination Port= Any
  Protocol= Any
3:
  Description=
  Type= Deny
  Destination Address= 172.16.0.0/12
  Destination Port= Any
  Protocol= Any
4:
  Description=
  Type= Deny
  Destination Address= 192.168.0.0/16
  Destination Port= Any
  Protocol= Any
```

## **Show Role Commands**

Use the show role commands to display details about roles that have been created on the Master.

### show role all

To display a list of all roles that have been created on the Master, use the following command:

show role all

## Syntax Description

show Display information

role	Display role information
all	All roles that have been created

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show role all
Role:
   ID:
    1:
      Name= Default
      Description= Allow Access to All WLANs
      Group Attributes=
      Guest Pass Generation= Allowed
      Unleashed Administration:
        Status= Allowed
      Allow Unleashed Administration= Super Admin
      Allow All WLANs:
        Mode= Allow access to all WLANs
      Access Control Policy= Disallowed
```

ruckus#

### show role name

To display information about the specific role, use the following command:

```
show role name <WORD>
```

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
role name	Display role information
<word></word>	The name of the role

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show role name Default
Role:
   ID:
    1:
      Name= Default
      Description= Allow Access to All WLANs
       Group Attributes=
      Guest Pass Generation= Allowed
      Unleashed Administration:
        Status= Allowed
      Allow Unleashed Administration= Super Admin
      Allow All WLANs:
        Mode= Allow access to all WLANs
      Access Control Policy= Disallowed
```

## **Show User Commands**

Use the show user commands to display details about user accounts that exist on the Master.

#### show user all

To display a list of all existing user accounts, use the following command: show user all

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
user	Display user information
all	All existing user accounts

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

ruckus# show user all
User:
ID:
1:
User Name= test22
Full Name= test11
Password= test1234
Role= Default

#### show user name

To display information about the specific user, use the following command: show user name <user name>

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
user name	Display user information
<word></word>	The name of the user

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show user name test22
User:
ID:
1:
User Name= test22
Full Name= test11
Password= test1234
Role= Default
```

## Show Currently Active Clients Commands

Use the show current-active-clients commands to display a list of wireless clients that are associated with the APs that the Master manages.

#### show current-active-clients all

To display a list of all existing user accounts, use the following command: show current-active-clients all

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
current-active- clients	Display currently active wireless clients
all	All active wireless clients

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show current-active-clients all
Mac Address= 84:2e:27:e7:df:53
OS/Type= Android
Host Name= android-66f67a0b340e272d
```

```
User/IP= 172.18.151.10
Role=
Access Point= 6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30
BSSID= 6c:aa:b3:7d:66:38
Connect Since=2017/02/20 07:28:44
Auth Method= OPEN
WLAN= ggk_wlan_ok
VLAN= 1
Channel= 1
Radio= 802.11gn
Signal= 62
Status= Authorized
```

#### show current-active-clients mac

To display information about the specific active client, use the following command: show current-active-clients mac <MAC>

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
current-active- clients	Display currently active wireless clients
mac <mac></mac>	The MAC address of the wireless client

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show current-active-clients mac 6c:62:6d:1b:e3:00
Current Active Clients:
Clients:
Mac Address= 3c:a9:f4:77:4a:f0
OS/Type= Windows 7/Vista
Host Name= sdc-ggk-PC
User/IP= 172.18.151.5
```

```
Role=
Access Point= 6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30

BSSID= 6c:aa:b3:7d:66:3c

Connect Since=2017/02/20 06:10:10

Auth Method= OPEN

WLAN= ggk_wlan_ok

VLAN= 1

Channel= 157

Radio= 802.11an

Signal= 60

Status= Authorized

Received from client= 1473 pkts / 172943 bytes

Transmitted to client= 18590 pkts / 1946685 bytes

Tx. drops due to retry failure= 0 pkts

...

ruckus#
```

## **Show Mesh Commands**

Use the show mesh commands to display the Master's mesh network configuration and topology.

### show mesh info

To display a list of all mesh networks that have been formed, use the following command:

show mesh info

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
mesh	Display mesh network information
info	Show mesh information

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show mesh info

Mesh Settings:

Mesh Status= Enabled

Mesh Name(ESSID)= Mesh-000000000311

Mesh Passphrase= GdxW5CUgrn_SEHOPyCSxv_cQHSca MH-OpnRGfX sRvwXBJL-wUsD6eeK8CMEZfm

Mesh Hop Detection:
Status= Disabled

Mesh Downlinks Detection:
Status= Disabled

Tx. Rate of Management Frame=2Mbps
```

## show mesh topology

Beacon Interval= 200ms

To display the topology of existing mesh networks, use the following command: show mesh topology

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
mesh	Display mesh network information
topology	Show mesh topology

#### Defaults

ruckus#

None.

## Example

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```
ruckus# show mesh topology
Mesh Topology(Mesh-00000000311):
Root Access Points= 00:24:82:3b:14:60
Signal (dB) Downlink=/ Uplink=
Description= 7363 - RAP (Study)
Channel= 153 (11an)
IP Address= 192.168.11.3
Mesh Access Points= 04:4f:ab:0c:b1:00
Signal (dB) Downlink= 28 / Uplink= 30
Description= ggk_unleahsed
Channel= 153
IP Address= 192.168.11.6
```

## **Show Dynamic PSK Commands**

Use the show dynamic-psks commands to display information about Dynamic PSKs that have been generated. Use the following command:

show dynamic-psks

### Syntax Description

show	Display information
dynamic-psks	Display dynamic PSKs that have been generated

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show dynamic-psks
Generated Dynamic PSKs:
DPSK:
User= BatchDPSK User 1
Mac Address= 00:00:00:00:00:00
Created= 2011/03/01 03:30:01
Expired= Unlimited
DPSK:
User= BatchDPSK User 2
Mac Address= 00:00:00:00:00:00
Created= 2011/03/01 03:30:02
Expired= Unlimited
DPSK:
User= DPSK-User-2
Mac Address= 00:11:22:33:44:55
Created= 2011/03/01 03:30:47
Expired= Unlimited
```

## Show Dynamic Certificate Commands

Use the show dynamic-certs commands to display information about Dynamic certificates that have been generated. Use the following command:

show dynamic-certs

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
dynamic-certs	Display dynamic certificates that have been generated

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

ruckus# show dynamic-certs Generated Dynamic Certs:

## **Show Guest Pass Commands**

Use the show guest-passes commands to display information about guest passes that have been generated. Use the following command:

show guest-passes

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
guest-passes	Display guest passes that have been generated

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

Re-auth=

ruckus# show guest-passes
Generated Guest Passes:
ID:
Guest Name= John Doe
Remarks=
Expires= 2017/01/11 08:32:15

Creator= ruckus Sharable= No Wlan= Ruckus-Guest

ruckus#

## Show Events and Activities Commands

Use the show events-activities commands to display information events and network activities that have been recorded by the Master. Use the following command:

show events-activities

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
events- activities	Display a list of events and activities records by the Master

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# show events-activities
ruckus# show events-activities
Last 300 Events/Activities:
Activitiy:
Date/Time= 2017/08/09 08:51:14
Severity= High
User=
Activities= AP[ruckus-ap] Radio [5G] Enabled, time
[Wed Aug 9 08:51:14 2017]
Activitiv:
Date/Time= 2017/08/09 08:51:14
Severity= High
User=
Activities= AP[ruckus-ap] Radio [2.4G] Enabled, time [Wed Aug
9 08:51:13 2017]
Activitiy:
Date/Time= 2017/08/09 08:50:10
```

Severity= Low

## **Show Alarm Commands**

Use the show alarm commands to display alarms that have been generated by the Master. Use the following command:

```
show alarm
```

### Syntax Description

show	Display information
alarm	Display a list of alarms that have been generated by the Master

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show alarm
Last 300 Alarms:
   Alarms:
   Date/Time= 2017/08/09 08:51:14
   Name= AP Radio On
   Severity= High
   Activities= AP[ruckus-ap] Radio [5G] Enabled, time [Wed Aug 9 08:51:14 2017]
...
ruckus#
```

## **Show License Commands**

Use the show license commands to display the Master's license information, including the model number, the maximum number of APs that it can support, and the maximum number of wireless clients that managed APs can support. Use the following command:

show license

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
license	Display the Master's license information

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# show license
License:
   Model= R500
   Max. AP Number= 25
ruckus#
```

## **Show Session-Timeout Commands**

Use the show session-timeout command to display the current session timeout interval.

## show session-timeout

show session-timeout

## Syntax Description

show	Display information
session-timeout	Display the current session timeout interval

### Defaults

None.

## Example

ruckus# show session-timeout
Current session timeout interval is 30 minutes

## Show RADIUS Statistics Commands

Use the following commands to display RADIUS statistics or to reset RADIUS statistics.

#### show radius-statistics

To display a list of RADIUS server statistics, use the following command:

```
show radius-statistics [server-all|server-
name<WORD>]|[wlan-all|wlan-name<NAME>][latest-ten-
min|latest-one-hour|latest-one-day]
```

## Syntax Description

show radius-statistics	Display list of RADIUS server statistics.
server-all	Display statistics for all servers. (Default: recorded from power on.)
server-name <word></word>	Display statistics for the specified server. (Default: recorded from power on.)
wlan-all	Display statistics for all WLANs. (Default: recorded for the last day.)
wlan-name <name></name>	Display statistics for the specified WLAN. (Default: recorded for the last day.)
latest-ten-min	Display statistics for the last 10 minutes.
latest-one-hour	Display statistics for the last hour.
latest-one-day	Display statistics for the last day.

## reset radius-statistics

To reset RADIUS statistics, use the following command:

```
reset radius-statistics [server-all|server-
name<WORD>][master|standby][latest-ten-min|latest-
one- hour|latest-one-day]
```

## Syntax Description

reset radius-statistics Reset RADIUS server statistics.

	Show Edad Balancing Contin
server-all	Reset statistics for all servers to zero. (Default: recorded from power on.)
server-name <word></word>	Reset statistics for the specified server to zero. (Default: recorded from power on.)
wlan-all	Reset statistics for all WLANs. (Default: recorded for the last day.)
wlan-name <name></name>	Reset statistics for the specified WLAN. (Default: recorded for the last day.)

## **Show Load Balancing Commands**

Use the following commands to display AP load balancing information.

#### show load-balance

To display AP load balancing information, use the following command: show load-balance

```
ruckus# show load-balance
*** Show AP load balance
Radio---Enable--Scan--ActThresh---AdjThresh---WeakBypass--
- StrongBypass---NewActTrigger---Headroom
2GHz 0 2000 10 50
                                  33
                                           55
3
           3
5GHz 0 2000 10 43 35
                                           55
           3
----MAC Address----Cli-New-Lim---Allow-----Fallbk----Adjacent 2-
GHz Radios [MacAdrs FwdRssi RevRssi SumRssi]
c4:10:8a:1f:d1:f0 1 0 0 1000000000 0000000000
c0:c5:20:3b:91:f0 2 0 0 100000000 0000000000
----MAC Address----Cli-New-Lim---Allow-----Fallbk----Adjacent 5-
GHz Radios [MacAdrs FwdRssi RevRssi SumRssi]
c4:10:8a:1f:d1:f0 0 0 100000000 000000000
```

# **Configuring Master Settings**

3

#### In this chapter:

- Configuration Commands Overview
- General Config Commands
- Configure Context Show Commands
- Configure AAA Server Commands
- Configure DHCP Server Commands
- Configure Admin Commands
- Configure Access Points Commands
- Configure AP Policy Commands
- Configure AP Group Commands
- Configure System Commands
- Configure WLAN Settings Commands
- Configure User Commands
- Configure Hotspot Commands
- Configure Mesh Commands
- Configure Alarm Commands
- Configure Services Commands
- Configure WIPS Commands
- Configure mDNS (Bonjour) Commands

# Configuration Commands Overview

This section describes the commands that you can use to configure Unleashed via the config context. From the privileged commands context, type **config** to enter the configuration context. To show a list of commands available from within the config context, type **help** or ?.

# **General Config Commands**

The following section describes general configuration commands can be executed from within the config context. To save your configuration changes and exit the config context, use the end or exit command. To discard your changes and exit the config context, use the abort or quit command.

Some sub-contexts within the config context do not allow the use of the abort or quit commands; you must save your changes and exit the sub-context. Many commands offer a corresponding "no" command to undo your configuration changes (for example, use "no wlan" to delete a WLAN).

## help

Shows available commands.

## history

Shows a list of previously run commands.

#### abort

Exits the config context without saving changes. Some contexts do not allow abort, you must save your changes to exit the context (end or exit).

#### end

Saves changes, and then exits the config context.

#### exit

Saves changes, and then exits the config context.

#### quit

Exits the config context without saving changes. Some contexts do not allow quit, you must save your changes to exit the context (end or exit).

# Configure Context Show Commands

Use the following show commands to display configured settings within the config context.

#### show aaa

Displays a list of available AAA servers.

## show dhcp

Displays a list of available DHCP servers.

#### show admin

Displays information about the administrator settings.

## show mgmt-acl

Displays a list of all management access controls.

#### show static-route

Displays a list of all static route entries.

## show ap

Displays a list of all approved devices.

#### show I2acl

Displays a list of L2 Access Control Lists.

#### show I3acl

Displays a list of L3/L4/IP ACL.

#### show whitelist

Displays a list of client isolation white lists.

## show dvcpcy

Displays a list of Device Policies.

## show load-balancing

Displays information about Load balancing.

#### show wlan

Displays a list of all WLAN services (Names).

## show wlan-group

Displays a list of existing WLAN groups.

#### show role

Displays a list of roles.

#### show user

Displays a list of users.

## show hotspot

Displays a list of hotspot entries.

# show guest-access-service

To display a list of guest access services, use the following command:

```
show guest-access-service [all|name<WORD>]
```

## show ap-group

To display all or specified AP groups, use the following command:

```
show ap-group [all|name<WORD>]
```

# show ap-policy

Displays the ap policy settings.

## showmdnsproxyrule

To display Mdnsproxy rules, use the following command:

```
show mdnsproxyrule <ID-From> <ID-to>
```

## show mdnsproxy

To display Mdnsproxy status, use the following command:

```
show mdnsproxy <ID-From> <ID-to>
```

## show bonjour-policy

To display Bonjour policy rules, use the following command:

show bonjour-policy <name>

# Configure AAA Server Commands

This section describes the commands that you can use to configure AAA server entries on the Master. The following commands can be executed from within the config-aaa context. To show a list of commands available from within the context, type help or ?.

#### aaa

Use the following command to configure an AAA server entry and enter the config-aaa context:

aaa <WORD>

abort	Exits the config-aaa context without saving changes.
end	Saves changes, and then exits the config-aaa context.
exit	Saves changes, and then exits the config-aaa context.
quit	Exits the config-aaa context without saving changes.
name <word></word>	Sets the AAA server name.
show	Displays a list of available AAA servers.
type	Sets the type of AAA server.
type ad	Sets the AAA server type to 'Active Directory'.
type radius-auth	Sets the AAA server type to 'RADIUS'.
type radius-acct	Sets the AAA server type to 'RADIUS Accounting.
radius-encryption tls	Sets the AAA server encryption type to TLS'.
auth-method pap	Sets the authentication method to PAP.
auth-method chap	Sets the authentication method to CHAP.
ip-addr <ip-addr></ip-addr>	Sets the AAA server's IP/IPv6 address.
port <port-num></port-num>	Sets the AAA server's port.

no radius-encryption	Disables the AAA server encryption.
no ad-global-catalog	Disables global catalog support.
no encryption-TLS	Disable the TLS Encryption
no backup	Disables the backup function.
ad-global-catalog	Enables global catalog support.
admin-dn <word></word>	Sets the admin domain name.
admin-password <word></word>	Set the admin password.
radius-secret <word< td=""><td>&gt; Sets the AAA server's shared secret.</td></word<>	> Sets the AAA server's shared secret.
encryption-TLS	Enables the TLS Encryption
backup	Enables the backup function.
backup-ip-addr <ip- ADDR&gt;</ip- 	Sets the backup AAA server's IP/IPv6 address.
backup-port <port- NUM&gt;</port- 	Sets the backup AAA server's port.
backup-radius-secret <word></word>	Sets the backup AAA server's shared secret.
request-timeout <number></number>	
retry-count <number></number>	Sets the failover request timeout(2-20 seconds)
consecutive-drop- packet <number></number>	Sets the failover retry count (2~10 times).
reconnect-primary- interval <number></number>	Sets the number of consecutive dropped packet (range:1~10, default is 1).
	Sets the failover re-connect to primary interval (1~86400 minutes).

```
ruckus(config)# aaa radius aaa
The AAA server 'radius aaa' has been created. To save the AAA server,
type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-aaa) # type radius-auth
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-aaa)# ip-addr 172.18.151.3
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus (config-aaa) # port 1812
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-aaa) # radius-secret bbbbb
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus (config-aaa) # auth-method chap
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus (config-aaa) # show
AAA:
  TD:
      Name= radius aaa
      Type= RADIUS server
      Auth Method= chap
      Primary RADIUS:
       IP Address= 172.18.151.3
       Port= 1812
       Secret= ******
      Secondary RADIUS:
       Status= Disabled
       Retry Policy:
     Request Timeout= 3 Seconds
Max. Number of Retries= 2 Times
ruckus(config-aaa)# end
The AAA server ' radius aaa' has been updated and
```

```
saved. Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

# Configure DHCP Server Commands

This section describes the commands that you can use to configure DHCP server entries on the Master. These DHCP server entries are used by the DHCP Relay feature, if enabled for a tunneled WLAN. The following commands can be executed from within the config-dhcp context.

## dhcp

Use the dhop command from within the config context to create or edit a DHCP server entry.

```
dhcp <WORD>
```

#### Syntax Description

dhcp	Configure the DHCP server settings
<word></word>	Name of the DHCP server entry

#### Defaults

none

```
ruckus(config)# dhcp dhcp_server_2
The DHCP server 'dhcp_server_2' has been created. To save the DHCP
server, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-dhcp)# first 192.168.11.99
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-dhcp)# show
DHCP servers for DHCP relay agent:
    ID:
        :
        Name= dhcp_server_2
        Description=
        IP Address= 192.168.11.99
```

```
The DHCP server 'dhcp server 2' has been updated and saved.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config) # show dhcp
DHCP servers for DHCP relay agent:
  ID:
    1:
      Name= DHCP Server 1
      Description=
      IP Address= 192.168.11.1
      TP Address=
    2:
      Name= dhcp server 2
      Description=
      IP Address= 192.168.11.99
      IP Address=
ruckus (config) #
```

# no dhcp

Use the no dhop command to delete a DHCP server entry.

```
no dhcp <WORD>
```

ruckus(config-dhcp)# end

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# no dhcp_dhcp_server_2
The DHCP server 'dhcp_server_2' has been deleted.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### show

Displays a list of available DHCP servers.

show

#### name

Sets the DHCP server name.

```
name <WORD>
```

# description

Sets the DHCP server description.

description <WORD>

#### first

Sets the DHCP server's first IP address.

first <IP-ADDR>

#### second

Sets the DHCP server's second IP address.

second <IP-ADDR>

#### no second

Deletes the DHCP server's second IP address.

no second <IP-ADDR>

# Configure Admin Commands

Use the admin commands to enter the config-admin context to set the admin user name, password and admin authentication server settings.

#### admin

To enter the config-admin context and configure administrator preference, use the following command:

admin

# Example

ruckus(config)# admin
ruckus(config-admin)

#### name

To set the administrator user name, use the following command:

name <WORD>

name	Configure the admin name setting
<word></word>	Set the admin name to this name

#### Defaults

admin

# Example

```
ruckus(config) # admin
ruckus(config-admin) # name admin
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.

ruckus(config-admin) # end
The administrator preferences have been updated.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config) #
```

## name password

To set the admin name and password at the same time, use the following command:
name <WORD> password <WORD>

## Syntax Description

name	Configure the admin name setting
<word></word>	Set the admin name to this name
password	Configure the admin password
<word></word>	Set the admin password to this password

#### Defaults

admin

```
ruckus(config) # admin
ruckus(config-admin) # name admin password admin
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-admin) # end
The administrator preferences have been updated.
```

Your changes have been saved. ruckus(config)#

#### Admin Authentication Commands

Use the auth-server commands to set the administrator authentication options with an external authentication server.

#### auth-server

To enable administrator authentication with a remote server and set the authentication server, use the following command:

auth-server <WORD>

## Syntax Description

auth-server	Admin authentication with an external server
<word></word>	Set the authentication server to this server

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-admin)# auth-server radius
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-admin)#
```

#### no auth-server

To disable administrator authentication with a remote server, use the following command:

no auth-server

# Syntax Description

no auth-server	Disable admin authentication with an external server

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-admin) # no auth-server
The command was executed successfully.
```

#### auth-server with-fallback

To enable fallback authentication (for use when the remote server is unavailable), use the following command:

```
auth-server <WORD> with-fallback
```

# Syntax Description

auth-server	Admin authentication with an external server
<word></word>	Set the auth-server to this server
with-fallback	Enable fallback authentication if the remote authentication server is unavailable

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-admin)# auth-server radius with-fallback
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-admin)# show
Administrator Name/Password:
Name= admin
Password= admin
Authenticate:
Mode= Authenticate with authentication server 'radius'
Fallback= Enabled
ruckus(config-admin)#
```

# Configure Access Points Commands

The following commands can be used from within the config-ap context to configure a specific Access Point.

#### ap

To enter the config-ap context, enter the following command: ap <MAC>

# Syntax Description

ap	Access Point
<mac></mac>	MAC address of the access point for configuration

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# ap 04:4f:aa:0c:b1:00
The AP '04:4f:aa:0c:b1:00' has been loaded. To save the AP,
type 'end' or 'exit' .
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

## no ap

To delete an AP from the list of approved devices, use the following command: no ap <MAC>

## Syntax Description

no ap	Delete Access Point
<mac></mac>	MAC address of the access point

## Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config) # no ap 04:4f:aa:0c:b1:00
The AP '04:4f:aa:0c:b1:00' has been deleted.
ruckus(config) #
```

#### devname

To set the device name, use the following command:

devname <WORD>

## Syntax Description

devname	Device name
<word></word>	Set the device name to this name

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# ap 6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30
The AP '6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30' has been loaded. To save the AP, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)# devname R500-Unleashed
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)# end
The device information has been updated.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### no devname

To delete the device's name, use the following command:

no devname

# bonjour-gateway

To bind a bonjour gateway policy to this AP, use the following command:

```
bonjour-gateway <WORD>
```

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# bonjour-gateway bonjour1
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type  $^{\prime}$ end or  $^{\prime}$ exit.

ruckus (config-ap) #

# no bonjour-gateway

To unbind a bonjour gateway policy, use the following command:

```
no bonjour-gateway
```

## Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# no bonjour-gateway
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

ruckus(config-ap)#

# description

To set the device description, use the following command:

description <WORD>

#### Syntax Description

description	Device description
<word></word>	Set the device description to this text

#### Defaults

None.

ruckus(config-ap-00:13:92:00:33:1C) # description this-is-thedevice-description

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)#

## no description

To delete the device's description, use the following command:

no description

#### gps

To set the device GPS coordinates, use the following command:

gps <GPS-COORDINATE>

#### Syntax Description

gps	Set the device GPS coordinates
<gps- COORDINATE&gt;</gps- 	Enter the device's GPS coordinates for the latitude and longitude. Use a comma (,) to separate the latitude and longitude. The first coordinate is for the latitude. The second coordinate is for the longitude. Ex. A,B or -37,38.

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# gps 37.3,-122
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

#### no gps

To delete the device's GPS coordinates, use the following command:

no gps

#### location

To set the device location, use the following command:

location <WORD>

## Syntax Description

location	Device location
<word></word>	Set the device location to this address

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# location sunnyvale-office
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

#### no location

To delete the device's location, use the following command:

no location

## ip

To set the AP's IPv4 address, use the following command from within the configap context:

ip [enable|disable] addr <IP-ADDR> <NET-MASK> name-server
<DNS-ADDR> mode [dhcp|static|keep]

ip	Set the AP's IPv4 addressing
enable	Enable IPv4 addressing
disable	Disable IPv4 addressing
addr	Set the AP's IPv4 address
<ip-addr></ip-addr>	The IPv4 address

<net-mask></net-mask>	The IPv4 netmask	
name-server	Set the device's DNS servers. Use a space () to separate primary and secondary DNS servers	
<dns-addr></dns-addr>	The IP address of the DNS server	
mode	Set the device's IP addressing mode (DHCP, static or "keep AP's setting")	

#### Defaults

none

## Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# ip mode dhcp
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

## Radio 2.4/5 GHz Commands

Use the radio 2.4 or radio 5 commands to configure the 2.4/5 GHz radio settings independently.

#### radio

Use the radio command from within the config-ap context to configure the 2.4GHz or 5GHz radios independently.

```
radio [2.4|5] <arguments>
```

2.4	Configure the 2.4 GHz radio	
5	Configure the 5 GHz radio	
channelization [auto  <number>]</number>	admission-control <value></value>	
channel [auto  <number>]</number>	spectralink- compatibility [enable disable]	
tx-power [auto full min num <1- 10>]		

Set channel width	channel
to 20 MHz, 40	Set transmit power to auto, full, min, or a number (-1dB~-10dB)
MHz or Auto Set	
channel to Auto or	Set the radio to use the specified call admission control airtime usage limit (%)
manually set	Enable SpectraLink Compatibility on the specified radio (set DTIM=2, minrate=5.5Mbps and enable RTS-CTS protection mode)

channel-range <number-list></number-list>	Set the allowed list of channels for the specified radio
wlan-group <word></word>	Set the AP radio as a member of a WLAN group
wlan-service [enable disable]	Enable WLAN service on this radio
wlan-service-override	Enable the override of the WLAN service settings for this radio
extant-gain <number></number>	Set external antenna gain (on APs that support external
	antennas) (dBi)

#### Defaults

channelization: Auto

channel: Auto

wlan-group: Default wlan-service: Enabled

wlan-service-override: Disabled

tx-power: Auto

admission-control: Disabled

spectralink-compatibility: Disabled

## Example

```
ruckus(config-ap) # radio 2.4 channelization auto
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap) # radio 2.4 channel auto
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap) # radio 2.4 wlan-group Default
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap) # radio 2.4 wlan-service
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)# radio 2.4 tx-power auto
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)# end
The device information has been updated.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus (config) #
```

#### no radio

Use the no radio 2.4 or no radio 5 commands from within the config-ap context to disable AP group overrides for the 2.4GHz or 5GHz radio settings.

```
no radio [2.4|5] <arguments>
```

no radio	Disable override of 2.4/5GHz radio settings	
2.4	Disable 2.4GHz radio override settings	
5	Disable 5GHz radio override settings	
wlan-service	Disable override of WLAN service settings	
channel-range-override	Disables override of channel range settings	
channel-override	Disables override of channel settings	
channelization-override	Disables override of 5GHz channelization settings	
tx-power-override	Disables override of Tx power	
wlan-group-override	Disables override of WLAN group settings	
admission-control	Disables call admission control on the radio	
admission-control- override	Disables override of call admission control settings	
spectralink- compatibility-override	Disables the override of the SpectraLink Compatibility settings	
wlan-service	Disables WLAN service for the radio	
wlan-service-override	Disables the override of the WLAN service settings for this radio.	
channel-range-override	Disables override of channel range settings	

# Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# no radio 2.4 tx-power-override
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

#### mesh mode

Use the mesh mode command from within the config-ap context to configure the AP's mesh mode settings.

mesh mode [auto|root-ap|mesh-ap|disable]

## Syntax Description

mesh mode	Configure the AP's mesh mode
auto	Set mesh mode to Auto
root-ap	Configure AP as a Root AP
mesh-ap	Configure AP as a Mesh AP
disable	Disable mesh

#### Defaults

Auto.

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# mesh mode auto
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

## mesh uplink-selection

Use the mesh uplink-selection command from within the config-ap context to configure the AP's mesh uplink selection settings.

mesh uplink-selection [auto|manual] <add-mac>|<del-mac>
<MAC>

# Syntax Description

mesh uplink- selection	Configure the AP's mesh uplink selection mode
auto	Set mesh uplink selection to Auto
manual	Set mesh uplink selection to manual
add-mac	Add a manual uplink selection AP
del-mac	Delete a manual uplink selection AP
<mac></mac>	The MAC address of the uplink AP

#### Defaults

Auto.

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-ap) # mesh uplink-selection manual add-mac
00:24:82:3f:14:60
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

# Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# mesh uplink-selection auto
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

## status-leds

To enable or disable the AP's status LEDs, use the following command: status-leds [enable|disable]

#### Defaults

Enabled.

# Syntax Description

status-leds	Configure status LEDs
enable	Override group config, enable status LEDs
disable	Override group config, disable status LEDs

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# status-leds disable
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

#### no status-leds-override

To disable override of status LEDs for this AP, use the following command:

```
no status-leds-override
```

#### usb-port

To disable the override the group configuration and enable/disable the USB port for this AP, use the following command:

```
usb-port [enable|disable]
```

## no usb-port-override

To disable the override of the USB port for the specified AP model, use the following command:

```
no usb-port-override
```

## poe-out

To enable or disable the AP's PoE Out port, use the following command:

```
poe-out [enable|disable]
```

#### Defaults

Disabled.

poe-out	Configure PoE Out port	
---------	------------------------	--

enable	Override group config, enable PoE Out port
disable	Override group config, disable PoE Out port

# Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# poe-out enable
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

# no poe-out-override

To disable override of the PoE out port settings, use the following command:

```
no poe-out-override
```

#### external-antenna

To configure the AP's external antenna settings, use the following command: external-antenna [2.4G|5G] [enable|disable] [gain <NUMBER>] cable-loss <NUMBER> [2-antennas|3-antennas]

# Syntax Description

2.4G	Configure external 2.4GHz antenna
5G	Configure external 5GHz antenna
enable disable	Enable/disable external antenna
gain	Set external antenna gain for 2.4/5GHz radio
cable-loss < NUMBER>	Enter the external antenna loss (0-90 dB)
2-antennas	Select two external antennas for the specified radio
3-antennas	Select three external antennas for the specified radio

## Defaults

Varies by AP model.

#### no external-antenna-override

To disable the external antenna override settings, use the following command:

```
no external-antenna-override
```

# spectra-analysis 2.4GHz

To enable or disable the spectrum analysis feature for this radio, use the following command:

```
spectra-analysis 2.4GHz [enable|disable]
```

# spectra-analysis 5GHz

To enable or disable the spectrum analysis feature for this radio, use the following command:

```
spectra-analysis 5GHz [enable|disable]
```

#### internal-heater

To enable or disable the AP's internal heater, use the following command:

```
internal-heater [enable|disable]
```

#### Defaults

Disabled.

#### Syntax Description

internal-heater	Configure internal heater
enable	Override group config, enable internal heater
disable	Override group config, disable internal heater

## Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# internal-heater enable
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

# no internal-heater-override

To disable override of the internal heater for this AP, use the following command:

```
no internal-heater-override
```

#### cband-channels

To enable or disable the 5.8 GHz C-band channels, use the following command: cband-channels [enable|disable]

#### Defaults

Disabled.

## Syntax Description

cband-channels	Configure C-band channels
enable	Override group config, enable C-band channels
disable	Override group config, disable C-band channels

## Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# cband-channels enable
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

#### no chand-channels-override

To disable override of the 5.8 GHz channels, use the following command:

```
no cband-channels-override
```

#### usb-software

To set the AP USB software package vendor ID (VID) and product ID (PID), and version, use the following command:

```
usb-software <VID-PID-VERSION>
```

#### no usb-software

To delete a USB software package from the list of USB software packages, use the following command:

```
no usb-software
```

#### radio-band

To set the radio band of the AP, use the following command:

```
radio-band <WORD>
```

This command is available only on APs that support band switching between 2.4GHz and 5GHz radio band modes.

# Syntax Description

radio-band	Configure radio band mode
<word></word>	Set to 2.4 or 5 GHz radio mode

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# radio-band 5
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

#### no radio-band-override

To disable the AP radio band override, use the following command:

```
no radio-band-override
```

#### venue-name

To set the venue name of the AP, use the following command:

```
venue-name [language] <WORD>
```

## Syntax Description

venue-name	Set the venue name for the AP
[language]	Set the language of the venue name. Valid languages are: English, Chinese, Czech, Danish, Dutch, French, German, Japanese, Spanish, Swedish, Turkish)
<word></word>	Set the venue name to the name specified

```
ruckus(config-ap)# venue-name english venue1
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

#### no venue-name

To remove a venue name entry, use the following command:

```
no venue-name [language]
```

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# no venue-name english
The entry 'English' has been removed. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

# lldp

To enable, disable or configure the AP's Link Layer Discover Protocol settings, use the following Ildp commands from within the config-ap context.

## Syntax Description

lldp	Configure LLDP settings.
enable	Enable LLDP with current settings.
disable	Disable LLDP with current settings.
interval <number></number>	Set packet transmit interval in second(s).
holdtime <number></number>	Set amount of time receiving device should retain the information.
ifname eth < NUMBER>	Enter the AP port number.
mgmt enable	Enable LLDP management IP address of the AP.
mgmt disable	Disable LLDP management IP address of the AP.
·	

## Example

ruckus(config-ap)# lldp enable

```
ruckus (config-ap) #
```

## no Ildp-override

To disable the AP's LLDP override settings (use parent settings), use the following command:

```
no lldp-override
```

## Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# no lldp-override
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

#### power-mode

To set the PoE mode of the AP, use the following command:

```
power-mode <WORD>
```

# Syntax Description

power-mode	Set the PoE power mode.
auto	Set the PoE power mode to auto.
802.3af	Set the PoE power mode to 802.3af.
802.3at	Set the PoE power mode to 802.3at.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# power-mode 802.3af
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

## no power-mode-override

To disable the override of the PoE mode, use the following command:

```
no power-mode-override
```

#### 802.3af-txchain

To set the number of 2.4 GHz radio transmit chains in 802.3af PoE power mode, use the following command:

```
802.3af-txchain <WORD>
```

## Syntax Description

802.3af-txchain	Set the number of 2.4 GHz radio transmit chains in 802.3af power mode.
1	Set the number of tx chains to 1.
2	Set the number of tx chains to 2.
4	Set the number of tx chains to 4.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# 802.3af-txchain 2
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

#### no 802.3af-txchain-override

To disable the override of the 2.4GHz radio transmit chains in 802.3af PoE mode, use the following command:

```
no 802.3af-txchain-override
```

## Example

```
ruckus(config-ap)# no 802.3af-txchain-override
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

#### show

To display the AP's current configuration settings, use the following command:

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# ap 6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30

The AP ' 6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30' has been loaded. To save the AP, type 'end' or 'exit'. ruckus(config-ap)# show

AP:
ID: 1
```

MAC Address= 6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30

```
Model= r500
 Approved= Yes
 Device Name= R500-Unleashed
 Device Role= Member
 Description= ggk unleahsed
 Location= un
 GPS=
 CERT = Normal
 Bonjour-policy=
 Group Name= System Default
 Channel Range:
     A/N=
36, 40, 44, 48, 149, 153, 157, 161
(Disallowed= )
     B/G/N=
1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11
(Disallowed= )
   Radio a/n:
      Channelization= Auto
      Channel= Auto
      WLAN Services enabled= Yes
      Tx. Power= Auto
      WLAN Group Name= Default
      Call Admission Control=
OFF
      SpectraLink Compatibility=
Disabled
 Radio b/g/n:
      Channelization = Auto
```

```
Channel= Auto
      WLAN Services enabled= Yes
      Tx. Power= Auto
      WLAN Group Name= Default
      Call Admission Control=
OFF
      SpectraLink Compatibility=
Disabled
 Override global ap-model port
configuration= No
Network Setting:
      Protocol mode= IPv4-Only
      Device IP Settings= Manual
      IP Address= 172.18.151.1
      Netmask= 255.255.255.0
      Gateway=
      Primary DNS Server=
172.18.100.35
      Secondary DNS Server=
172.18.100.45
Mesh:
      Status= Enabled
      Mode= Auto
      max hops= unlimited
Uplink:
      Status= Smart
LLDP:
      Status = Enabled
      Interval = 30
```

```
HoldTime = 120
      Mgmt = Enabled
      Ports:
        Send out LLDP packet on
eth0 = Enabled
          Send out LLDP packet
on eth1 = Enabled
Venue Name List:
LAN Port:
     0:
        Interface= eth0
        Dot1x= None
        LogicalLink= Up
        PhysicalLink= Up
1000Mbps full
        Label= 10/100/1000 PoE
T.AN1
     1:
        Interface= eth1
        Dot1x= None
        LogicalLink= Down
        PhysicalLink= Down
        Label= 10/100/1000 LAN2
ruckus(config-ap)#
```

# Configure AP Group Commands

This section describes the commands that you can configure the default AP groups on the Master. The following commands can be executed from within the configapgrp context. To show a list of commands available from within the context, type help or ?.

#### ap-group

To configure an default AP group and enter the config-apgrp context, for Unleashed product, only "System Default" is supported, enter the following command:

ap-group <System Default>

## Syntax Description

ap-group	Configure an AP group
<word></word>	Name of the AP group

#### Defaults

"System Default"

#### Example

```
ruckus(config)# ap-group "System Default"
The AP group entry 'System Default' has been loaded. To save the
AP group, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-apgrp)#
```

#### exit

Saves changes, and then exits the config-ap-group context.

#### abort

Exits the config-ap-group context without saving changes.

#### quit

Exits the config-ap-group context without saving changes.

#### show

Configure AP Group Commands

To display current AP group configuration settings, use the following command from within the config-ap-group context:

show

#### Defaults

None

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# ap-group System default
The AP group entry 'System Default' has been loaded. To save the
AP group, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-apgrp)# show
APGROUP:
ID:
Name= System Default
 Description= System default group for Access Points
Radio 11bgn:
 Channelization= Auto
 Channel= Auto
Enable auto channel selection which select from 1,6,11= Yes
 Tx. Power= Auto
11N only Mode= Auto
WLAN Group= Default
Radio 11an:
Channelization= Auto
Channel= Auto
 Tx. Power= Auto
11N only Mode= Auto
WLAN Group= Default
Members:
    MAC= 04:4f:aa:0c:b1:00
    MAC= 00:24:82:3f:14:60
    MAC= 74:91:1a:2b:ff:a0
ruckus (config-apgrp) #
exit
```

## description

To set the AP group description, use the following command:

```
description <WORD>
```

## no description

To delete the AP group description, use the following command:

no description

## Radio 2.4/5 GHz Commands

Use the radio  $2.4\,\mathrm{or\,radio}$  5 commands to configure the  $2.4/5\,\mathrm{GHz}$  radios on all APs within an AP group.

#### radio

To configure radio settings for the 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz radios of an AP group, use the following command:

radio [2.4|5] <arguments>

## Syntax Description

radio	Configure AP group radio settings
2.4	Configure 2.4 GHz radio
5	Configure 5 GHz radio
no	Disables settings for the specified radios in the AP group
channel S	et radio channel (Auto or number) channelization
S	et radio channel width (Auto, 20MHz or 40MHz)
auto-channel-selection [four-channel three- channel]	Set auto channel selection to four-channel (1,5,9,13) or three-channel (1,6,11)
tx-power	Set radio transmit power (Auto, Full, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, Min) or <number> (-1dB~-10dB)</number>
11n-only	Set radio 11n-only mode to Auto or N-only
spectralink- compatibility	Enable SpectraLink Compatibility settings on the radio (sets DTIM=2, minrate=5.5Mbps and enable RTS-CTS protection mode)

#### Defaults

Channel: Auto

Channelization: Auto

Auto-Channel Selection: Three-channel

TX Power: Auto 11n-only: Auto

WLAN group: Default Admission Control: Off

SpecraLink Compatibility: Off

WLAN Service: Enabled

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# ap-group "System Default"
The AP group entry 'System Default' has been loaded. To save the
AP group, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-apgrp) # radio 2.4 channel auto
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-apgrp)# radio 5 channelization auto
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus (config-apgrp) # radio 5 11n-only N-only
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-apgrp)# radio 5 wlan-group Default
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-apgrp) # radio 2.4 tx-power Num 1
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-apgrp)# end
The AP group 'System Default' has been updated.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus (config) #
```

#### radio 2.4 channel auto

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use 'Auto' channel.

#### radio 2.4 channel number < NUMBER>

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use the specified channel.

#### radio 2.4 channelization auto

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use 'Auto' channelization.

#### radio 2.4 channelization number < NUMBER >

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use the specified channelization.

#### radio 2.4 auto-channel-selection four-channel

Enables the auto channel selection which always select from 1,5,9,13.

#### radio 2.4 auto-channel-selection three-channel

Enables the auto channel selection which always select from 1,6,11.

## radio 2.4 tx-power Auto

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use 'Auto' Tx. power setting.

## radio 2.4 tx-power Full

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use the specified Tx. power setting.

#### radio 2.4 tx-power 1/2

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use the specified Tx. power setting.

## radio 2.4 tx-power 1/4

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use the specified Tx. power setting.

## radio 2.4 tx-power 1/8

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use the specified Tx. power setting.

## radio 2.4 tx-power Min

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use the specified Tx. power setting.

## radio 2.4 tx-power Num

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use the specified Tx by number from 1-10 (-1dB  $\sim$  -10dB).

## radio 2.4 11n-only Auto

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use 'Auto' 11N only mode.

## radio 2.4 11n-only N-only

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use the specified 11N only mode.

## radio 2.4 wlan-group <WORD>

Assigns the 2.4GHz radio to the specified WLAN group.

#### radio 2.4 admission-control < VALUE >

Sets the 2.4GHz radio to use the specific call admission control airtime usage limit(%).

## radio 2.4 spectralink-compatibility [enable | disable]

Enables the SpectraLink Compatibility on 2.4GHz radio (will set DTIM=2, minrate=5.5Mbps and enable RTS-CTS protection mode).

## radio 2.4 wlan-service [enable | disable]

Enables or disables the WLAN service on the 2.4GHz radio.

## radio 2.4 channel-range < NUMBER-LIST>

Sets the allowed list of channels used in 2.4GHz radio.

#### radio 5 indoor channel auto

Sets the 5GHz radio (indoor) to use 'Auto' channel.

## radio 5 indoor channel number < NUMBER>

Sets the 5GHz radio (indoor) to use the specified channel.

## radio 5 indoor channel-range < NUMBER-LIST>

Sets the allowed list of indoor channels used in 5GHz radio.

#### radio 5 outdoor channel auto

Sets the 5GHz radio (outdoor) to use 'Auto' channel.

## radio 5 outdoor channel number < NUMBER>

Sets the 5GHz radio (outdoor) to use the specified channel.

## radio 5 outdoor channel-range < NUMBER-LIST>

Sets the allowed list of outdoor channels used in 5GHz radio.

#### radio 5 channel auto

Sets the 5GHz radio to use 'Auto' channel.

#### radio 5 channel number < NUMBER>

Sets the 5GHz radio to use the specified channel.

#### radio 5 channelization auto

Sets the 5GHz radio to use 'Auto' channelization.

#### radio 5 channelization number < NUMBER>

Sets the 5GHz radio to use the specified channelization.

## radio 5 tx-power Auto

Sets the 5GHz radio to use 'Auto' Tx. power setting.

## radio 5 tx-power Full

Sets the 5GHz radio to use the specified Tx. power setting.

## radio 5 tx-power 1/2

Sets the 5GHz radio to use the specified Tx. power setting.

## radio 5 tx-power 1/4

Sets the 5GHz radio to use the specified Tx. power setting.

#### radio 5 tx-power 1/8

Sets the 5GHz radio to use the specified Tx. power setting.

#### radio 5 tx-power Min

Sets the 5GHz radio to use the specified Tx. power setting.

## radio 5 tx-power Num

Sets the 5GHz radio to use the specified Tx by number from 1-10 (-1dB  $\sim$  -10dB).

## radio 5 11n-only Auto

Sets the 5GHz radio to use 'Auto' 11N only mode.

## radio 5 11n-only N-only

Sets the 5GHz radio to use the specified 11N only mode.

## radio 5 wlan-group <WORD>

Assigns the 5GHz radio to the specified WLAN group.

#### radio 5 admission-control < VALUE>

Sets the 5GHz radio to use the specific call admission control airtime usage limit(%).

## radio 5 spectralink-compatibility [enable | disable]

Enables the SpectraLink Compatibility on 5GHz radio (will set DTIM=2, minrate=5.5Mbps and enable RTS-CTS protection mode).

## radio 5 wlan-service [enable | disable]

Enables or disables the WLAN service on the 5GHz radio.

#### no radio 2.4 channelization-override

Disables the override of the 2.4GHz channelization settings.

## no radio 2.4 channel-range-override

Disables the override of the 2.4GHz channel range settings.

## no radio 2.4 channel-override

Disables the override of the 2.4GHz channel settings.

## no radio 2.4 tx-power-override

Disables the override of the 2.4GHz Tx. power settings.

## no radio 2.4 11n-only-override

Disables the override of the 2.4GHz 11N only mode settings.

## no radio 2.4 wlan-group-override

Disables the override of the 2.4GHz WLAN group settings.

## no radio 2.4 admission-control

Disables call admission control function on the 2.4GHz radio.

#### no radio 2.4 admission-control-override

Disables the override of the 2.4GHz call admission control settings.

## no radio 2.4 spectralink-compatibility-override

Disables the override of the 2.4GHz SpectraLink Compatibility settings.

#### no radio 2.4 wlan-service-override

Disables the override of the 2.4GHz WLAN service settings.

## no radio 5 indoor channel-range-override

Disables the override of the 5GHz indoor channel range settings.

#### no radio 5 indoor channel-override

Disables the override of the 5GHz indoor channel settings.

## no radio 5 outdoor channel-range-override

Disables the override of the 5GHz outdoor channel range settings.

#### no radio 5 outdoor channel-override

Disables the override of the 5GHz outdoor channel settings.

#### no radio 5 channelization-override

Disables the override of the 5GHz channelization settings.

## no radio 5 tx-power-override

Disables the override of the 5GHz Tx. power settings.

## no radio 5 11n-only-override

Disables the override of the 5GHz 11N only mode settings.

## no radio 5 wlan-group-override

Disables the override of the 5GHz WLAN group settings.

## no radio 5 admission-control

Disables call admission control function on the 5GHz radio.

## no radio 5 admission-control-override

Disables the override of the 5GHz call admission control settings.

## no radio 5 spectralink-compatibility-override

Disables the override of the 5GHz SpectraLink Compatibility settings.

#### no radio 5 wlan-service-override

Disables the override of the 5GHz WLAN service settings.

## Model-Specific Commands

The following commands are used to configure model-specific settings for all APs of a certain model within an AP group.

#### model

To configure model-specific settings for all APs of a certain model within an AP group, use the following command:

model <WORD> <arguments>

## Syntax Description

model	Configure AP group model-specific settings
<word></word>	Enter the AP model name (e.g., R500, R510, R610, R710, T300, etc.)
status-leds	Configures the status LEDs for the specified AP model (enable, disable).
max-clients <number></number>	Sets the maximum clients for the AP

#### Defaults

Status LEDs: Enabled PoE Out: Disabled

Internal Heater: Disabled C-band channels: Disabled

USB Ports: Enabled Power Mode: Default

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-apgrp)# model r500 status-leds enable
ruckus(config-apgrp)# end
The AP group 'System Default' has been updated.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

# Configure Hotspot Redirect Settings

To configure Hotspot redirect settings, use the following command:

## hotspot\_redirect\_https

To enable Hotspot redirect, use the following command:

```
hotspot redirect https
```

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config) # hotspot_redirect_https
/bin/hotspot_redirect_https enable
ruckus(config) #
```

## no hotspot\_redirect\_https

To disable Hotspot redirect, use the following command:

```
no hotspot_redirect_https
```

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# no hotspot_redirect_https
/bin/hotspot_redirect_https disable
ruckus(config)#
```

#### no blocked-client

To remove a blocked client from the blocked clients list, use the following command: no blocked-client <MAC>

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config) # no blocked-client dc:2b:61:13:f7:72
The L2 ACL 'dc:2b:61:13:f7:72' has been deleted.
ruckus(config) #
```

# ConfigureLayer2AccessControl Commands

Use the layer2 access control commands to configure the Layer 2 Access Control List settings. To run these commands, you must first enter the configuration context.

#### acl

To create a new L2 ACL entry or update an existing entry, use the following command:

acl <WORD>

## Syntax Description

acl	Create a new ACL
<word></word>	Assign this name to the new ACL

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config)# 12acl 12acl1
The L2 ACL entry 'l2acl1' has been created.
ruckus(config-12acl)#
```

#### no acl

To delete an L2 ACL, use the following command:

no acl <WORD>

## Syntax Description

no acl	Delete an existing ACL
<word></word>	Delete this ACL

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# no 12acl 12acl1
The L2 ACL 'l2acl1' has been deleted.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### abort

To exit the config-12acl context without saving changes, use the following command:

abort

## Syntax Description

abort	Exit the config-12acl context without saving changes
-------	--

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-12acl)# abort
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### end

To save changes, and then exit the config-l2acl context, use the following command:

end

## Syntax Description

end

Save changes and exit the config-12acl context

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-12acl)# end
The L2 ACL entry has saved successfully.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### exit

To save changes, and then exit the <code>config-l2acl</code> context, use the following command:

exit

## Syntax Description

exit

Save changes and exit the config-l2acl context

## Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-12acl)# exit
The L2 ACL entry has saved successfully.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

## quit

To exit the config-12acl context without saving changes, use the following command:

quit

## Syntax Description

quit

Exit the config-12acl context without saving changes

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-12acl)# quit
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### show

To displays the L2 ACL settings, use the show command. You must run this command from within the config-12acl context.

show

## Syntax Description

show

Display the Layer 2 access control list settings

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-l2acl)# show
L2/MAC ACL:
   ID:
     :
     Name= l2acl1
     Description=
```

```
Restriction= Deny only the stations listed below Stations:

MAC Address= 00:11:22:33:44:55
ruckus(config-12acl)#
```

#### name

To rename an L2 ACL entry, use the following command:

```
name <WORD>
```

## Syntax Description

name	Sets the L2 ACL entry name.
<word></word>	Rename the ACL to this name.

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# 12acl 12acl1
The L2 ACL entry 'l2acl1' has been created.
ruckus(config-l2acl)# name L2-ACL-1
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-l2acl)#
```

## description

To set the description of an L2 ACL entry, use the following command (multiple word text must be enclosed in quotation marks):

```
description <WORD>
```

## Syntax Description

description <word></word>	Set the L2 ACL description.

#### Example

```
ruckus(config)# 12acl 12acl1
The L2 ACL entry 'l2acl1' has been created.
ruckus(config-l2acl)# description "L2 ACL 1"
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-l2acl)#
```

#### add-mac

To add a MAC address to the L2 ACL, use the following command:

```
add-mac <MAC>
```

## Syntax Description

add mac	Add a MAC address to the ACL
<mac></mac>	Add this MAC address

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-12acl)# add-mac 00:11:22:33:44:55
The station '00:11:22:33:44:55' has been added to the ACL.
ruckus(config-12acl)#
```

#### mode allow

To set the ACL mode to 'allow', use the following command:

mode allow

## Syntax Description

mode allow	Set the ACL mode to allow

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-12acl)# mode allow
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-12acl)#
```

## mode deny

To set the ACL mode to 'deny', use the following command: mode deny

## Syntax Description

mede deny	mode deny	Set the ACL mode to deny	
-----------	-----------	--------------------------	--

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-12acl)# mode deny
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-12acl)#
```

#### del-mac

To delete a MAC address from an L2 ACL, use the following command:

```
del-mac <MAC>
```

## Syntax Description

del-mac	Delete a MAC address from the ACL
<mac></mac>	Delete this <mac></mac>

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-12-acl)# del-mac 00:01:02:34:44:55
The station '00:01:02:34:44:55' has been removed from the ACL.
ruckus(config-12-acl)# del-mac 00:01:02:34:44:55
The station '00:01:02:34:44:55' could not be found. Please check
the spelling, and then try again.
```

# ConfigureLayer3AccessControlCommands

Use the 13acl commands to configure the Layer 3 Access Control List settings. To run these commands, you must first enter the <code>config-13acl</code> or <code>config-13acl-ipv6</code> context.

#### 13acl

To enter the config-13acl context, run this command:

13acl <WORD>

## Syntax Description

  3acl	Create or configure a Layer 3 Access Control List
<word></word>	Name of the L3 ACL

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# 13acl "ACL 1"
The L3/L4/IP ACL entry 'ACL 1' has been created.
ruckus(config-13acl)#
```

#### no I3acl

To delete an L3/L4 ACL entry, use the following command:

no 13acl <WORD>

## Syntax Description

no l3acl	Delete a Layer 3 ACL
<word></word>	Name of the L3 ACL

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# no 13acl "ACL test"
The L3/L4/IP ACL 'ACL test' has been deleted.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### abort

To exit the config-13acl context without saving changes, use the following command:

abort

## Syntax Description

abort	Exit the context without saving changes

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-13acl)# abort
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### end

To save changes, and then exit the config-l3acl context, use the following command:

end

## Syntax Description

Save changes and exit the context

#### Defaults

None.

end

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-13acl)# end
The L3/L4/IP ACL entry has saved successfully.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### exit

To save changes, and then exit the config-13acl context, use the following command:

exit.

## Syntax Description

exit

Save changes and exit the context

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# config-13acl
ruckus(config-13acl)# exit
Your changes have been saved.
```

## quit

To exit the config-13acl context without saving changes, use the following command:

quit

## Syntax Description

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-13acl)# quit
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### show

To display the L3ACL settings, use the show command. You must run this command from within the config-13acl context.

show

#### Syntax Description

show

Display the Layer 3 access control list settings

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-l3acl)# show
L3/L4/IP ACL:
ID:
3:
Name= test_newname
Description= justfortestCLI
Default Action if no rule is matched= Deny all by default
Rules:
Order= 1
Description=
Type= Allow
Destination Address= Any
Destination Port= 53
Protocol= Any
Order= 2
```

Description=
Type= Allow
Destination Address= Any
Destination Port= 67
Protocol= Any

#### name

To set the name of anL3/L4/IP ACL entry, use the following command:

name <WORD>

## Syntax Description

name	Set the name of anL3/L4/IP ACL entry
<word></word>	Name of the L3/L4/IP ACL entry

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

ruckus(config-13acl)# name test\_newname

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

## description

To set the description of an L3/L4/IPACL entry, use the following command (multiple word text must be enclosed in quotes):

description <WORD>

## Syntax Description

description	Set the L3/L4/IP ACL entry description
<word></word>	Set to this description

#### Defaults

None.

Configure System Commands

ruckus(config-13acl)# description justfortestCLI

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### mode allow

To set the ACL mode to 'allow', use the following command:

mode allow

## Syntax Description

mode	Set the ACL mode
allow	Set the mode to 'allow'

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

ruckus(config-13acl)# mode allow

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

## mode deny

To set the ACL mode to 'deny', use the following command:

mode deny

#### Syntax Description

mode	Set the ACL mode
deny	Set the mode to 'deny'

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

ruckus(config-13acl)# mode deny

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### no rule-order

To delete a rule from the L3/L4/IP ACL, use the following command:

no rule-order <NUMBER>

## Syntax Description

no rule-order	Delete a rule from the L3/L4/IP ACL
<number></number>	Delete this rule ID

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-13acl)# no rule-order 3
The rule '3' has been removed from the ACL.
```

#### rule-order

To create or modify a rule in the L3/L4/IP ACL, use the following command:

rule-order <NUMBER>

## Syntax Description

rule-order	Create a new rule or modify an existing one
<number></number>	Create or modify this rule ID

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

For example, to set the current rule as the third ACL rule to apply, use the following command:

```
ruckus(config-13acl)# rule-order 3
ruckus(config-13acl-rule)#
```

## Layer 3 Access Control Rule Commands

Use the 13acl-rule commands to configure the Layer 3/Layer 4/IP Access Control List rules. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-13acl-rule context. To enter the config-13acl-rule context, run this command:

```
rule-order <NUMBER>
```

#### end

To save changes, and then exit the config-l3acl-rule context, use the following command:

end

#### exit

To save changes, and then exit the config-13acl-rule context, use the following command:

exit

#### order

To set the L3/L4/IP ACL rule order, use the following command: order < NUMBER>

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-13acl-rule)# order 1
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-13acl-rule)#
```

## description

To set the description of an L3/L4/IP ACL rule, use the following command (multiple word text must be enclosed in quotes):

```
description <WORD>
```

## Syntax Description

description	Set the L3/L4/IP ACL rule description
<word></word>	Set to this description

#### Example

ruckus(config-13acl-rule)# description thirdl3rule

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

## type allow

To set the ACL rule type to 'allow', use the following command:

type allow

## Syntax Description

type	Set the ACL rule type
allow	Set the rule type to 'allow'

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

ruckus(config-13acl-rule)# type allow

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

## type deny

To set the ACL rule type to 'deny', use the following command:

type deny

## Syntax Description

type	Set the ACL rule type
deny	Set the rule type to 'deny'

#### Defaults

None.

ruckus(config-13acl-rule)# type deny

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### destination address

To set the destination address of the rule, use the following command: destination address <IP-ADDR/WORD>

#### Syntax Description

destination address	Set the destination address of the rule
IP-ADDR/WORD	Set the destination to this IP address

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

ruckus(config-13acl-rule)# destination address 192.168.1.22

The destination IP address is invalid. Please enter 'Any' or check the IP address (for example:192.168.0.1/24), and then please try again.

ruckus(config-13acl-rule)# **destination address 192.168.1.22/24**The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

## destination port

To set the destination port of the rule, use the following command:

destination port <NUMBER/WORD>

#### Syntax Description

destination port	Set the destination port of the rule
<number word=""></number>	Set the destination to this port number

#### Defaults

None.

Configure System Commands

```
ruckus(config-13acl-rule)# destination port 580
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type  $'\!$ end $'\!$  or  $'\!$ exit $'\!$ .

#### protocol

To set the protocol for the rule, use the following command:

```
protocol <NUMBER/WORD>
```

## Syntax Description

protocol	Set the protocol for the rule
<number word=""></number>	Set to this protocol

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-13acl-rule)# protocol tcp
The protocol must be a number between 0 and 254.
ruckus(config-13acl-rule)# protocol Any
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### show

To display L3/L4/IP ACL settings, use the following command: show

```
ruckus(config-13acl)# show
L3/L4/IP ACL:
    ID:
        :
        Name= 13acl1
        Description=
        Default Action if no rule is matched= Deny all by default
        Rules:
```

```
1:
    Description=
    Type= Allow
    Destination Address= 192.168.1.22/24
    Destination Port= 53
    Protocol= Any
2:
    Description=
    Type= Allow
    Destination Address= Any
    Destination Port= 67
    Protocol= Any
```

# Configure Whitelist Commands

Use the whitelist command to create a new client isolation whitelist or modify an existing whitelist, and enter the config-whitelist context.

#### whitelist

To create a new white list entry or modify an existing entry, use the following command:

```
whitelist <WORD>
```

ruckus(config-13acl)#

#### no whitelist

To delete a whitelist entry, use the following command:

```
no whitelist <WORD>
```

#### name

To set the White List entry name, use the following command:

```
name <WORD>
```

## description

To set the description of the whitelist entry, use the following command:

```
description <WORD>
```

## Configuring Whitelist Rules

Use the rule command from within the config-whitelist context to create a new rule or modify an existing rule, and enter the config-whitelist-rule context.

#### rule

To create a new whitelist rule or modify an existing rule, use the following command: rule < NUMBER>

#### no rule

To delete a whitelist rule, use the following command:

```
no rule <NUMBER>
```

## description

To set the White List rule description, use the following command:

```
description <WORD>
```

#### mac

To set the MAC address, use the following command (format: XX:XX:XX:XX:XX):

mac <MAC>

#### ip

To set the IP address, use the following command (format: 172.18.110.12). ip <IP>

# Configure Band Balancing Commands

Client Band Balancing attempts to balance the number of clients across AP radios, allowing configurable thresholds for ratio of clients on the 2.4 vs. 5 GHz radio bands. Use the band-balancing commands to configure the Master's band balancing settings. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-band-balancing context.

## band-balancing

To enable load-balancing and enter the config-band-balancing context, use the following command:

band-balancing

#### abort

Exits the band balancing context without saving changes.

#### end

Saves changes, and then exits the band balancing context.

#### exit

Saves changes, and then exits the band balancing context.

#### quit

Exits the band balancing context without saving changes.

#### enable

Enable the band balancing settings.

#### disable

Disables the band balancing settings.

## percent-2.4G < NUMBER>

Configures percent of clients on 2.4G band.

#### show

Displays information about Band balancing.

```
ruckus(config) # band-balancing
ruckus(config-band-balancing) # enable
The band balancing settings have been updated.
ruckus(config-band-balancing) # percent-2.4G 25
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-band-balancing) # show
Band Balancing:
   Status= Enabled
   Percent of clients on 2.4G band: 25%

ruckus(config-band-balancing) # end
The band balancing settings have been updated.
ruckus(config) #
```

# Configure Load Balancing Commands

Client Load Balancing attempts to balance the number of clients across APs, per radio band. Use the load-balancing commands to configure the Master's load balancing settings. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-load-balancing context.

## load-balancing

To enable load-balancing and enter the config-load-balancing context, use the following command:

load-balancing

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# load-balancing
ruckus(config-load-balancing)#
```

## no load-balancing

To disable load balancing settings (from the config context), use the following command:

```
no load-balancing
```

```
ruckus(config)# no load-balancing
The load balancing settings have been updated.
ruckus(config)# show load-balancing
Load Balancing:
   Status= Disabled
   Radio:
     0:
        AdjacentThreshold= 50
        WeakBypass= 33
        StrongBypass= 55
        ActivationThreshold= 10
        NewTrigger= 3
        Headroom= 3

1:
        AdjacentThreshold= 43
```

```
WeakBypass= 35
StrongBypass= 55
ActivationThreshold= 10
NewTrigger= 3
Headroom= 3
```

ruckus(config)#

## adj-threshold

To configure the adjacent threshold for load balancing, use the following command: adj-threshold [wifi0|wifi1] <NUMBER>

## Syntax Description

adj-threshold	Configure the adjacent threshold for load balancing
wifi0, wifi1	Configure this interface
<number></number>	Set the adjacent threshold value (1~100)

#### Defaults

Wifi0: 50 Wifi1: 43

## weak-bypass

To configure the weak bypass for load balancing, use the following command: weak-bypass [wifi0|wifi1] <NUMBER>

## Syntax Description

weak-bypass	Configure the weak bypass for load balancing
wifiO, wifi1	Configure this interface
<number></number>	Set the weak-bypass value (1~100)

#### Defaults

wifi0: 33

wifi1: 35

## strong-bypass

To configure the strong bypass for load balancing, use the following command: strong-bypass [wifi0|wifi1] <NUMBER>

## Syntax Description

strong-bypass	Configure the strong bypass for load balancing
wifi0, wifi1	Configure this interface
<number></number>	Set the strong-bypass value (1~100)

#### Defaults

55

#### act-threshold

To configure the activation threshold for load balancing, use the following command: act-threshold [wifi0|wifi1] <NUMBER>

## Syntax Description

act-threshold	Configure the activation threshold for load balancing.
wifiO, wifi1	Configure this interface.
<number></number>	Set the activation threshold value (1~100).

#### Defaults

10

## Example

```
ruckus(config-load-balancing)# act-threshold wifi0 50
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-load-balancing)#
```

## new-trigger

To configure new trigger threshold (1-100), use the following command:

## Syntax Description

new-trigger	Configure a new trigger threshold for the specified interface.
wifi0, wifi1	Configure this interface.
<number></number>	Set the new trigger threshold value (1~100).

#### Defaults

3

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-load-balancing)# new-trigger wifi0 3
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-load-balancing)#
```

## headroom

To configure headroom settings for the specified interface, use the following command:

headroom [wifi0|wifi1] <NUMBER>

## Syntax Description

headroom	Configure headroom for the specified interface.
wifi0, wifi1	Configure this interface.
<number></number>	Set the headroom value (1~100).

#### Defaults

3

```
ruckus(config-load-balancing)# headroom wifi0 3
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-load-balancing)#
```

### disable wifi0

Disable wifi0 load balancing.

### disable wifi1

Disable wifi1 load balancing.

### enable wifi0

Enable wifi0 load balancing.

### enable wifi1

Enable wifi1 load balancing.

#### show

To display the current service settings, use the following command: show

## Syntax Description

show

Display the current service settings

### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-load-balancing)# show
Load Balancing:
   Status= Disabled
Radio:
   0:
     AdjacentThreshold= 50
     WeakBypass= 33
     StrongBypass= 55
     ActivationThreshold= 1
     NewTrigger= 3
     Headroom= 3
```

```
AdjacentThreshold= 43
WeakBypass= 35
StrongBypass= 55
ActivationThreshold= 10
NewTrigger= 3
Headroom= 3
```

ruckus(config-load-balancing)#

# Configure System Commands

Use the sys or system command to configure the Master's system settings, including its host name, FlexMaster server, NTP server, SNMP, and QoS settings. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-sys context.

## system

To enter the config-sys context and configure system settings, use the following command:

system

## Example

```
ruckus(config) # system
ruckus(config-sys) #
```

## dot11-country-code

To set the Master's country code, use the following command: dot11-country-code <COUNTRY-CODE> {arguments}

## Syntax Description

dot11-country- Configure the Master's country code setting code

<country-code></country-code>	Set the country code to this value
channel-mode	Contains commands that can be executed from within the context
allow-indoor	Allows Unleashed Outdoor APs to use channels regulated as indoor use-only
not-allow-indoor	Disallows Unleashed Outdoor APs to use channels regulated as indoor use-only
channel-optimization	Set channel optimization type (compatibility, interoperability, performance)

None.

## Example

To set the country code to US, enter the following command:

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# system
ruckus(config-sys)# dot11-country-code US
The country code settings have been updated.
ruckus(config-sys)#
```

### hostname

To set the system hostname, use the following command:

hostname

## Syntax Description

Cat the Mestar's system heatness	
hostname Set the Master's system hostname	

### Defaults

None

## Example

ruckus(config-sys)# hostname ruckus-xjoe
The system identity/hostname settings have been updated.

### Interface Commands

Use the interface commands to configure the Master's IP address and VLAN settings. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-sys-if context.

### interface

To enter the config-sys-if context and configure IP address and VLAN settings, use the following command:

interface

### Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# interface
ruckus(config-sys-if)#
```

## ip enable

To enable IPv4 addressing, use the following command:

ip enable

## ip name-server

To set the Master's DNS servers, use the ip name-server command. Use a space to separate the primary and secondary DNS servers.

```
ip name-server <DNS-ADDR> [<DNS-ADDR>]
```

## Syntax Description

ip name-server	Configure the Master's DNS server address or addresses
DNS-ADDR	Set the DNS server address to this value. If entering primary and secondary DNS server addresses, use a space to separate the two addresses.

## Defaults

192.168.0.1

## Example

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# system
```

```
ruckus(config-sys)# interface
```

ruckus(config-sys-if)# ip name-server 192.168.0.1
The command was executed successfully.

## ip addr

To set the Master's IP address and netmask, use the following command:

ip addr <IP-ADDR> <NET-MASK>

Use a space to separate the IP address and netmask.

## Syntax Description

ip addr	Configure the Master's IP address and netmask
<ip-addr></ip-addr>	Set the Master's IP address to this value
<net-mask></net-mask>	Set the Master's netmask to this value

### Defaults

IP address: 192.168.0.2

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

## Example

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# system
ruckus(config-sys)# interface
ruckus(config-sys-if)# ip addr 192.168.0.2 255.255.255.0
The command was executed successfully.
```

## ip mode

To set the Master's IP address mode, use the following command:

ip mode <dhcp|static>

ip mode	Configure the Master's IP address mode
dhcp	Set the Master's IP address mode to DHCP
static	Set the Master's IP address mode to static

None.

## Example

To set the Master's IP address mode to DHCP, enter the following command:

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# system
ruckus(config-sys)# interface
ruckus(config-sys-if)# ip mode dhcp
The command was executed successfully.
```

#### show

To display the current management interface settings, use the following command:

## Syntax Description

show

Display the current management interface settings

### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# system
ruckus(config-sys)# interface
ruckus(config-sys-if)# show
Protocol Mode= IPv4-Only
Device IP Address:
Mode= Manual
IP Address= 192.168.11.100
Netmask= 255.255.255.0
Gateway Address= 192.168.11.1
Primary DNS= 192.168.11.1
Secondary DNS= 168.95.1.1
```

```
ruckus(config-sys-if)#
```

## no ip

To disable IPv4 addressing, use the following command:

no ip

## no ntp

To disable the NTP client, use the following command:

no ntp

## Syntax Description

no ntp Disable the NTP client on the Master.
--

### Defaults

Enabled. The default NTP server addresss is ntp.ruckuswireless.com.

## Example

ruckus(config-sys)# no ntp
The NTP settings have been updated.

## ntp

To enable the NTP client, use the following command:

ntp <IP-ADDR/DOMAIN-NAME>

## Syntax Description

ntp	Enable the NTP client
<ip-addr <="" td=""><td>Set the NTP server address to this IP</td></ip-addr>	Set the NTP server address to this IP
DOMAIN-NAME>	address/domain name

## Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# ntp 192.168.2.21
The NTP settings have been updated.
ruckus(config-sys)# ntp sohu.com
The NTP settings have been updated.
```

#### timezone

To configure time zone settings, use the following command:

```
timezone <TIMEZONE>
```

#### Defaults

GMT+0

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# timezone +8
The timezone settings have been updated.
ruckus(config-sys)#
```

## ftp-anon

To enable FTP anonymous access, use the following command:

```
ftp-anon
```

### no ftp-anon

To disable FTP anonymouse access, use the following command:

```
no ftp-anon
```

### ftp

Enable FTP server.

## no ftp

Disable FTP server.

## Management Interface Commands

Configure System Commands

To configure management interface settings, you must first enter the config-sysmgmt-if context from the config-sys context.

## mgmt-if

To enter the config-sys-mgmt-if context and configure the management interface settings, use the following command:

```
mgmt-if
```

## Syntax Description

mgmt-if	Configure the management interface settings
•	

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# mgmt-if
ruckus(config-sys-mgmt-if)#
```

## no mgmt-if

To disable the management interface, use the following command:

```
no mgmt-if
```

## Syntax Description

no mgmt-if	Disable the management interface	

### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# no mgmt-if
The management interface has been updated.
```

### ip addr

To set the management interface IP address, use the following command:

```
ip addr <IP-ADDR> <NET-MASK>
```

### flexmaster

To set the FlexMaster server address and the periodic inform interval, use the following command:

flexmaster <IP-ADDR/DOMAIN-NAME> interval <NUMBER>

## Syntax Description

flexmaster	Configure the FlexMaster server settings
<ip-addr domain-<br="">NAME&gt;</ip-addr>	Set to this URL or IP address
interval	Configure the periodic inform interval
<number></number>	Set to this interval (in minutes)

### Defaults

None.

## Example

ruckus(config-sys)# flexmaster http://172.18.30.118 interval 30 The FlexMaster Management settings have been updated.

## no flexmaster

To disable FlexMaster management of the controller, use the following command: no flexmaster

## Syntax Description

no flexmaster	Disable FlexMaster management of the controller	
---------------	---	--

### Defaults

None

## Example

ruckus(config-sys)# no flexmaster
FlexMaster Management has been disabled.

## SNMPv2 Commands

Use the following commands to configure SNMPv2 settings. To use these commands, you must first enter the config-sys-snmpv2 context.

### snmpv2

To configure the SNMPv2 settings, use the following command: snmpv2

Executing this command enters the config-sys-snmpv2 context.

snmpv2	Configure the SNMPv2 settings
abort	Exits the config-sys-snmpv2 context without saving changes.
end	Saves changes, and then exits the config-sys-snmpv2 context.
exit	Saves changes, and then exits the config-sys-snmpv2 context.
quit	Exits the config-sys-snmpv2 context without saving changes.
contact <word></word>	Enables SNMPV2 agent and sets the
system contact. location <word> sets the system location</word>	
ro-community	<word></word>

rw-community <word></word>	Enables SNMPV2 agent and sets the RO community name.
	Enables SNMPV2 agent and sets the RW community name.

show

#### Defaults

```
SNMP Agent:
   Status= Enabled
   Contact= https://support.ruckuswireless.com/contact_us
   Location= 350 West Java Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089 US
   RO Community= public
   RW Community= private

SNMP Trap:
   Format= Version2
   Status= Disabled

Support-access-V3:
   Status= Disabled
```

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# snmpv2
ruckus(config-sys-snmpv2)#
```

#### contact

To enable SNMPv2 agent and set the system contact, use the following command: contact <WORD>

### location

To enable SNMPv2 agent and set the system location, use the following command:

```
location <WORD>
```

## ro-community

To set the read-only (RO) community name, use the following command:

```
ro-community <WORD>
```

ro-community	Configure the read-only community name
<word></word>	Set the read-only community name to this value

public

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys-snmpv2)# ro-community private-123
The command was executed successfully
```

## rw-community

To set the read-write (RW) community name, use the following command:

```
rw-community <WORD>
```

This command must be entered from within the snmp-agent context.

### Syntax Description

rw-community	Configure the read-write community name
<word></word>	Set the read-write community name to this value

#### Defaults

private

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys-snmpv2)# rw-community private-123
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

### show

To display SNMPv2 agent and SNMP trap settings, use the show command.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys-snmpv2)# show
SNMP Agent:
   Status= Enabled
   Contact= https://support.ruckuswireless.com/contact_us
   Location= 350 West Java Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089 US
   RO Community= public
   RW Community= private
```

SNMP Trap:

Format= Version2 Status= Disabled

Support-access-V3:
 Status= Disabled

## SNMPv3 Commands

Use the following commands to configure SNMPv3 settings. To use these commands, you must first enter the config-sys-snmpv3 context.

## snmpv3

To configure the SNMPv3 settings, use the following command:

snmpv3

Executing this command enters the config-sys-snmpv3 context.

snmpv3	Configure the SNMPv3 settings
abort	Exits the config-sys-snmpv3 context without saving changes.
end	Saves changes, and then exits the config-sys-snmpv3 context.
exit	Saves changes, and then exits the config-sys-snmpv3 context.
quit	Exits the config-sys-snmpv3 context without saving changes.
ro-user <word></word>	Contains commands that can be executed from within the context.
ro-user <word> MD5<word></word></word>	Contains commands that can be executed from within the context.
ro-user <word> MD5<word></word></word>	Cate the prince unknown of DEC for CNIMENO
DES <word></word>	Sets the privacy phrase of DES for SNMPV3.

ro-user <word> MD5 <word> AES <word></word></word></word>	Sets the privacy phrase of AES for SNMPV3.
ro-user <word> MD5 <word> None</word></word>	
ro-user <word> SHA <word></word></word>	Sets the privacy to None for SNMPV3.
ro-user <word> SHA <word> DES <word></word></word></word>	Contains commands that can be executed from within the context.
ro-user <word> SHA <word> AES <word></word></word></word>	Sets the privacy phrase of DES for SNMPV3.
ro-user <word> SHA <word> None</word></word>	Sets the privacy phrase of AES for SNMPV3.
	Sets the privacy to None for SNMPV3.
rw-user <word></word>	Contains commands that can be executed from within the context.
	Contains commands that can be executed from within the context.
MD5 <word></word>	
rw-user <word>MD5 <word> DES <word></word></word></word>	Sets the privacy phrase of DES for SNMPV3.

rw-user <word>MD5 <word> AES <word></word></word></word>	Sets the privacy phrase of AES for SNMPV3.
rw-user <word>MD5 <word> None</word></word>	Sets the privacy to None for SNMPV3.
rw-user <word>SHA <word></word></word>	
rw-user <word>SHA <word> DES <word></word></word></word>	Contains commands that can be executed from within the context.
rw-user <word>SHA <word> AES <word></word></word></word>	Sets the privacy phrase of DES for SNMPV3.
rw-user <word>SHA <word> None</word></word>	Sets the privacy phrase of AES for SNMPV3.

Sets the privacy to None for SNMPV3.

Displays SNMPV3 agent and SNMP trap settings.

## Defaults

```
SNMPV3 Agent:
  Status= Disabled
  Ro:
   User=
   Authentication Type= MD5
   Authentication Pass Phrase=
    Privacy Type= DES
    Privacy Phrase=
 Rw:
    User=
   Authentication Type= MD5
   Authentication Pass Phrase=
    Privacy Type= DES
    Privacy Phrase=
SNMP Trap:
 Format= Version3
  Status= Disabled
```

## snmp-trap-format

To set the SNMP trap format to SNMPV2 or SNMPV3, use the following command:

```
snmp-trap-format [SNMPv2 | SNMPv3]
```

## Syntax Description

snmp-trap-format	Set the SNMP trap format
[SNMPv2   SNMPv3]	Set to either SNMPv2 or SNMPv3

### Defaults

SNMPv2

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# snmp-trap-format SNMPV2
The SNMP trap settings have been updated.
```

## snmpv2-trap

To enable the SNMPv2 trap and set the IP address of the trap server, use the following command:

snmpv2-trap <NUMBER> <IP/IPv6-ADDR> <community>

## Syntax Description

snmpv2-trap	Enable the SNMPv2 trap and set the trap server's IP address
<number></number>	Assign the trap receiver ID (1-4)
<ip ipv6-addr=""></ip>	Set the trap receiver IP address
<pre><community></community></pre>	Set the trap receiver community

#### Defaults

None

## Example

ruckus(config-sys)# snmpv2-trap 1 192.168.10.22 public
The SNMP trap settings have been updated.

## snmpv3-trap

To enable and configure the SNMPv3 trap parameters, use the following command:

```
snmpv3-trap <user_name> <snmp_trap_server_ip> [MD5 | SHA]
<auth_pass_phrase> [DES <privacy_phrase>|AES <priva-
cy phrase>| None]
```

## Syntax Description

snmpv3-trap	Enable the SNMPv3 trap and configure the trap parameters
<pre><user_name></user_name></pre>	Trap user name
<pre><snmp_trap_server_ip></snmp_trap_server_ip></pre>	Trap server IP address
[MD5   SHA]	Authentication method
<auth_pass_phrase></auth_pass_phrase>	Authentication passphrase

[DES

<privacy\_phrase>|AES
<privacy\_phrase>| None]

Privacy method and privacy phrase

### Defaults

None

### Example

ruckus(config-sys)#snmpv3-trap test1234 192.168.0.22 MD5 test1234
DES test4321

The command was executed successfully.

## Syslog Settings Commands

Use the syslog commands to configure the Master's syslog notification settings. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-sys context.

## no syslog

To disable syslog notification, use the following command:

no syslog

## Syntax Description

no syslog

Disable syslog notification

### Defaults

Disabled.

## Example

ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# system
ruckus(config-sys)# no syslog
The command was executed successfully.

## syslog

To enable syslog notifications and enter the config-sys-syslog context, use the

following command:

syslog

#### server

To set the syslog server address, use the following command:

server <IP-ADDR>

## Syntax Description

server	Set the syslog server IP address.
<ipaddr></ipaddr>	Send syslog notifications to this IP address.

#### Defaults

Disabled.

## facility

To set the facility name, use the following command:

facility <FACILITY NAME>

## Syntax Description

facility	Sets the syslog facility name (local0 - local7)
<facility name=""></facility>	

## Defaults

Disabled.

## priority

To set the syslog priority level, use the following command:

priority <PRIORITY LEVEL>

priority	Sets the syslog priority level (emerg, alert, crit, err, warning,
<priority le<="" td=""><td>7EL&gt; notice, info, debug).</td></priority>	7EL> notice, info, debug).

Disabled.

## ap-facility

To set the AP syslog facility name, use the following command:

ap-facility <FACILITY-NAME>

## Syntax Description

ap-facility <FACILITY- Sets the AP syslog facility name (local0 - local7). NAME>

### Defaults

Disabled.

## ap-priority

To set the AP syslog priority level, use the following command:

ap-priority <PRIORITY LEVEL>

## Syntax Description

ap-priority

Sets the AP syslog priority level (emerg, alert, crit, err,

					1 1 1
<priority< td=""><td>T.F.V.F.L.&gt;</td><td>warning.</td><td>notice.</td><td>into.</td><td>debua).</td></priority<>	T.F.V.F.L.>	warning.	notice.	into.	debua).

<ipaddr></ipaddr>	Send syslog notifications to this IP address.	

Disabled.

## Example

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config) # system
ruckus(config-sys)# syslog
ruckus(config-sys-syslog)# server 192.168.3.10
The syslog settings have been updated.
ruckus(config-sys-syslog)# facility local0
The syslog settings have been updated.
ruckus(config-sys-syslog)# priority emerg
The syslog settings have been updated.
ruckus(config-sys-syslog)# ap-facility local0
The syslog settings have been updated.
ruckus(config-sys-syslog)# ap-priority emerg
The syslog settings have been updated.
ruckus(config-sys-syslog)# end
The syslog settings have been updated.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus (config-sys) #
```

## event-log-level

To configure the event log level, use the following command: event-log-level <EVENT LOG LEVEL>

## Syntax Description

event-log-level	Enter the syslog event log level <1-3> (1:Critical Events
	Only, 2: Warning and Critical Events, 3: Show More).

### Defaults

2: Warning and Critical Events

### Example

```
ruckus# config
You have all rights in this mode.
ruckus(config)# sys
ruckus(config-sys)# syslog
ruckus(config-sys-syslog)# event-log-level 1
The syslog settings have been updated.
ruckus(config-sys-syslog)#
```

## bypasscna

Use the following command to bypass Apple Captive Network Assistance (CNA) on iDevices and OS X machines.

```
bypasscna <WLAN-TYPE>
```

## Syntax Description

bypasscna	Bypass Apple Captive Network Assistance (CNA) on iDevices and OS X machines
<wlan-type></wlan-type>	Enter the WLAN service type (web-auth, guestaccess, wispr)

## Example

ruckus(config-sys)# bypasscna web-auth

## no bypasscna

To disable the ignore Apple CNA feature, use the following command:

```
no bypasscna
```

## Example

ruckus(config-sys)# no bypasscna

## no syslog-ap

To disable external syslog server configuration for AP, use the following command:

```
no syslog-ap
```

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)#no syslog-ap
The AP syslog settings have been updated.
```

## Management Access Control List Commands

Use the following commands to create or configure management ACLs and enter the config-sys-mgmt-acl or config-sys-mgmt-acl-ipv6 contexts. These commands must be used from the config-sys context.

## mgmt-acl

To create or configure a management ACL, use the following command:

```
mgmt-acl <WORD>
```

Executing this command enters the config-mgmt-acl context.

## Syntax Description

mgmt-acl	Create or configure a management ACL
<word></word>	Create or configure this management ACL

### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# mgmt-acl macl1
The management ACL 'macl1' has been created. To save the Management
ACL, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-mgmt-acl)#
```

## no mgmt-acl

To delete a management ACL for IPv4, use the following command:

```
no mgmt-acl <WORD>
```

#### exit

Saves changes, and then exits the config-mgmt-acl context.

### end

Saves changes, and then exits the config-mgmt-acl context.

## quit

Exits the config-mgmt-acl context without saving changes.

#### abort

Exits the config-mgmt-acl context without saving changes.

#### name

To set the management ACL name, use the following command:

```
name <WORD>
```

## restrict-type

To set the management ACL restriction typ e, use the following command:

restrict-type [single ip-addr <IP-ADDR> | range ip-range
<IP-ADDR> <IP-ADDR> | subnet ip-subnet <IP-ADDR> <IPSUBNET>]

## Syntax Description

restrict-type	Set the management ACL restriction type (single/range).	
single ip-addr	Set management ACL restriction type to single.	
range	Sets the management ACL restriction type to range.	
ip-range	Sets the IP address range for management ACL. Use a space () to separate addresses.	
subnet ip-subnet	Sets the subnet for management ACL IP address. Use a space () to separate IP address and Netmask (128.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.252).	

#### show

To display management ACL settings, use the show command.

## QoS Commands

Use the following commands to configure QoS settings on the Master. These commands must be executed from the config-sys context.

### no qos

To disable QoS on the Master, use the following command:

no qos

## Syntax Description

no qos Disable QoS on the Master
----------------------------------

### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# no qos
Changes are saved!
System QoS function has been disabled.
```

To enable the telnet server, use the following command:

telnetd

## Syntax Description

telnetd Enable the telnet server
----------------------------------

### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# telnetd
The telnet server settings have been updated.
ruckus(config-sys)#
```

### no telnetd

To disable the telnet server, use the following command:

telnetd

-		
no telnetd	Disable the telnet server	

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# no telnetd
The telnet server settings have been updated.
ruckus(config-sys)#
```

#### session-stats-resv

To enable session statistics recording, use the following command:

```
session-stats-resv
```

#### Defaults

Disabled

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# session-stats-resv
The session statistics function has been enabled.
ruckus(config-sys)#
```

## no session-stats-resv

Use the following command to disable recording of session statistics:

```
no session-stats-resv
```

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# no session-stats-resv
The session statistics function has been disabled.
ruckus(config-sys)#
```

### session-limit-unauth-stats

To enable recording of Layer 2 unauthorized session statistics, use the following command:

```
session-limit-unauth-stats
```

**Enabled** 

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# session-limit-unauth-stats
```

The limited unauthorized session statistics function has been enabled.

ruckus(config-sys)#

### no snmpv2

To disable the SNMPv2 agent, use the following command:

no snmpv2

## Syntax Description

no snmpv2

Disables the SNMPv2 agent

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# no snmpv2
```

The SNMP v2 agent settings have been updated.

### no snmpv3

To disable the SNMPv3 agent, use the following command:

no snmpv3

## Syntax Description

no snmpv3

Disables the SNMPv3 agent

## Example

ruckus(config-sys)# no snmpv3

The SNMP v3 agent settings have been updated.

### no snmp-trap

To disable the SNMP trap notifications, use the following command:

no snmp-trap <NUMBER>

## Syntax Description

no	snmp-trap	Disables SNMP trap notification by index

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# no snmp-trap 1
The SNMP trap settings have been updated.
```

## no snmpv2-trap

To disable the SNMP trap notifications, use the following command:

```
no snmp-trap <NUMBER>
```

## Syntax Description

no snmpv2-trap	Disables SNMP trap notification by index
----------------	--

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# no snmpv2-trap 1
The SNMP trap settings have been updated.
```

## no snmpv3-trap

To disable the SNMPv3 trap notification, use the following command:

```
no snmpv3-trap <NUMBER>
```

## Syntax Description

no snmpv3-trap	Disables SNMP trap notification by index
----------------	--

## Example

```
ruckus(config-sys)# no snmpv3-trap 1
The SNMP trap settings have been updated.
```

# Configure Zero-IT Settings

To configure Zero-IT settings, use the following commands.

#### zero-it

To configure Zero-IT settings, use the following command:

```
zero-it [local | name <WORD>]
```

### zero-it-auth-server

To configure Zero-IT settings, use the following command:

```
zero-it-auth-server [local | name <WORD>]
```

## Syntax Description

zero-it-auth-server	Set Zero-IT authentication server
local	Set the Zero-IT authentication server to local database
name	Set the Zero-IT authentication server to an external AAA server
<word></word>	Name of AAA server

### Defaults

None.

## Example

ruckus(config)# zero-it-auth-server name radius

The Authentication Server of Zero IT Activation has been updated. ruckus(config)#

# Configure WLAN Settings Commands

Use the config-wlan commands to configure the WLAN settings, including the WLAN's description, SSID, and its security settings. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-wlan context.

### wlan

To create a WLAN or configure an existing WLAN, use the following command: wlan <WORD/NAME>

Executing this command enters the config-wlan context.

## Syntax Description

wlan	Configure a WLAN
<word name=""></word>	Name of the WLAN service

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config)# wlan ruckus2
The WLAN service 'ruckus2' has been created. To save the WLAN
service, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

#### abort

Exits the config-wlan context without saving changes.

#### end

Saves changes, and then exits the config-wlan context.

#### exit

Saves changes, and then exits the config-wlan context.

### quit

Exits the config-wlan context without saving changes.

## description

To set the WLAN service description, use the following command: description <WORD>

description	Configure the WLAN description
<word></word>	Set the WLAN description this value

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# description unleahsed_wlan
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

#### name

To set the name of the WLAN, use the following command:

```
name <NAME>
```

## Syntax Description

name	Set the WLAN name
<name></name>	Set to this name

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# name ruckus2
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

## type

To configure the WLAN type, use the following command:

```
type [standard-usage | guest-access | hotspot <WORD> |
social-media]
```

type	Set the WLAN type
standard-usage	Set the WLAN type to standard usage
guest-access	Set the WLAN type to guest access
hotspot <word></word>	Set the WLAN type to Hotspot using the hotspot service specified
social-media	Set the WLAN type to social media.

Standard usage

### Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# type standard-usage
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

## type standard-usage

To set the WLAN type to "Standard Usage", use the following command:

```
type standard-usage
type standard
```

## type guest-access

To set the WLAN type to "Guest Access", use the following command:

```
type guest-access <WORD>
```

## Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# type guest-access guestpolicy1
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

## type hotspot

To set the WLAN type to "Hotspot", use the following command:

```
type hotspot
```

## type social-media

To set the WLAN type to "Social Media", use the following command:

```
type social-media
```

### open none

To set the authentication method to 'open' and encryption method to 'none', use the following command:

open none

## Syntax Description

open	Set the authentication method to 'open'
none	Set the encryption method to 'none'

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config) # wlan wlan2
```

The WLAN service 'wlan2' has been created. To save the WLAN service, type 'end' or 'exit'.

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# open none
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# end
```

The WLAN service 'wlan2' has been updated and saved.

Your changes have been saved.

ruckus (config) #

## open wpa2 passphrase algorithm AES

To set the authentication method to 'open', encryption method to 'WPA2', and algorithm to 'AES', use the following command:

open wpa2 passphrase <PASSPHRASE> algorithm AES

wpa2	Set the encryption method to WPA2
passphrase <passphrase></passphrase>	Set the WPA2 passphrase to <passphrase></passphrase>
algorithm AES	Set the encryption algorithm to AES

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config) # wlan randy-wlansvc-01-open
```

The WLAN service 'randy-wlansvc-01-open' has been created. To save the WLAN service, type end or exit.

ruckus(config-wlan)# open wpa2 passphrase 12345678 algorithm AES
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-wlan)#

### mac none auth-server

To set the authentication method to 'MAC Address' and encryption method to 'none', use the following command:

mac none auth-server <WORD>

# Syntax Description

mac	Set the authentication method to 'MAC Address'
none	Set the encryption method to 'none'
auth-server <word></word>	Set the authorization server address to <word></word>

### Defaults

None.

# Example

ruckus(config-wlan)# mac none auth-server Ruckus-Auth-01
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-wlan)#

# dot1x wpa2 algorithm AES auth-server

To set the authentication method to '802.1x EAP', encryption method to 'WPA2', and algorithm to 'AES', use the following command:

dot1x wpa2 algorithm AES auth-server [local | name <WORD>]

# Syntax Description

dot1x	Set the authentication method to '802.11x'
wpa2	Set the encryption method to WPA2
algorithm AES	Set the algorithm to AES
auth-server	Set authentication server
local	Set the authentication server to 'local database'
name	Set the auth server
<word></word>	Name of the auth server

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

ruckus(config-wlan)# dot1x wpa2 algorithm AES auth-server Ruckus-RADIUS

```
The command was executed successfully. ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

# no bgscan

To disable background scanning on the WLAN, use the following command: no bgscan

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# no bgscan
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

# ft-roaming

To enable FT Roaming, use the following command:

```
ft-roaming
```

# Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# ft-roaming
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

# no ft-roaming

To disable FT Roaming, use the following command:

```
no ft-roaming
```

# social-media-login

To set the social media login, use the following command:

```
social-media-login <WORD>
```

# social-media-login facebook-wifi

To set the social media login to Facebook WiFI, use the following command:

```
social-media-login facebook-wifi
```

# social-media-login google

To set the social media login to Google/Google+, use the following command:

```
social-media-login google <WORD> <WORD>
```

# social-media-login linkedin

To set the social media login to LinkedIn, use the following command social-media-login linkedin <WORD> <WORD>

# social-media-login microsoft

To sets the social media login to Microsoft, use the following command:

```
social-media-login microsoft <WORD> <WORD>
```

### client-isolation

To enable client isolation (per-AP or across APs, use the following command:

client-isolation [isolation-on-ap|isolation-on-subnet]
[enable|disable]

# Syntax Description

client-isolation	Enable client isolation for this WLAN.
isolation-on-ap	Enable client isolation per AP.
isolation-on-subnet	Enable client isolation across APs.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# client-isolation isolation-on-ap enable
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

#### whitelist

To apply a client isolation whitelist to this WLAN, use the following command: whitelist name <WORD>

### no whitelist

To disable the whitelist for this WLAN, use the following command:

```
no whitelist
```

# load-balancing

To enable load balancing for this WLAN, use the following command:

```
load-balancing
```

### Defaults

Disabled

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# load-balancing
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

# no load-balancing

To disable load balancing for this WLAN, use the following command:

no load-balancing

### Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# no load-balancing
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

# band-balancing

To enable band balancing for this WLAN, use the following command:

band-balancing

#### Defaults

Enabled.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# band-balancing
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

# no band-balancing

To disable band balancing for this WLAN, use the following command:

```
no band-balancing
```

# nasid-type

To set the NAS ID type, use the following command:

```
nasid-type [wlan-bssid|mac-addr|user-define <WORD>]
```

# Syntax Description

wlan-bssid	Set NAS ID type WLAN-BSSID (default)
mac-addr	Set NAS ID type to Master MAC Address
user-define <word></word>	Set NAD ID type to a user-defined string

### Defaults

WLAN-BSSID

# Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# nasid-type wlan-bssid
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

# priority low

To set the WLAN priority to low, use the following command:

```
priority low
```

# priority high

To set the WLAN priority to high, use the following command:

```
priority high
```

### web-auth

To enable Web authentication, use the following command:

```
web-auth [local | name <WORD>]
```

### Syntax Description

web-auth	Enable Web authentication
local	Use local database as auth server
name	Specify an external auth server
<word></word>	The AAA server to use for Web authentication

#### Defaults

None

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# wlan wlan-123
ruckus(config-wlan)# web-auth Ruckus-RADIUS
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

#### no web-auth

To disable Web authentication, use the following command:

```
no web-auth
```

# Syntax Description

no web-auth Disable Web authentication
--

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# wlan wlan-123
ruckus(config-wlan)# no web-auth
The command was executed successfully.
```

# grace-period

To enable and set a maximum time (in minutes) for which users must re-authenticate after disconnecting, use the following command:

```
grace-period <NUMBER>
```

# Syntax Description

grace-period	Enables and Sets a maximum time (in minutes) for which
	users must re-authenticate after disconnecting.

#### Defaults

Disabled.

# Example

ruckus(config-wlan)# grace-period 20

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

# no grace-period

To disable the grace period, use the following command:

no grace-period <NUMBER>

### Syntax Description

no grace-period Disables the grace period timeout.

### Defaults

Disabled.

# Example

ruckus(config-wlan)# no grace-period

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### acct-server

To set the accounting server, use the following command:

acct-server <WORD>

# Syntax Description

acct-server	Configure the AAA server
<word></word>	Set the AAA server to this address

### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# wlan wlan-123
ruckus(config-wlan)# acct-server Ruckus-Acct-01
The command was executed successfully.
```

# acct-server interim-update

To configure the interim update frequency (in minutes) of the AAA server, use the following command:

```
acct-server <WORD> interim-update <NUMBER>
```

# Syntax Description

acct-server	Confgure the interim update frequency of the AAA server
interim- update{minutes}	Set the update frequency to this value (in minutes)

#### Defaults

5 (minutes)

### Example

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# wlan wlan-123
ruckus(config-wlan)# acct-server Ruckus-Acct-01 interim-update 5
The command was executed successfully.
```

### no acct-server

To disable the AAA server, use the following command:

```
no acct-server
```

# Syntax Description

no acct-server	Disable AAA server authentication	
----------------	-----------------------------------	--

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# wlan wlan-123
ruckus(config-wlan)# no acct-server
The command was executed successfully.
```

# inactivity-timeout

To set the inactivity timeout to the specified number in minutes, use the following command:

```
inactivity-timeout <NUMBER>
```

# Syntax Description

inactivity-timeout	Enable and set the inactivity timeout
<number></number>	Set the inactivity timeout in minutes (1-500 min.)

#### Defaults

5

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# inactivity-timeout 15
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

### web-auth-timeout

To enable and set the web authentication timeout time to the specified number in minutes, use the following command:

web-auth-timeout <NUMBER>

# Syntax Description

web-auth-timeout	Enable and set the web authentication timeout
<number></number>	Set the inactivity timeout in minutes

#### Defaults

5

### Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# web-auth-timeout 15
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

#### vlan

To set the VLAN ID for the WLAN, use the following command:

vlan <NUMBER>

# Syntax Description

vlan	Enable VLAN
<number></number>	Set the VLAN ID to this value

### Defaults

1

# Example

ruckus(config-wlan) # vlan 123

```
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

# dynamic-vlan

To enable dynamic VLAN, use the following command:

dynamic-vlan

### Syntax Description

dynamic-vlan	Enable dynamic VLAN	
-		

#### Notes

Dynamic VLAN can be enabled or disabled in the following two conditions: 1) The authentication method is '802.1X/EAP' or 'MAC Address', Encryption method is WPA, WPA2, WPA mixed, or none. 2) Authentication method is 'Open', Encryption method is WPA, WPA2 (Algorithm may not be Auto), enable Zero-IT Activation, enable Dynamic PSK.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan) # dynamic-vlan
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'

# no dynamic-vlan

To disable dynamic VLAN, use the following command:

no dynamic-vlan

# Syntax Description

no dynamic-vlan	Disable dynamic VLAN	

### Defaults

Disabled.

# Example

ruckus(config-wlan) # no dynamic-vlan

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### hide-ssid

To hide an SSID from wireless users, use the following command. Wireless users who know the SSID will still be able to connect to the WLAN service.

hide-ssid

# Syntax Description

hide-ssid	Hide SSID from wireless users

#### Defaults

Disabled

# Example

ruckus# config

ruckus(config)# wlan wlan-123

ruckus(config-wlan) # hide-ssid

The command was executed successfully.

# no hide-ssid

To unhide or broadcast an SSID to wireless users, use the following command:

no hide-ssid

# Syntax Description

no hide-ssid	Broadcast SSID to wireless users
110 1110 0010	Broaddact Gold to Willolde acold

### Defaults

Disabled

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# wlan wlan-123
ruckus(config-wlan)# no hide-ssid
The command was executed successfully
```

# force-dhcp

To enable the Force DHCP option, use the following command:

```
force-dhcp
```

### Defaults

Disabled

### Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# force-dhcp
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

# force-dhcp-timeout

To disconnect the client if it does not obtain valid IP address within the specified timeout period (in seconds), use the following command:

```
force-dhcp-timeout <NUMBER>
```

#### Defaults

10 seconds

# Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# force-dhcp-timeout 10
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

# no force-dhcp

To disable the Force DHCP option, use the following command:

```
no force-dhcp
```

#### max-clients

To set the maximum number of clients for a specific WLAN, use the following command:

max-clients <NUMBER>

# Syntax Description

max-clients	Configure the maximum number of clients that the WLAN can support
<number></number>	Set the maximum clients to this value

#### Defaults

100

# Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# max-clients 100
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
```

### 802dot11d

To enable 802.11d for the WLAN, use the following command: 802dot.11d

### Defaults

Enabled

### no 802dot11d

To disable 802.11d for the WLAN, use the following command:

no 802dot11d

# roaming-acct-interim-update

To enable accounting interim-updates when a client roams, use the following command:

```
roaming-acct-interim-update
```

When "roaming-acct-interim-update" is set, all traffic and session-id data from the original session is carried over to the new session.

#### Defaults

Disabled.

# no roaming-acct-interim-update

To disable accounting interim updates when a client roams (default: disabled), use the following command:

```
no roaming-acct-interim-update
```

#### zero-it-activation

To enable Zero-IT activation, use the following command:

```
zero-it-activation
zero-it
```

# Syntax Description

zero-it-activation	Enable Zero-IT activation
zero-it	Enable Zero-IT activation

### Defaults

Disabled.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# zero-it-activation
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

### no zero-it-activation

To disable Zero-IT activation, use the following command:

```
no zero-it-activation
no zero-it
```

# Syntax Description

no zero-it-activation	Disable Zero-IT activation
no zero-it	Disable Zero-IT activation

### Defaults

Disabled.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# no zero-it
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type  $^{\prime}$ end $^{\prime}$  or  $^{\prime}$ exit $^{\prime}$ .

### no I2acl

To disable Layer 2 Access Control Lists, use the following command:

no 12acl

### no role-based-access-ctrl

To disable role based access control policy service, use the following command:

no role-based-access-ctrl

#### no I3acl

To disable Layer 3/4 ACLs, use the following command:

no 13acl

### no vlanpool

To disable the VLAN pool for this WLAN, use the following command:

no vlanpool

### no dvcpcy

To disable device policy for this WLAN, use the following command:

no dvcpcy

#### rate-limit

To set the rate limiting for the WLAN, use the following command:

rate-limit uplink <NUMBER> downlink <NUMBER>

# Syntax Description

rate-limit	Set the rate limit
uplink	Set the uplink rate limit
downlink	Set the downlink rate limit
<number></number>	Set the rate limiting to the value specified.

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

ruckus(config-wlan)# rate-limit uplink 20 downlink 20

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'. ruckus(config-wlan)#

#### no rate-limit

To disable the rate limit, use the following command:

no rate-limit

# Syntax Description

no rate-limit	Disable rate limiting for the WLAN	

#### Defaults

Disabled.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-wlan)# no rate-limit
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

# vlanpool

To configure a VLAN pool with the specified name, use the following command: vlanpool <WORD>

### no mac-addr-format

Sets MAC auth username and password to format aabbccddeeff.

### mac-addr-format

Sets MAC auth username and password to one of the following formats:

mac-addr-format aa-bb-cc-dd-ee- ff	Sets MAC auth username and password to format aa-bb-cc-dd-ee-ff.
<pre>mac-addr-format aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:f f</pre>	Sets MAC auth username and password to format aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff.
mac-addr-format AABBCCDDEEFF	Sets MAC auth username and password to format AABBCCDDEEFF.
mac-addr-format AA-BB-CC-DD-EE- FF	Sets MAC auth username and password to format AA-BB-CC-DD-EE-FF.

-	Torringaro 11 Bit aroup octaings comit
mac-addr-format	Sets MAC auth username and password to format
AA:BB:CC:DD:EE:F	AA:BB:CC:DD:EE:FF.
F	

# acl dvcpcy

To apply a Device Policy to the WLAN, use the following command: acl dvcpcy <WORD>

#### show

To display the WLAN settings, use the following command: show

# Syntax Description

show Display WLAN settings
----------------------------

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config)# wlan ruckus1
The WLAN service 'ruckus1' has been loaded. To save the WLAN service,
type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus (config-wlan) # show
WLAN Service:
  ID:
    1:
      NAME = Ruckus-Wireless-1
      Tx. Rate of Management Frame (2.4GHz) = 2.0Mbps
      Tx. Rate of Management Frame (5GHz) = 6.0Mbps
      Beacon Interval = 100ms
      SSID = Ruckus-Wireless-1
      Description = Ruckus-Wireless-1
      Type = Standard Usage
      Authentication = open
      Encryption = wpa
      Algorithm = aes
      Passphrase = password
```

```
FT Roaming = Disabled
802.11k Neighbor report = Disabled
Web Authentication = Disabled
Authentication Server = Disabled
Accounting Server = Disabled
Called-Station-Id type = wlan-bssid
Tunnel Mode = Disabled
DHCP relay = Disabled
Max. Clients = 100
Isolation per AP = Disabled
Isolation across AP = Disabled
Zero-IT Activation = Enabled
Load Balancing = Disabled
Band Balancing = Disabled
Dynamic PSK = Enabled
Dynamic PSK Passphrase Length =
Limit Dynamic PSK = Disabled
Auto-Proxy configuration:
  Status = Disabled
Inactivity Timeout:
    Status = Disabled
VLAN-ID = 1
Dynamic VLAN = Disabled
Closed System = Disabled
OFDM-Only State = Disabled
Multicast Filter State = Disabled
802.11d State = Disabled
Force DHCP State = Disabled
Force DHCP Timeout = 0
DHCP Option82:
    Status = Disabled
    Option82 sub-Option1 = Disabled
    Option82 sub-Option2 = Disabled
    Option82 sub-Option150 = Disabled
    Option82 sub-Option151 = Disabled
Ignore unauthorized client statistic = Disabled
STA Info Extraction State = Enabled
BSS Minrate = Disabled
Call Admission Control State = Disabled
PMK Cache Timeout= 720 minutes
PMK Cache for Reconnect= Enabled
```

```
NAS-ID Type= wlan-bssid
      Roaming Acct-Interim-Update= Disabled
      PAP Message Authenticator = Enabled
      Send EAP-Failure = Disabled
      L2/MAC = No ACLS
      L3/L4/IP Address = No ACLS
      L3/L4/IPv6 Address = No ACLS
      Precedence = No ACLS
      Proxy ARP = Disabled
      Device Policy = No ACLS
      Role based Access Control Policy = Disabled
      SmartRoam = Disabled Roam-factor = 1
      White List = No ACLS
      Application Visibility = disabled
      Apply Policy Group = No Denys
      Wlan Bind = all
ruckus (config) #
```

# Configure WLAN Group Settings Commands

Use the wlan-group commands to configure the settings of a particular WLAN group.

# wlan-group

To update the default WLAN group "Default", use the following command:

```
wlan-group <Default>
```

# Syntax Description

wlan-group	Update the WLAN group
<word></word>	Name of the WLAN group, now only default "Default"

### Defaults

Default.

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# wlan-group Default
The WLAN group entry 'Default' has been loaded. To save the WLAN
group, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlangrp)#
```

#### abort

To exit the wlan-group context without saving changes, use the abort command. Enter this command from within the context of the WLAN group that you are configuring.

abort

# Syntax Description

abort Exit the WLAN group without saving changes

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# wlan-group Default
The WLAN group entry 'Default' has been loaded. To save the
WLAN group, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlangrp)# abort
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### end

To save changes to the WLAN group settings and exit the wlan-group context, use the following command. Enter this command from within the context of the WLAN group that you are configuring.

end

# Syntax Description

end	Save changes, and then exit the WLAN group

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# wlan-group Default
The WLAN group entry 'Default' has been loaded. To save the WLAN
group, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlangrp)# end
The WLAN group 'wlangroup2' has been updated.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### exit

To save changes to the WLAN group settings and exit the wlan-group context, use the exit command. Enter this command from within the context of the WLAN group that you are configuring.

exit.

# Syntax Description

exit

Save changes, and then exit the WLAN group

### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# wlan-group Default

The WLAN group entry 'Default' has been loaded. To save the WLAN
group, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlangrp)# exit
The WLAN group 'wlangroup2' has been updated.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

### quit

To exit the wlan-group context without saving changes, use the following command. Enter this command from within the context of the WLAN group that you are configuring.

quit

# Syntax Description

quit	Exit the WLAN group without saving changes

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus# config
ruckus(config)# wlan-group Default
The WLAN group entry ' Default' has been loaded. To save the WLAN
group, type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlangrp)# quit
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### wlan

To add a WLAN service to the WLAN group, use the following command. Enter this command from within the context of the WLAN group that you are configuring.

```
wlan <WORD>
```

# Syntax Description

wlan	Add a WLAN to the WLAN group
<word></word>	Name of the WLAN to be added

### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
rruckus(config-wlangrp)# wlan ruckus1
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.

ruckus(config-wlangrp)# show
WLAN Group:
   ID:
     :
        Name= Default
        Description=
        WLAN Service:
        WLAN1:
            NAME= ruckus1
        VLAN=

ruckus(config-wlangrp)#
```

#### no wlan

To remove a WLAN service from the WLAN group, use the following command. Enter this command from within the context of the WLAN group that you are configuring.

```
no wlan <WORD>
```

# Syntax Description

no wlan	Delete an existing WLAN service from the WLAN group
<word></word>	Name of the WLAN to be removed

### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-wlangrp)# no wlan ruckus1
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlangrp)#
```

#### wlan vlan override none

To add a WLAN service to the WLAN group and set the VLAN tag to 'No Change', use the following command. Enter this command from within the context of the WLAN group that you are configuring.

wlan <WORD> vlan override none

# Syntax Description

wlan <word></word>	Add the WLAN to the WLAN group
vlan override none	Set the VLAN tag to No Change

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-wlangrp)# wlan ruckus1 vlan override none
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlangrp)#
```

# wlan vlan override tag

To add a WLAN service to the WLAN group and set the VLAN tag to the specified VLAN ID, use the following command:

wlan <NAME> vlan override tag <NUMBER>

# Syntax Description

wlan <name></name>	Add the <name> to the WLAN group</name>
vlan override tag <number></number>	Set the VLAN tag of <name> to the specified <number></number></name>

### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-wlangrp)# wlan ruckus1 vlan override tag 12
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlangrp)#
```

#### show

To display WLAN group settings, use the following command:

show

#### Defaults

```
ruckus(config-wlangrp)# show
WLAN Group:
   ID:
     1:
       Name= Default
       Description= Default WLANs for Access Points
       WLAN Service:
       WLAN1:
       NAME= Ruckus1
       VLAN=
ruckus(config-wlangrp)#
```

# Configure Role Commands

Use the role commands to configure user roles on the Master. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-role context.

#### role

To create a new role or modify an existing role, use the following command:

```
role <WORD>
```

# Syntax Description

role	Create or modify a user role
<word></word>	Name of role

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config)# role role1
The role entry 'role1' has been created
ruckus(config-role)#
```

#### no role

To delete a role entry from the list, use the following command:

```
no role <WORD>
```

# Syntax Description

no role	Delete a user role
<word></word>	Name of role

### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config)# no role role1
The Role 'role1' has been deleted.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### abort

To exit the config-role context without saving changes, use the abort command. Enter this command from within the context of the role that you are configuring.

abort

# Syntax Description

abort

Exit the role without saving changes

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-role)# abort
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### end

To save changes, and then exit the config-role context, use the following command:

end

# Syntax Description

end

Save changes, and then exit the context

### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-role)# end
The Role entry has saved successfully.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### exit

To save changes, and then exit the config-role context, use the following command:

exit

# Syntax Description

exit Save changes, and then exit the context

### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-role)# exit
The Role entry has saved successfully.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

# quit

To exit the config-role context without saving changes, use the quit command. Enter this command from within the context of the role that you are configuring.

quit

# Syntax Description

quit Exit the role without saving changes

### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-role) # quit
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config) #
```

#### name

To set the name of a user role, use the following command:

name <WORD>

# Syntax Description

name	Set the name of a user role
<word></word>	Set to this role

### Defaults

None.

# Example

ruckus(config-role)# name guest33

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

# description

To set the description for a user role, use the following command:

description <WORD>

# Syntax Description

description	Set the description of a user role
<word></word>	Set to this description

### Defaults

None.

# Example

ruckus(config-role)# description testforCLI

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

# group-attributes

To set the group attributes of a user role, use the following command:

group-attributes <WORD>

# Syntax Description

group-attributes	Set the attributes of a user role
<word></word>	Set to this attribute

### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-role)# group-attributes ruckus1
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### wlan-allowed

To set the WLANs to which a user role will have access, use the following command:

wlan-allowed [all | specify-wlan]

# Syntax Description

wlan-allowed	Set the WLANs to which a role will have access
all	Grant access to all WLANs
specify-wlan	Grant access to a specific WLAN

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

ruckus(config-role)# wlan-allowed all

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

ruckus(config-role)# wlan-allowed specify-wlan

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

# no specify-wlan-access

To remove a particular WLAN from the list of WLANs that a user role can access, use the following command:

no specify-wlan-access <WORD/SSID>

# Syntax Description

no specify-wlan-access	Remove access to a WLAN by a user role
<word ssid=""></word>	Remove access to this WLAN

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-role) # no specify-wlan-access joejoe98
The wlan 'joejoe98' has been removed from the Role.
```

# specify-wlan-access

To adda particular WLAN to the list of WLANs that a user role can access, use the following command:

specify-wlan-access <wlan ssid>

# Syntax Description

specify-wlan-access	Add access to a WLAN by a user role
<wlan_ssid></wlan_ssid>	Add access to this WLAN

### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-role)# specify-wlan-access joejoe98
The wlan 'joejoe98' has been added to the Role.
```

# no guest-pass-generation

To remove guest pass generation privileges from a user role, use the following command:

no guest-pass-generation

# Syntax Description

no guest-pass-generation	Remove guest pass generation privileges from a
	user role

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-role)# no guest-pass-generation
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

# guest-pass-generation

To add guest pass generation privileges to a user role, use the following command: guest-pass-generation

# Syntax Description

guest-pass-generation	Add guest pass generation privileges to a user
	role

### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-role)# guest-pass-generation
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

#### no admin

To remove Unleashed administration privileges from a user role, use the following command:

no admin

# Syntax Description

no admin	Remove Unleashed administration privileges
	from a user role

### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-role)# no admin
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

# admin

To add Unleashed administration privileges to a user role, use the following command:

```
admin [super | operator | monitoring]
```

# Syntax Description

admin	Add Unleashed administration privileges to a user role
super	Sets to Super (Perform all configuration and management tasks)
operator	Sets to Operator (Change settings affecting single AP's only)
monitoring	Sets to Monitoring (Monitoring and viewing operation status only)

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-role)# admin super
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

#### access-ctrl

Enables access control policy.

#### Defaults

Disabled

#### Example

```
ruckus(config) # role role1
The Role entry 'role1' has been created.
ruckus(config-role) # access-ctrl
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-role) # show
Role:
  ID:
      Name= role1
      Description=
      Group Attributes=
      Guest Pass Generation= Disallowed
      Unleashed Administration:
        Status= Disallowed
      Allow All WLANs:
        Mode= Allow Specify WLAN access
      Access Control Policy= Allowed
      Allow All OS Types:
        Mode= Allow all OS types to access
      VLAN = Any
```

```
Rate Limiting Uplink = Disabled
Rate Limiting Downlink = Disabled
```

ruckus(config-role)#

#### no access-ctrl

Disables access control policy.

no access-ctrl

# os-type-allowed all

Allows all OS types to access.

os-type-allowed all

# os-type-allowed specify

Specifies OS types access.

os-type-allowed specify

# specify-os-type-access

Adds the specify OS type into the role entry.

specify-os-type-access <WORD>

#### Defaults

None

# Example

```
ruckus(config)# role role1
```

The Role entry 'role1' has been created.

ruckus(config-role) # access-ctrl

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

ruckus(config-role) # os-type-allowed specify

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

ruckus(config-role)# specify-os-type-access Windows

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

ruckus(config-role)#

# no specify-os-type-access

Deletes the specify OS type from the role entry.

```
no specify-os-type-access <WORD>
```

#### vlan

Sets the VLAN ID to the specified ID number or "none" vlan < NUMBER>

#### rate-limit uplink

Sets the rate limiting of uplink.

rate-limit uplink <NUMBER>

# rate-limit uplink downlink

Sets the rate limiting of downlink.

```
rate-limit uplink <NUMBER> downlink <NUMBER>
```

#### no rate-limit

Sets rate limiting to Disable.

no rate-limit

#### show

To display the settings of a role, use the following command:

show

#### Syntax Description

show

Display the settings of a role

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(config-role) # show

```
Role:
    ID:
    :
        Name= role1
        Description=
        Group Attributes=
        Guest Pass Generation= Disallowed Unleashed
        Administration:
        Status= Disallowed
        Allow All WLANs:
        Mode= Allow Specify WLAN access
```

# Configure User Commands

Use the user commands to configure a user's name, password, and role. To run these commands, you must first enter the configure context.

#### user

To create a user or modify an existing user and enter the config-user context, use the following command:

user <WORD>

### Syntax Description

user	Create or modify a user entry
<word></word>	Name of the user

### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config)# user johndoe
The User entry 'johndoe' has been created.
ruckus(config-user)#
```

#### no user

To delete a user record, use the following command:

no user <WORD>

user	Create or modify a user entry
<word></word>	Name of the user

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config)# no user johndoe
The User 'johndoe' has been deleted.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### abort

To exit the config-user context without saving changes, use the abort command. Enter this command from within the context of the user that you are configuring.

abort

### Syntax Description

abort

Exit the user settings without saving changes

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-user)# abort
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### end

To save changes, and then exit the config-user context, use the following command (you must first set a password before exiting):

end

end

Save changes, and then exit the context

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-user)# end
The User entry has saved successfully.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### exit

To save changes, and then exit the config-user context, use the following command (you must first set a password before exiting):

exit

### Syntax Description

exit

Save changes, and then exit the context

### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-user)# exit
The User entry has saved successfully.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

# quit

To exit the config-user context without saving changes, use the quit command. Enter this command from within the context of the user that you are configuring.

quit

### Syntax Description

quit Exit the user settings without saving change	ges
---	-----

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-role)# quit
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### user-name

To set the name of a user, use the following command:

```
user-name <WORD>
```

### Syntax Description

user-name	Set the name of a user
<word></word>	Set to this user name

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(config-user)# user-name joe1

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### full-name

To set the full name of a user, use the following command:

full-name <WORD>

### Syntax Description

full-name	Set the full name of a user
<word></word>	Set to this full name

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(config-user)# full-name joejoe

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

### password

To set the password of a user, use the following command:

password <WORD>

# Syntax Description

password	Set the password of a user
<word></word>	Set to this password

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(config-user)# password 1234

To assign a role to a user, use the following command:

role <WORD>

### Syntax Description

role	Assign a role to a user
<word></word>	Assign this role

#### Defaults

Default

### Example

ruckus(config-user)# role guest

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### show

To display the settings of a user, use the following command:

show

## Syntax Description

show	Show user settings

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(config-user)# show
User:

ID:

```
.
User Name= joe1
Full Name= joejoe
Password= 1234
Role= guest
```

# Configure Guest Access Commands

Use the guest-access commands to configure guest access services. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-guest-access context.

#### guest-access

To create/configure a Guest Access service and enter the config-guest-access context, use the following command:

```
guest-access <WORD>
```

### Example

```
ruckus(config) # guest-access guestpolicy1
The Guest Access entry 'guestpolicy1' has been created.
ruckus(config-guest-access) #
```

## no guest-access

To delete a Guest Access service, use the following command:

```
no guest-access
```

#### Example

```
ruckus(config)# no guest-access guest1
The Guest Access 'guest1' has been deleted.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### abort

To exit the config-guest-access context without saving changes, use the abort command.

```
abort.
```

#### end

To save changes, and then exit the config-guest-access context, use the following command:

end

#### exit

To save changes, and then exit the config-guest-access context, use the following command:

exit

### quit

To exit the config-guest-access context without saving changes, use the quit command.

quit

#### name

To set the name of the guest access policy, use the following command:

name <WORD>

#### self-service

To enable guest pass self-registration, use the following command:

self-service

### no self-service

To disable guest pass self-registration, use the following command:

no self-service

#### guestpass-duration

To set the guest pass duration, use the following command:

```
guestpass-duration [hour|day|week] <NUMBER>
```

### guestpass-reauth

To set the guest pass reauthorization timeout, use the following command:

guestpass-reauth [min|hour|day|week] <NUMBER>

#### no guestpass-reauth

To disable guest pass reauthorization timeout, use the following command:

```
no guestpass-reauth
```

# guestpass-share-number

To set the limit on how many devices can share one guest pass, use the following command (valid values: [0, 10] and 0 means unlimited):

```
questpass-share-number <NUMBER>
```

### guestpass-sponsor

To enable guest pass sponsor approval, use the following command:

```
guestpass-sponsor
```

#### no guestpass-sponsor

To disable guest pass sponsor approval, use the following command:

```
no guestpass-sponsor
```

# guestpass-sponsor-auth-server

Sets the authentication server to 'Local Database' or to a specified AAA server name, use the following command:

```
questpass-sponsor-auth-server [local|name <WORD>]
```

# guestpass-sponsor-number

To set the number of sponsors that can be used for this guest pass service (valid values: [1,5]), use the following command:

```
guestpass-sponsor-number < NUMBER>
```

# guestpass-notification

To set the notification method for delivering guest passes, use the following command:

```
guestpass-notification < NUMBER>
```

### **Options**

- 1-Device Screen
- 2-Mobile
- 3-Email

#### 4-Mobile and Email

# guestpass-terms-and-conditions

To enable and set the terms and conditions, use the following command:

```
questpass-terms-and-conditions <WORD>
```

### no guestpass-terms-and-conditions

To disable the terms and conditions, use the following command:

```
no guestpass-terms-and-conditions
```

# onboarding

To configure onboarding portal options, use the following command:

```
onboarding [key-and-zeroit|zeroit]
```

### Syntax Description

onboarding	Enable onboarding portal.	
key-and-zeroit	Enables guest pass and zero-it activation.	
zeroit	Enables zero-it activation only.	

#### Defaults

Enabled, Guest Pass and Zero-IT.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-guest-access)# onboarding key-and-zeroit
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-guest-access)#
```

# no onboarding

To disable the onboarding portal, use the following command:

```
no onboarding
```

#### no authentication

To disable guest access authentication, use the following command:

no authentication

### Syntax Description

no authentication	Disable guest access authentication

#### Defaults

Fnabled.

# Example

ruckus(config-guest-access)# no authentication
The command was executed successfully.

# authentication guest-pass

To enable guest pass authentication for this guest access service, use the following command:

authentication quest-pass

# Syntax Description

authentication guest-	Enable guest pass authentication
pass	

### Example

ruckus(config-guest-access)# authentication guest-pass
The command was executed successfully.

#### no term-of-use

To hide the Terms of Use text on the guest pass access page, use the following command:

no term-of-use

no term-of-use	Hide Terms of Use	
----------------	-------------------	--

#### Defaults

Disabled.

### Example

ruckus(config-guest-access)# no term-of-use
The command was executed successfully.

#### term-of-use

To display and specify the Terms of Use text on the guest pass access page, use the following command:

term-of-use <WORD>

### Syntax Description

term-of-use	Display Terms of Use
<word></word>	Display this text as content of Terms of Use on Guest Pass access page

#### Defaults

Disabled.

#### Example

ruckus(config-guest-access)# term-of-use test.guest
The command was executed successfully.

### redirect

To set the URL to which to redirect a guest user after passing authentication, use the following command:

```
redirect [original | url <WORD>]
```

redirect	Set the URL to which the guest user will be redirected
original	Redirect user to the original page that he intended to visit
url <word></word>	Redirect user to a different URL. Specify the URL in
	<word>.</word>

#### Defaults

original

#### Example

ruckus(config-guest-access)# redirect url http://www.ruckuswireless.com

The command was executed successfully.

#### welcome-text

To configure the text to display on the guest access user login page, use the following command:

welcome-text <WORD>

### Syntax Description

welcome-text	Configure the welcome message
<word></word>	Use this as the welcome message

#### Defaults

Welcome to the Guest Access login page.

### Example

 ${\tt ruckus} \ ({\tt config-guest-access}) \ \# \ \ {\tt welcome-text} \ \ ``{\tt Welcome} \ \ {\tt to} \ \ {\tt the} \ \ {\tt Guest} \ \ {\tt Access} \ \ {\tt Login} \ \ {\tt Page}.''$ 

The command was executed successfully. ruckus(config-guest-access)#

#### show

To display the guest access policy settings, use the following command: show

### Syntax Description

show

Display the guest access settings

### Example

```
ruckus(config-guest-access)# show
Guest Access:
  Name = questservice1
  Onboarding Portal:
    Aspect = Guest pass and ZeroIT
  Authentication:
    Mode = Use guest pass authentication
   Multiple users to share a single quest pass = Disallowed
  Title = Welcome to the Guest Access login page.
  Terms of Use:
    Status = Disabled
  Redirection:
    Mode = To the URL that the user intends to visit
  Restricted Subnet Access:
      Rules:
        1:
          Description=
          Type= Deny
          Destination Address= local
          Destination Port= Any
          Protocol= Any
        2:
          Description=
          Type= Deny
          Destination Address= 10.0.0.0/8
          Destination Port= Any
          Protocol= Any
        3:
```

```
Description=
          Type= Deny
          Destination Address= 172.16.0.0/12
          Destination Port= Anv
          Protocol= Any
        4:
          Description=
          Type= Deny
          Destination Address= 192.168.0.0/16
          Destination Port= Anv
          Protocol= Any
  Restricted IPv6 Access:
      Rules:
        1:
          Description=
          Type= Deny
          Destination Address= local
          Destination Port= Any
          Protocol= Any
          ICMPv6 Type= Any
ruckus(config-guest-access)#
```

# Configuring Guest Access Restriction Rules

Use the following commands to configure restricted access rules for a guest policy. To use these commands, you must enter the config-guest-restrict-access context from within the config-guest-access context.

#### no restrict-access-order

To delete a restrict access order, use the following command:

```
no restrict-access-order <NUMBER>
```

no restrict-access- order	Delete a restrict access order
<number></number>	Delete this order ID

### Example

ruckus(config-guest-access)# no restrict-access-order 4

The Restricted Subnet Access entry has been removed from the Guest Access.

ruckus(config-guest-access)#

#### restrict-access-order

To create a new restrict access order or modify an existing restrict access order, use the following command:

restrict-access-order < NUMBER>

This command enters the config-guest-restrict-access context. The following commands are available from within this context:

help	Shows available commands
history	Shows a list of previously run commands.
abort	Exits the config-guest-restrict-access context without saving changes.
end	Saves changes, and then exits the config-guest-restrict-access context.
exit	Saves changes, and then exits the config-guest-restrict-access context.
quit	Exits the config-guest-restrict-access context without saving changes.
order < NUMBER>	Sets the guest access rule order.
description <word></word>	Sets the guest access rule description.

type [allow   deny]	Sets the guest access rule type to allow or deny.
destination [address <addr>   port <number word=""></number></addr>	Sets the destination address/port of a guest access rule.
protocol <number word=""></number>	Sets the protocol of a guest access rule.
show	Displays restricted subnet access settings.

#### show

To display guest access restriction settings, use the following command: show

### Syntax Description

show	Display guest access restriction settings

#### Defaults

None.

#### order

To configure the guest access rule order, use the following command: order <NUMBER>

# Syntax Description

order	Set the order of a guest access rule
<number></number>	Assign the rule this order

### Example

ruckus(config-guest-restrict-access)# order 3
The command was executed successfully.

# description

To set the description of a guest access rule, use the following command:

description <WORD>

### Syntax Description

description	Set the description of a guest access rule
<word></word>	Set this as description

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(config-guest-restrict-access)# description guestd3
The command was executed successfully.

# type allow

To set the guest access rule type to 'allow', use the following command: type allow

### Syntax Description

type	Set the guest access rule type
allow	Set the rule type to 'allow'

#### Defaults

Deny.

# Example

ruckus(config-guest-restrict-access)# type allow
The command was executed successfully.

# type deny

To set the guest access rule type to 'deny', use the following command: type deny

type	Set the guest access rule type
deny	Set the rule type to 'deny'

#### Defaults

Deny.

### Example

ruckus(config-guest-restrict-access)# type deny
The command was executed successfully.

#### destination address

To set the destination address of the rule, use the following command:

destination address <IP-ADDR/WORD>

### Syntax Description

destination address	Set the destination address of the rule
IP-ADDR/WORD	Set the destination to this IP address

#### Defaults

Any.

#### Example

 $\label{local_config} {\tt ruckus}\,({\tt config-guest-restrict-access})\,\#\,\,\, {\tt destination}\,\,\, {\tt address}\,\, \\ {\tt 192.168.0.20/24}$ 

The command was executed successfully.

# destination port

To set the destination port of the rule, use the following command: destination port <NUMBER/WORD>

Any.

## Example

ruckus(config-guest-restrict-access)# destination port 562
The command was executed successfully.

#### protocol

To set the protocol for the rule, use the following command:

protocol <NUMBER/WORD>

#### Syntax Description

protocol	Set the protocol for the rule
<number word=""></number>	Set to this protocol

#### Defaults

Any.

#### Example

ruckus(config-guest-restrict-access)# protocol 69
The command was executed successfully.

# Configure Hotspot Commands

Use the hotspot commands to configure the Master's hotspot settings. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-hotspot context.

# hotspot

To create a new hotspot or edit an existing entry and enter the config-hotspot context, use the following command:

hotspot <WORD>

hotspot	Create or edit a hotspot service
<word></word>	Name of hotspot service

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config)# hotspot hotspot1
The Hotspot entry 'hotspot1' has been loaded. To save the Hotspot
entry, type end or exit.
ruckus(config-hotspot)#
```

## no hotspot

To delete a hotspot record from the list, use the following command:

```
no hotspot <WORD>
```

### Syntax Description

hotspot	Create or edit a hotspot service
<word></word>	Name of hotspot service

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(config)# hotspot hotspot1
The Hotspot entry 'hotspot1' has been loaded. To save the Hotspot
entry, type end or exit.
ruckus(config-hotspot)#
```

#### abort

To exit the config-hotspot context without saving changes, use the abort command.

abort

Exit the hotspot settings without saving changes

abort

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# abort
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### end

To save changes, and then exit the config-hotspot context, use the following command:

end

### Syntax Description

end

Save changes, and then exit the context

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# end
The login page url can't be empty.
ruckus(config-hotspot)# end
The Hotspot entry has saved successfully.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### exit

To save changes, and then exit the config-hotspot context, use the following command:

exit

exit

Save changes, and then exit the context

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# exit
The login page url can't be empty
ruckus(config-hotspot)# exit
The Hotspot entry has saved successfully.
Your changes have been saved.
```

## quit

To exit the config-hotspot context without saving changes, use the quit command.

quit

## Syntax Description

quit

Exit the hotspot settings without saving changes

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# quit
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### show

To display the current hotspot settings, use the following command: show

show

Display the current hotspot settings

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# show
Hotspot:
ID:
1:
Name= h1
Login Page Url= http://172.18.110.122
Start Page= redirect to the URL that the user intends to visit.
Session Timeout= Disabled
Idle Timeout= Enabled
Timeout= 60 Minutes
Authentication Server= Local Database
Accounting Server= Disabled
Location ID=
Location Name=
Walled Garden 1=
Walled Garden 2=
Walled Garden 3=
Walled Garden 4=
Walled Garden 5=
Rules:
Order= 1
Description= h1 order1
Type= Deny
Destination Address= 192.168.20.20/24
Destination Port= 920
Protocol= 58
```

#### name

To set the hotspot name, use the following command name <WORD>

name	Set the hotspot name
<word></word>	Set to this name

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# name ruckus1
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### smartclient

Use the following command to enable WISPr smart client support smartclient [secure https] [secure http] [wispr-only secure https] [wispr-only secure-http] [info]

# Syntax Description

smartclient	Enable WISPr smartclient support.
secure https	Enables WISPr smart client support with HTTPS security.
secure http	Enables WISPr smart client support with no security.
wispr-only secure https	Enables only WISPr smart client support with HTTPS security.
wispr-only secure http	Enables only WISPr smart client support with no security.
info	Sets the instruction to guide user to login by Smart Client application.

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# smartclient secure https
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-hotspot)#
```

#### no smartclient

To disable WISPr Smart Client support, use the following command:

no smartclient

# login-page

To set the URL of the hotspot login, use the following command:

```
login-page [original|<WORD>]
```

### Syntax Description

login-page	Set the URL of the hotspot login
<word></word>	Set to this URL
original	Redirect to the URL that the user intends to visit

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# login-page http://ruckuswireless.com
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

#### start-page

To set the URL or page to which the user will be redirected after logging into the hotspot, use the following command:

```
start-page [original | url <WORD>]
```

start-page	Set the URL or page to which the user will be redirected after logging into the hotspot
original	Redirect user to the original page he or she intended to visit
url <word></word>	Redirect use to another page. Set the URL of the page in <wordinates< td=""></wordinates<>

#### original

ruckus(config-hotspot)# start-page url

http://www.ruckuswireless.com

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### no session-timeout

To disable the session timeout for hotspot usage, use the following command:

no session-timeout

# Syntax Description

no session-timeout	Disable the session timeout for hotspot usage

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(config-hotspot)# no session-timeout

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

### session-timeout

To enable and set the session timeout for hotspot usage, use the following command:

session-timeout <minutes>

session-timeout	Disable the session timeout for hotspot usage
<minutes></minutes>	Set the session timeout to this value (in minutes)

#### 1440 minutes

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# session-timeout 20
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

### no grace-period

To disable the grace period (idle timeout) for hotspot users, use the following command:

no grace-period

### Syntax Description

no grace-period	Disable the idle timeout for hotspot users

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# no grace-period
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

# grace-period

To enable and set the grace period (idle timeout) for hotspot users, use the following command:

grace-period <minutes>

grace-period	Set the idle timeout for hotspot users
<minutes></minutes>	Set the idle timeout to this value (in minutes)

#### 60 minutes

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# grace-period 20
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### auth-server local

To use Unleashed as the authentication server for hotspot users, use the following command:

auth-server local

### Syntax Description

auth-server	Set an authentication server for hotspot users
local	Use Unleashed as the authentication server

#### Defaults

local

# Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# auth-server local
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### auth-server name

To use an external server for authenticating hotspot users, use the following command:

auth-server name <WORD>

# Syntax Description

auth-server name	Set an external authentication server for hotspot users
<word></word>	Use this server as the authentication server

### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot) # auth-server name radius1
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-hotspot) #
```

# auth-server name no-mac-bypass

To disable MAC authentication bypass (no redirection), use the following command: auth-server name <WORD> no-mac-bypass

# auth-server name mac-bypass

To enable MAC authentication bypass (no redirection) and use password as authentication password, use the following command:

auth-server name <WORD> mac-bypass [mac | password <WORD>]

auth-server name	Set an external authentication server for hotspot users
<word></word>	Authentication server name
mac-bypass	Enable MAC auth bypass
mac	Enables MAC authentication bypass (no redirection) and use device MAC address as authentication password.
password <word></word>	Enables MAC authentication bypass (no redirection) and use password as authentication password.
mac-in-dot1x	Use device MAC address as authentication password and enable to send username and password in 802.1X format of 00-10-A4-23-19-C0 (by default 0010a42319c0).

password-in-dot1x <word></word>	Use password as authentication password and enable to send username and password in
	802.1Xformatof00-10-A4-23-19-C0(bydefault 0010a42319c0).

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# auth-server name radius1 mac-bypass mac
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-hotspot)#
```

# auth-server name mac-bypass mac-addr-format

To set MAC auth username and password to one of the following formats, use the following command:

```
auth-server name <WORD> mac-bypass mac-addr-format
[FORMAT]
```

auth-server name	Set an external authentication server for hotspot users
<word></word>	Authentication server name
mac-bypass	Enable MAC auth bypass
mac-addr-format	Enable MAC authentication bypass (no redirection) and use device MAC address as authentication password.
[FORMAT]	Set the MAC address format.
aabbccddeeff	Set the MAC address format to aabbccddeeff.
aa-bb-cc-dd-ee-ff	Set the MAC address format to aa-bb-cc-dd-ee-ff.

aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff	Set the MAC address format to aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff.
AABBCCDDEEFF	Set the MAC address format to AABBCCDDEEFF.
AA-BB-CC-DD-EE-FF	Set the MAC address format to AA-BB-CC-DD- EE-FF.
AA:BB:CC:DD:EE:FF	Set the MAC address format to AA:BB:CC:DD:EE:FF.

#### acct-server

To enable the accounting server for hotspot usage, use the following command: acct-server <WORD>

# Syntax Description

acct-server	Enable the accounting server for hotspot usage
<word></word>	Name of the AAA server

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# acct-server "RADIUS Accounting"
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-hotspot)#
```

#### no acct-server

To disable the accounting server for hotspot usage, use the following command: no acct-server

# Syntax Description

no acct-server	Disable the accounting server for hotspot usage
----------------	---

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

ruckus(config-hotspot)# no acct-server

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

# acct-server interim-update

To enable and set the accounting server for hotspot usage, use the following command:

acct-server <WORD> interim-update <NUMBER>

# Syntax Description

no acct-server	Enable and set the accounting server for hotspot usage
<word></word>	Set to this accounting server
interim-update	Set the interim update interval
<number></number>	Set to this interval (in minutes)

#### Defaults

5 minutes

# Example

ruckus(config-hotspot)# acct-server asd interim-update 10

The AAA server 'asd' could not be found. Please check the spelling, and then try again.

ruckus(config-hotspot)# acct-server acct1 interim-update 20

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### client-isolation

To enable wireless client isolation (on AP or across APs), use the following command:

client-isolation [isolation-on-ap|isolation-across-ap]
[enable|disable]

# Syntax Description

client-isolation	Enable client isolation.
isolation-on-ap	Enable client isolation per AP.
isolation-on-subnet	Enable spoof guarding and across AP client isolation using whitelist.

#### Defaults

Disabled

### Example

ruckus(config-hotspot)# client-isolation isolation-on-ap enable
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.

ruckus(config-hotspot)# client-isolation isolation-on-subnet
enable

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type  $\mbox{'end'}$  or  $\mbox{'exit'}.$ 

ruckus (config-hotspot) #

# whitelist

To apply a client isolation whitelist to this Hotspot, use the following command: whitelist name <WORD>

#### location-id

To set the location ID of the hotspot, use the following command:

location-id <location-id>

# Syntax Description

location-id	Set the location ID of the hotspot
<pre><location-id></location-id></pre>	Set to this location ID

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(config-hotspot)# location-id us

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### location-name

To set the location name of the hotspot, use the following command:

location-name <location-name>

### Syntax Description

location-name	Set the location name of the hotspot
<pre><location-name></location-name></pre>	Set to this location name

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(config-hotspot)# location-name shenzhen

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

#### walled-garden

To set a hotspot "walled garden" URL, use the following command:

walled-garden <INDEX> <WORD>

# Syntax Description

walled-garden	Create a walled garden rule
<index></index>	Enter walled garden URL index. (1~35)
<word></word>	Destination URL

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# walled-garden 1 www.ruckuswireless.com
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-hotspot)#
```

# no walled-garden

To delete a walled garden URL, use the following command no walled-garden <INDEX>

### Syntax Description

walled-garden	Delete a walled garden rule
<index></index>	Enter walled garden URL index. (1~35)

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# no walled-garden 1
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-hotspot)#
```

# Configuring Hotspot Restricted Access Rules

The following commands are used to create and modify Hotspot restricted access rules. Use the restrict-access-order command from the config-hotspot context to enter the config-hotspot-restrict-access context.

#### restrict-access-order

To create a new restrict access order or modify an existing restrict access order, use the following command:

restrict-access-order <NUMBER>

restrict-access-order	Add a restrict access order
<number></number>	Add this order ID
order <number></number>	Sets the hotspot rule order.
description <word></word>	Sets the hotspot rule description.
type allow	Sets the hotspot rule type to 'allow'.
type deny	Sets the hotspot rule type to 'deny'.
destination address <ip-addr word=""></ip-addr>	Sets the destination address of a hotspot rule.
destination port <number <br="">WORD&gt;</number>	Sets the destination port of a hotspot rule.

protocol < NUMBER/WORD>	Sets the protocol of a hotspot rule.
show	Displays the policy rule.

None.

# Example

#### no restrict-access-order

To delete a restrict access order, use the following command:

```
no restrict-access-order < NUMBER>
```

# Syntax Description

no restrict-access- order	Delete a restrict access order
<number></number>	Delete this order ID

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# no restrict-access-order 1
The rule '1' has been removed from the Hotspot.
```

# **Hotspot Access Restriction Commands**

Use the hotspot-restrict-access commands to configure network segments to which hotspot access will be blocked. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-hotspot-restrict-access context.

The same commands are available for IPv6 networks from the config-hotspot-restrict-access-ipv6 context.

#### end

To save changes, and then exit the config-hotspot-restrict-access context, use the following command:

end

### Syntax Description

end Save changes, and then exit the context	
---	--

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot-restrict-access)# end
ruckus(config-hotspot)#
```

#### exit

To save changes, and then exit the config-hotspot-restrict-access context, use the following command:

exit.

### Syntax Description

exit	Save changes, and then exit the context

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-hotspot-restrict-access)# exit
ruckus(config-hotspot)#
```

#### show

To display hotspot access restriction settings, use the following command: show

### Syntax Description

show	Display the hotspot access restriction settings

#### Defaults

None.

#### order

To configure the hotspot access rule order, use the following command: order <NUMBER>

# Syntax Description

order	Set the order of a hotspot access rule
<number></number>	Assign the rule this order

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot-restrict-access)# order 1
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

### description

To set the description of a hotspot access rule, use the following command: description <WORD>

description	Set the description of a hotspot access rule
<word></word>	Set this as description

None.

#### Example

ruckus(config-hotspot-restrict-access)# description h1\_order1
To set the hotspot access rule type to 'allow', use the following command:
 type allow

# Syntax Description

type	Set the hotspot access rule type
allow	Set the rule type to 'allow'

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

ruckus(config-hotspot-restrict-access)# type allow
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.

### type deny

To set the hotspot access rule type to 'deny', use the following command: type deny

# Syntax Description

type	Set the hotspot access rule type
deny	Set the rule type to 'deny'

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

ruckus(config-hotspot-restrict-access)# type deny
To set the destination address of the rule, use the following command:
 destination address <IP-ADDR/WORD>

### Syntax Description

destination address	Set the destination address of the rule
IP-ADDR/WORD	Set the destination to this IP address

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

ruckus(config-hotspot-restrict-access)# destination address
192.168.20.20/24

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

### destination port

To set the destination port of the rule, use the following command: destination port <NUMBER/WORD>

# Syntax Description

destination port	Set the destination port of the rule
<number word=""></number>	Set the destination to this port number

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

ruckus(config-hotspot-restrict-access)# destination port 920

To set the protocol for the rule, use the following command:

```
protocol <NUMBER/WORD>
```

### Syntax Description

protocol	Set the protocol for the rule
<number word=""></number>	Set to this protocol

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot-restrict-access)# protocol 58
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

# intrusion-prevention

To enable temporary blocking of Hotspot clients with repeated authentication attempts, use the following command:

```
intrusion-prevention
```

#### Defaults

Disabled.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-hotspot)# intrusion-prevention
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-hotspot)#
```

#### no intrusion-prevention

To disable temporary blocking of Hotspot clients with repeated authentication failure, use the following command:

```
no intrusion-prevention
```

```
ruckus(config-hotspot) # no intrusion-prevention
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-hotspot) #
```

# Configure Mesh Commands

Use the mesh commands to configure the Master's mesh networking settings. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-mesh context.

#### mesh

Use the mesh command to enter the config-mesh context and configure the mesh-related settings.

mesh

### Syntax Description

mesh

Configure mesh settings

#### Defaults

none

# Example

```
ruckus(config)# mesh
ruckus(config-mesh)#
```

#### abort

To exit the config-mesh context without saving changes, use the abort command.

#### end

To save changes, and then exit the config-mesh context, use the end command.

#### exit

To save changes, and then exit the config-mesh context, use the exit command.

#### quit

To exit the config-mesh context without saving changes, use the quit command.

#### show

To display the current mesh settings, use the following command: show

### Syntax Description

show	Display the current mesh settings	

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-mesh) # show
Mesh Settings:
Mesh Status= Enabled
Mesh Name(ESSID)= Mesh-000000000311
Mesh Passphrase= GdxW5CUgNn_SEHOPyCSxv_chHSca MH-OpnRGfX sRvwXBJL-wUsD64eK8CMEZfm
Mesh Hop Detection:
Status= Disabled
Mesh Downlinks Detection:
Status= Disabled
Tx. Rate of Management Frame=2Mbps
Beacon Interval= 200ms
ruckus(config-mesh) #
```

#### ssid

To set the SSID of the mesh network, use the following command: ssid <WORD/SSID>

ssid Set the SSID of the mesh network		
	ssid	Set the SSID of the mesh network

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-mesh) # ssid rks mesh
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

### passphrase

To set the passphrase that allows access to the mesh network, use the following command:

passphrase <WORD>

# Syntax Description

passphrase	Set the passphrase that allows access to the mesh network
<word></word>	Set to this passphrase

### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-mesh) # passphrase test123456
```

The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or 'exit'.

# hops-warn-threshold

To enable and configure the mesh hop threshold, use the following command: hops-warn-threshold <NUMBER>

# Syntax Description

hops-warn-threshold	Set the mesh hop threshold (max hops)
<number></number>	Set to this threshold value

#### Defaults

5

# Example

```
ruckus(config-mesh)# hops-warn-threshold 6
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

### no detect-hops

To disable the mesh hop threshold, use the following command:

```
no detect-hops
```

# Syntax Description

no detect-hops Disable the mesh hop the	nreshold
---	----------

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-mesh) # no detect-hops
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

#### fan-out-threshold

To enable and configure the mesh downlink threshold, use the following command: fan-out-threshold <NUMBER>

### Syntax Description

fan-out-threshold	Set the mesh downlink threshold (max downlinks)
<number></number>	Set to this threshold value

#### Defaults

5

### Example

```
ruckus(config-mesh)# fan-out-threshold 8
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

#### no detect-fanout

To disable the mesh downlink threshold, use the following command:

no detect-fanout

### Syntax Description

no detect-fanout	Disable the mesh downlink threshold

# Example

```
ruckus(config-mesh)# no detect-fanout
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
```

#### beacon-interval

To set the beacon interval for mesh links, use the following command:

beacon-interval <NUMBER>

# Syntax Description

beacon-interval	Set the beacon interval for mesh links
<number></number>	Enter the beacon interval (100~1000 TUs)

#### Defaults

200

### Example

```
ruckus(config-mesh) # beacon-interval 200
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-mesh) #
```

### mgmt-tx-rate

To set the transmit rate for management frames, use the following command: mgmt-tx-rate <RATE>

# Syntax Description

mgmt-tx-rate	Set the max transmit rate for management frames
<rate></rate>	Set the transmit rate (in Mbps).

#### Defaults

2

```
ruckus(config-mesh) # mgmt-tx-rate 2
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-mesh) #
```

# mesh-uplink-selection static

Sets static on mesh uplinks, the default is static.

mesh-uplink selection static

# Syntax Description

mesh-uplink-selection	Set the mesh uplink selection method.
static	Set mesh uplink selection to static.

#### Defaults

Static

# Example

```
ruckus(config-mesh)# mesh-uplink-selection static
Nothing changed
ruckus(config-mesh)#
```

# mesh-uplink-selection dynamic

Sets dynamic on mesh uplinks.

mesh-uplink selection dynamic

# Syntax Description

mesh-uplink-selection	Set the mesh uplink selection method.
dynamic	Set mesh uplink selection to dynamic.

#### Defaults

Static

### Example

ruckus(config-mesh)# mesh-uplink-selection dynamic
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type
'end' or 'exit'.

# Configure Alarm Commands

Use the alarm commands to configure the Master's alarm notification settings. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-alarm context.

#### alarm

To enter the config-alarm context, use the following command.

### Example

```
ruckus(config) # alarm
ruckus(config-alarm) #
```

#### no alarm

To disable alarm settings, use the following command:

```
no alarm
```

### Example

```
ruckus(config) # no alarm
The Alarm settings have been updated.
ruckus(config) #
```

#### abort

To exit the config-alarm context without saving changes, use the abort command.

abort

### Syntax Description

abort

Exit the alarm settings without saving changes

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-alarm)# abort
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### end

To save changes, and then exit the config-alarm context, use the following command:

end

### Syntax Description

end

Save changes, and then exit the context

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-alarm)# end
The Alarm settings have been updated.
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### exit

To save changes, and then exit the config-alarm context, use the following command:

exit

exit	Save changes, and then exit the context
	9 ,

None.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-alarm)# exit
The Alarm settings have been updated.
Your changes have been saved.
```

#### quit

To exit the config-alarm context without saving changes, use the quit command.

quit

### Syntax Description

quit	Exit the alarm settings without saving changes
quit	Extra a dam octarigo waroar caving onangoo

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-alarm)# quit
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### show

To display the current alarm settings, use the following command: show

# Syntax Description

show	Display the current alarm settings

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config) # alarm
ruckus(config-alarm) # show
Alarm:
   Status= Enabled
   Email Address= johndoe@gmail.com
   E-mail From = Unleashed@ruckuswireless.com
   SMTP Server Name= smtp.gmail.com
   SMTP Server Port= 587
   SMTP Authentication Username= johndoe@gmail.com
   SMTP Authentication Password= ********
   wait time=
   SMTP Encryption Options:
    TLS= Enabled
   STARTTLS= Enabled
ruckus(config-alarm)#
```

# Configure Alarm-Event Settings

Use the alarm-event commands to configure which events will trigger Unleashed email alerts. Entering this command enters the config-alarm-event context.

#### alarm-event

To enter the config-alarm-event context and configure email alarm notifications for specific event types, use the following command:

```
alarm-event
```

#### event

To enable email alarm notifications for a specific alarm event, use the following command:

```
event <WORD>
```

ap-lost-contacted	AP lost contact
ssid-spoofing-ap-detected	SSID spoofing AP detected
mac-spoofing-ap-detected	MAC spoofing AP detected
rogue-dhcp-server-detected	Rogue DHCP server expired
lan-rogue-ap-detected	LAN Rogue AP detected
radius-server-unavailable	radius authentication server unreachable
ap-has-hardware-problem	AP hardware problem radius-
radius accounting-server-unava	llable radius accounting server
unreachable	

gateway-unreachable	gateway unreachable
ap-radio-on	ap radio on
ap-radio-off	ap radio off
master-switch	master switch
ap-join-with-reason	
	ap join with reason

#### All enabled

### Example

ruckus(config)# alarm-event

```
ruckus(config-alarm-event)# event all
ruckus(config-alarm-event) # show
Alarm Events Notify By Email:
                                                    enabled
 MSG AP lost=
                                                    enabled
 MSG SSID spoofing AP detected =
  MSG MAC spoofing AP detected=
                                                    enabled
  MSG admin rogue dhcp server =
                                                    enabled
  MSG same network spoofing AP detected =
                                                    enabled
 MSG RADIUS auth unavailable =
                                                    enabled
 MSG AP hardware problem =
                                                    enabled
 MSG RADIUS acct unavailable =
                                                    enabled
  MSG GATEWAY unreachable =
                                                    enabled
 MSG AP RADIO ON =
                                                    enabled
 MSG AP RADIO OFF =
                                                    enabled
  UN switch role =
                                                    enabled
  MSG AP joined with reason =
                                                    enabled
  ruckus (config-alarm-event) #
```

#### no event

To disable email alarm notifications for specific event types, use the following command:

```
no event <event name>
```

no event	Disable email alarms for this event type
all	Disable email alarms for all event types

# Example

```
ruckus(config-alarm-event) # no event aaa-server-unreachable
ruckus(config-alarm-event) # show
Alarm Events Notify By Email:
 MSG AP lost=
                                                   disabled
 MSG SSID spoofing AP detected =
                                                   disabled
 MSG MAC spoofing AP detected=
                                                   disabled
 MSG admin roque dhcp server =
                                                   disabled
  MSG same network spoofing AP detected=
                                                   disabled
  MSG RADIUS auth unavailable =
                                                   disabled
  MSG AP hardware problem=
                                                   disabled
  MSG RADIUS acct unavailable =
                                                   disabled
                                                   disabled
  MSG GATEWAY unreachable=
                                                   disabled
  MSG AP RADIO ON =
  MSG AP RADIO OFF=
                                                   disabled
  UN switch role =
                                                   disabled
  MSG AP joined with reason=
                                                   disabled
```

ruckus (config-alarm-event) #

# Configure Services Commands

Use the services commands to configure miscellaneous service settings, such as automatic power and channel selection settings, ChannelFly, background scanning, rogue AP and rogue DHCP server detection, etc. To run these commands, you must first enter the config-services context.

#### abort

To exit the config-services context without saving changes, use the abort command.

abort.

### Syntax Description

abort Exit	the service settings without saving changes
------------	---

### Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# abort
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### end

To save changes, and then exit the config-services context, use the following command:

end

### Syntax Description

end Save changes, and then exit the co	ntext
--	-------

# Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# end
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### exit

To save changes, and then exit the config-services context, use the following command:

exit

# Syntax Description

exit	Save changes, and then exit the context

```
ruckus(config-services)# exit
Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

#### quit

To exit the config-services context without saving changes, use the quit command.

quit

### Syntax Description

quit Exit the service settings without saving changes

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# quit
No changes have been saved.
ruckus(config)#
```

# auto-adjust-ap-power

To enable the auto adjustment of the AP radio power, which helps optimize radio coverage when radio interference is present, use the following command:

```
auto-adjust-ap-power
```

### Syntax Description

auto-adjust-ap-power Enable the auto adjustment of the AP radio power
---

#### Defaults

Disabled.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# auto-adjust-ap-power
The command was executed successfully.
```

# no auto-adjust-ap-power

To disable the auto adjustment of the AP radio power, which helps optimize radio

coverage when radio interference is present, use the following command:

```
no auto-adjust-ap-power
```

### Syntax Description

no auto-adjust-ap-power	Disable the auto adjustment of the AP radio
	power

#### Defaults

Disabled.

### Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# no auto-adjust-ap-power
The command was executed successfully.
```

# auto-adjust-ap-channel

To enable the auto adjustment of the AP radio channel when radio interference is present, use the following command:

```
auto-adjust-ap-channel
```

### Syntax Description

auto-adjust-ap-channel	Enable the auto adjustment of theAP
	radio channel

#### Defaults

None.

# Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# auto-adjust-ap-channel
The command was executed successfully.
```

# no auto-adjust-ap-channel

To disable the auto adjustment of the AP radio channel when radio interference is present, use the following command:

### Syntax Description

no auto-adjust-ap-channel	Disable the auto adjustment of theAP
	radio channel

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(config-services)# no auto-adjust-ap-channel
The command was executed successfully.

#### raps

To enable the Radar Avoidance Pre-Scanning (RAPS) feature on supported access points (SC-8800-S, 7782, 7781, etc.), use the following command: raps

#### no raps

To disable the Radar Avoidance Pre-Scanning (RAPS) feature on supported access points (SC-8800-S, 7782, 7781, etc.), use the following command:

no raps

# channelfly

To enable ChannelFly channel management, use the following command: channelfly [radio-2.4-mtbc | radio-5-mtbc] < NUMBER>

channelfly	Enable ChannelFly automatic adjustment of the AP radio channel
radio-2.4	Enable ChannelFly on the 2.4 GHz radio
radio-5	Enable ChannelFly on the 5 GHz radio
mtbc	Set the mean time between channel changes
<number></number>	Number in minutes (1~1440) to set as mean time

Enabled for both 2.4 and 5 GHz radios

MTBC: 100

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# channelfly radio-2.4 100
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-services)#
```

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# channelfly radio-2.4-mtbc 100
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-services)#
```

### no channelfly

To disable ChannelFly channel management, use the following command: no channelfly [radio-2.4 | radio-5]

### Syntax Description

no channelfly	Disable ChannelFly automatic adjustment of theAP radio channel
radio-2.4	Disable ChannelFly on the 2.4 GHz radio
radio-5	Disable ChannelFly on the 5 GHz radio

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-services)# no channelfly radio-2.4
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-services)# no channelfly radio-5
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-services)#
```

# background-scan

To enable background scanning and configure the scan interval, use the following command:

background-scan [radio-2.4-interval | radio-5-interval]
<NUMBER>

### Syntax Description

background-scan	Enable background scanning and configure the scan interval
radio-2.4-interval	Configure background scanning interval for the 2.4 GHz radio
radio-5-interval	Configure background scanning interval for the GHz radio
<number></number>	Perform background scan at this interval (in seconds)

#### Defaults

20 seconds

# Example

ruckus(config-services)# background-scan radio-2.4-interval 6
The command was executed successfully.

# no background-scan

To disable background scanning on the 2.4GHz radio, use the following command: no background-scan [radio-2.4|radio-5]

no background-scan	Disable background scanning
radio-2.4	Disable background scanning on the 2.4GHz radio
radio-5	Disable background scanning on the 5GHz radio

None

### Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# no background-scan radio-2.4
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-services)# no background-scan radio-5
The command was executed successfully.
```

#### aeroscout-detection

To enable detection of AeroScout RFID Tags by APs that are managed by Zone-Director, use the following command:

aeroscout-detection

### Syntax Description

Enable detection in the raggety 7 in 3	aeroscout-detection	Enable detection of AeroScout RFID Tags by APs
--	---------------------	--

#### Defaults

Disabled

### Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# aeroscout-detection
The command was executed successfully.
```

#### no aeroscout-detection

To disable detection of AeroScout RFID Tags by APs that are managed by ZoneDirertor, use the following command:

no aeroscout-detection

no aeroscout-detection	Disable detection of AeroScout RFID Tags by
	APs

Disabled

# Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# no aeroscout-detection
The command was executed successfully.
```

#### ekahau

To enable and set Ekahau Blink support with ERC IP and port, use the following command:

```
ekahau <ERC IP> <ERC Port>
```

#### Defaults

Disabled

```
ruckus(config-services) # ekahau 10.10.10.1 500
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-services) # show
Services:
  Automatically adjust ap radio power= Disabled
 Automatically adjust ap channel= Enabled
  Channelfly works on 2.4GHz radio:
    Status= Disabled
  Channelfly works on 5GHz radio:
    Status= Disabled
  Run a background scan on 2.4GHz radio:
    Status= Enabled
   Time= 2000 seconds
  Run a background scan on 5GHz radio:
    Status= Enabled
    Time= 2000 seconds
  AeroScout RFID tag detection= Disabled
  Tunnel encryption for tunneled traffic= Disabled
  Block multicast traffic from network to tunnel= Block non well-
known
```

```
Block broadcast traffic from network to tunnel except ARP and DHCP= Disabled

Tunnel Proxy ARP of tunnel WLAN:

status= Disabled
ageing time= 0

Packet Inspection Filter(PIF) uplink process= Disabled
Packet Inspection Filter(PIF) rate limit:
status= Disabled
RAPS= Enabled
EKHAU settings:
status= Enabled
ERC IP= 10.10.10.1
ERC port= 500
ruckus(config-services)#
```

#### no ekahau

To disable Ekahau Blink support, use the following command:

no ekahau

#### Defaults

Disabled

# Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# no ekahau
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-services)#
```

# pif

To enable Packet Inspection Filter and set rate limiting threshold, use the following command:

```
pif [uplink-proc | rate-limit <NUMBER>]
```

pif	Enable Packet Inspection Filter
uplink-proc	Enable uplink process of Packet Inspection Filter

rate-limit	Enable and set Broadcast Neighbor Discovery Packets (ARP and ICMPv6 Neighbor Solicit) rate limit threshold.
<number></number>	Rate limiting threshold for PIF feature.

```
ruckus(config-services)# pif uplink-proc
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-services)# pif rate-limit 1000
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-services) # show
Services:
 Automatically adjust ap radio power= Disabled
  Automatically adjust ap channel= Enabled
  Channelfly works on 2.4GHz radio:
    Status= Disabled
  Channelfly works on 5GHz radio:
    Status= Disabled
  Run a background scan on 2.4GHz radio:
    Status= Enabled
    Time= 20 seconds
  Run a background scan on 5GHz radio:
    Status= Enabled
    Time= 20 seconds
  AeroScout RFID tag detection= Disabled
  Tunnel encryption for tunneled traffic= Enabled
  Block multicast traffic from network to tunnel= Disabled
  Block broadcast traffic from network to tunnel except ARP and
DHCP= Disabled
  Tunnel Proxy ARP of tunnel WLAN:
    status= Disabled
  Packet Inspection Filter(PIF) uplink process= Enabled
  Packet Inspection Filter(PIF) rate limit:
    status= Enabled
    rate limit= 1000
ruckus (config-services) #
```

### no pif

To disable uplink process of packet inspection filter or disables Broadcast Neighbor

Discovery Packets (ARP and ICMPv6 Neighbor Solicit), use the following command:

```
no pif [uplink-proc | rate-limit]
```

#### Example

```
ruckus(config-services)# no pif uplink-proc
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-services)# no pif rate-limit
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-services)#
```

#### show

To display the current service settings, use the following command: show

#### Syntax Description

show

Display the current service settings

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(config-services)# show
Services:
   Automatically adjust ap radio power= Disabled
   Automatically adjust ap channel= Enabled
   Channelfly works on 2.4GHz radio:
      Status= Disabled
   Channelfly works on 5GHz radio:
      Status= Disabled
   Run a background scan on 2.4GHz radio:
      Status= Enabled
      Time= 2000 seconds
   Run a background scan on 5GHz radio:
      Status= Enabled
      Time= 2000 seconds
   AeroScout RFID tag detection= Disabled
```

```
Tunnel encryption for tunneled traffic= Disabled

Block multicast traffic from network to tunnel= Block non well-
known

Block broadcast traffic from network to tunnel except ARP and

DHCP= Disabled

Tunnel Proxy ARP of tunnel WLAN:

status= Disabled

ageing time= 0

Packet Inspection Filter(PIF) uplink process= Disabled

Packet Inspection Filter(PIF) rate limit:

status= Disabled

ruckus(config-services)#
```

## Configure WIPS Commands

Use the wips commands to configure Wireless Intrusion Prevention settings. Torun these commands, you must first enter the config-wips context.

#### wips

Use the following command to enter the config-wips context and configure WIPS settings:

wips

#### Syntax Description

help	Shows available commands
history	Shows a list of previously run commands
end	Saves changes, and the exits the config-wips context
exit	Saves changes, and the exits the config-wips context
no <word></word>	Disable WIPS services
protect-excessive-wireless-request	<ssid-spoofing same-network user blocked mac-spoofing]&gt;</ssid-spoofing same-network user 
temp-block-auth-failed-client time <number></number>	

rogue-report <[all] | [malicious

Enables protecting the wireless network against excessive wireless requests

Temporarily block wireless clients with repeated authentication failures for the specified time (in seconds)

Enables report rogue devices in ZD event log. all: Report all rogue devices.

malicious [ssid-spoofing] [samenetwork] [user- blocked] [macspoofing]: Report particular malicious type.

malicious-report	Enables protecting the network from malicious rogue access points
rogue-dhcp-detection	Enables rogue DHCP server detection
show	Displays the WIPS settings

```
ruckus (config) # wips
ruckus(config-wips) # show
 Protect my wireless network against excessive wireless requests=
Disabled
 Temporarily block wireless clients with repeated authentication
failures:
    Status= Enabled
    Time= 30 seconds
  Report rogue devices in ZD event log= Enabled
  Protect the network from malicious roque access points= Disabled
  Rogue DHCP server detection= Enabled
ruckus(config-wips) # temp-block-auth-failed-client time 30
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-wips)# rogue-report all
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-wips) # rogue-report malicious same-network
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-wips)# roque-dhcp-detection
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-wips)# no roque-dhcp-detection
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-wips) # no roque-report
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(config-wips)# show
 Protect my wireless network against excessive wireless requests=
Disabled
 Temporarily block wireless clients with repeated authentication
failures:
    Status= Enabled
    Time= 30 seconds
  Report roque devices in ZD event log= Disabled
  Protect the network from malicious roque access points= Disabled
  Roque DHCP server detection= Disabled
```

## Configure mDNS (Bonjour) Commands

Use the following commands to configure mDNS (Bonjour Gateway) service.

#### mdnsproxy

Use the following command to enable mDNS proxy (Bonjour Gateway) service: mdnsproxy [zd|ap]

#### no mdnsproxy

Use the following command to disable mDNS proxy (Bonjour Gateway) service:
no mdnsproxy [zd|ap]

#### mdnsproxyrule

Use the following command to create a new Bonjour Gateway rule or modify an existing rule, and enter the config-mdnsproxyrule context:

mdnsproxyrule <ID>

#### no mdnsproxyrule

Use the following command to delete a Bonjour Gateway rule:

no mdnsproxyrule <ID>

## Configuring a Bonjour Policy

The following commands can be used from within the config-bonjourpolicy context to configure the Bonjour policy.

#### bonjour-policy

To create or edit a Bonjour policy, use the following command:

bonjour-policy <WORD>

help	Shows available commands
history	Shows a list of previously run commands

no mdnsproxyrule	Delete mDNSproxy rule
mdnsproxyrule <id></id>	Add/update mDNSproxy rules
note <note></note>	Rule comments
end	Save the current rule and quit
exit	Save the current rule and quit
abort	Discard the current rule and quit
quit	Discard the current rule and quit

```
ruckus(config) # bonjour-policy bonjour1
ruckus(config-bonjourpolicy) # note bonjourpolicy1
ruckus(config-bonjourpolicy) # end

Your changes have been saved.
ruckus(config) # show bonjour-policy
bonjour-policy:
   ID: 1
   Name: bonjour1
   Description: bonjourpolicy1
   rule:
ruckus(config) #
```

#### no bonjour-policy

To delete a Bonjour policy, use the following command:

```
no bonjour-policy <WORD>
```

## Configuring mDNS Proxy Rules

The following commands can be used from within the config-mdnsproxyrule context to configure the Bonjour Gateway bridge service rule.

help	Shows available commands
history	Shows a list of previously run commands
service <service-name></service-name>	Service name in ? list, or new bonjour rule

from-vlan <vlan-from></vlan-from>	VLAN from
to-vlan <vlan-to></vlan-to>	VLAN to
note <note></note>	Rule comments
show	Show the current edited rule
end	Save the current rule and quit
abort	Discard the current rule and quit
quit	Discard the current rule and quit

```
ruckus(config-bonjourpolicy)# mdnsproxyrule 1
ruckus(config-policyrule)# service AirDisk
ruckus(config-policyrule)# from-vlan 220
ruckus(config-policyrule) # to-vlan 1
ruckus(config-policyrule)# note "share printer to vlan1"
ruckus(config-policyrule)# end
ruckus(config-bonjourpolicy)# end
ruckus(config) # show bonjour-policy
bonjour-policy:
  ID: 1
  Name: bonjour1
  Description: bonjourpolicy1
  rule:
   1:
   mdnsservice: AirDisk
    from vlan: br0.220
                    br0
    to vlan:
    Notes: share printer to vlan1
ruckus (config) #
```

## **Using Debug Commands**

4

#### In this chapter:

- Debug Commands Overview
- General Debug Commands
- Show Commands
- Accessing a Remote AP CLI
- Working with Debug Logs and Log Settings
- Remote Troubleshooting
- AP Core Dump Collection
- Script Execution

## **Debug Commands Overview**

This section describes the commands that you can use to debug ZoneDirector and connected APs, and to configure debug log settings. From the privileged commands context, type **debug** to enter the debug context. To show a list of commands available from within the debug context, type help or ?.

## General Debug Commands

The following section describes general debug commands can be executed from within the debug context.

#### help

Shows available commands.

#### list-all

List all available commands.

#### history

Shows a list of previously run commands.

### quit

Exits the debug context.

#### delete-station

To deauthorize the station with the specified MAC address, use the following command.

delete-station <MAC>

#### Syntax Description

delete-station	Delete the station with the specified MAC address
<mac></mac>	The MAC address of the station that will be deleted

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus# debug
```

```
ruckus(debug)# delete-station 00:10:77:01:00:01
```

The command was executed successfully.

#### restart-ap

To restart the device with the specified MAC address, use the restart ap command.

restart-ap <MAC>

#### Syntax Description

restart-ap	Restart the device with the specified MAC address
<mac></mac>	The MAC address of the device to be restarted

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

ruckus# debug

```
ruckus(debug)# restart-ap 00:13:92:EA:43:01
The command was executed successfully.
```

#### wlaninfo

Configures and enables debugging of WLAN service settings. Enter wlaninfo without arguments to see all options.

wlaninfo <OPTIONS>

#### Syntax Description

wlaninfo	Enable logging of WLAN info
<options></options>	Configure WLAN debug information options

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus (debug) # wlaninfo -W -x
WLAN svc "Rhastah1" (id=1):
  WLAN ID = 0, ref cnt = 7
  SSID = "Rhastah1" enabled
  Apply to 11a and 11g/b radios
 Closed system = No, Privacy = Enabled, ACL enabled Guest-WLAN = No
  WISPr-WLAN = No
  Access Policy = 0/0, Web Auth = No, grace period = 0 (0 means
disable), max clients = 100
  WMM = enabled priority = 0 uplink = DISABLE downlink = DISABLE
 Cipher = Clear Text Local bridging = Enabled, DHCP relay = Disabled,
vlan = 1, dvlan = Disabled, bgscan = Enabled
  Proxy ARP = Disabled (IE:Disabled)
  wep key index = 0, wep key len = 0
  PAP message authenticator = Enabled, EAP-Failure = Disabled
  Device Policy = 0, Precedence = 1
  Smart Roam = Disabled Roam-factor = 1
  Hotspot2.0--WLAN = No (id=0)
  Num of VAP deployed: 6
    VAP: 04:4f:aa:0c:b1:0c, number of stations = 0
    VAP: 04:4f:aa:0c:b1:08, number of stations = 0
    VAP: c0:c5:20:3b:91:fc, number of stations = 1
    VAP: c0:c5:20:3b:91:f8, number of stations = 0
    VAP: c4:10:8a:1f:d1:fc, number of stations = 1
    VAP: c4:10:8a:1f:d1:f8, number of stations = 0
  ACL 1 (System): default=Allowed system-wide=yes
  Auth Policy:
    Auth Algorithms: RSN/PSK RSN/Dynamic PSK
    Auth Server Type: None
    WPA Verson: WPA2
    WPA Auth and Key Managment: WPA PSK
    WPA PSK Pass Phrase:password
    WPA PSK Prev Pass Phrase:
    WPA PSK Pass Phrase (Hex):
        31306173 68613130
    WPA PSK:
        6aa94bac df5346ac ecc7d38f a14a6dbf
        7ba6f6f8 df2a4943 b23c9655 ac4f33de
```

```
WPA Prev PSK:
        00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
        00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
   GTK life time = 28800 seconds, GTK Life size = 2000 Kpkts
   GMK life time = 86400 seconds, Strict Rekey = No
   WPA Group Cipher Suites:0x00000010
     CCMP
   WPA Pairwise Cipher Suites:0x00000010
 NASID Type: = wlan-bssid
 PMK Cache Time: = 43200
 PMK Cache for Reconnect: = enabled
 Roaming Acct-Inerim-Update: = disabled
 Called-Station-Id-type: 0
 Classification: enabled
 UDP Heuristic Classification: enabled
 Directed Multicast: enabled
 IGMP Snooping: enabled
 MLD Snooping: disabled
 ToS Classification: enabled
 Dot1p Classification: disabled
 Multicast Filter: disabled
 Directed Threshold: 5
 Priority: Voice: 0 Video: 2 Data: 4 Background: 6
 Force DHCP: disabledTimeout:10
*** Total WLAN Entries: 1 ***
ruckus (debug) #
```

#### save\_debug\_info

Saves debug information.

```
save_debug_info <IP-ADDR> <FILE-NAME>
```

save_debug_info	Save debug log file
<ip-addr></ip-addr>	The destination IP address
<file-name></file-name>	The destination file name

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus(debug)# save_debug_info 192.168.11.26 log.log
Creating debug info file ...
Done
Sending debug info file to "log.log@192.168.11.26" ...
...
ruckus(debug)#
```

#### save-config

Upload the configuration file to the designated TFTP site.

```
save-config <IP-ADDR> <FILE-NAME>
```

#### Syntax Description

save-config	Upload the configuration file
<ip-addr></ip-addr>	The destination IP address
<file-name></file-name>	The destination file name

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(debug)# save-config 192.168.11.26 config.log
Creating backup config file
Done
Uploading backup config file
...
ruckus(debug)#
```

## **Show Commands**

This section describes the show commands available within the debug context.

#### show ap

Displays a list of all approved devices.

```
show ap
```

#### Syntax Description

show ap Display a list of all approved APs

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus(debug) # show ap
AP:
    ID:
    1:
        MAC Address= 6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30
        Model= r500
        Approved= Yes
        Device Name= R500-Unleashed
        ...
        ruckus(debug) #
```

#### show station

Displays a list of all connected stations (or clients).

```
show station
```

### Syntax Description

show station
--------------

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus (debug) # show station
Clients List:
  Client:
    MAC Address= 6c:62:6d:1b:e3:00
    User Name=
    IP Address= 192.168.11.11
    IPv6 Address=
    Access Point= 04:4f:aa:0c:b1:00
    WLAN= Ruckus1
    Channel= 1
    Signal (dB) = 53
  Client:
    MAC Address= 00:22:fb:ad:1b:2e
    User Name=
    IP Address= 192.168.11.7
    IPv6 Address=
    Access Point= 04:4f:aa:0c:b1:00
    WLAN= Ruckus1
    Channel = 165
    Signal (dB) = 42
ruckus (debug) #
```

#### show logs

Displays a list of debug log components. show logs

	-	Discless delessed as a second
show	Logs	Display debug log components

#### Defaults

None.

#### Example

```
ruckus(debug) # show logs
Debug Logs:
 All= Enabled
  Sys-mgmt= Enabled
 Mesh= Enabled
 Web-auth= Enabled
 Rf-mgmt= Enabled
  Radius= Enabled
 Hotspot-srv= Enabled
 Aps= Enabled
 Net-mgmt= Enabled
 802.1x = Enabled
  Web-svr= Enabled
  802.11= Enabled
  Dvlan= Enabled
   = Enabled
  Debug logs of specified MAC address:
    Status= Disabled
ruckus (debug) #
```

#### show remote-troubleshooting

Shows remote-troubleshooting status.

```
show remote-troubleshooting
```

### Syntax Description

```
show remote-
troubleshooting Display remote troubleshooting status
```

#### Defaults

None.

ruckus(debug)# show remote-troubleshooting

Ruckus CA troubleshooting is stopped!

The server addr is: None

ruckus(debug)#

#### ps

Displays information about all processes that are running (ps -aux). ps

## Syntax Description

ps Display a list of all running processes

#### Defaults

None.

ruckus	s (debug	g)# <b>ps</b>			
PID	PPID U	JSER	VSZ S	STAT	COMMAND
1	0	ruckus	1200	S	init
2	1	ruckus	0	SWN	[ksoftirqd/0]
3	1	ruckus	0	SW	[watchdog/0]
4	1	ruckus	0	SW<	[events/0]
5	1	ruckus	0	SW<	[khelper]
6	1	ruckus	0	SW<	[kthread]
7	6	ruckus	0	SW<	[kblockd/0]
8	6	ruckus	0	SW<	[khubd]
9	6	ruckus	0	SW	[pdflush]
10	6	ruckus	0	SW	[pdflush]
12	6	ruckus	0	SW<	[aio/0]
11	1	ruckus	0	SW	[kswapd0]
13	1	ruckus	0	SW	[mtdblockd]
14	6	ruckus	0	SW<	[scsi_eh_0]
15	6	ruckus	0	SW<	[usb-storage]
17	6	ruckus	0	SW<	[V54_bodygard/0]

Remote Troubleshooting

```
18
          1 ruckus
                          0 SW
                                 [pktgen/0]
   29
          6 ruckus
                          0 SW<
                                [reiserfs/0]
  104
          1 ruckus
                        956 S
                                  /usr/sbin/in.tftpd -l -s /etc/
airespider-images
  110
          1 ruckus
                        660 S
                                  /bin/wd feeder
  242
          1 ruckus
                      2572 S
                                 /bin/emf repo flashsync monitor 15
  243
          1 ruckus
                        944 S
                                  ttylogd
  246
                          0 SW<
                                [uif-246]
          1 ruckus
  260
          1 ruckus
                      14492 S
                                  stamgr -d3 -t0
        260 ruckus
  266
                      14492 S
                                  stamgr -d3 -t0
  267
        266 ruckus
                      14492 S <
                                 stamgr -d3 -t0
                                  stamgr -d3 -t0
  268
        266 ruckus
                      14492 S
  269
                       2268 S
          1 ruckus
                                  apmgr
  277
        269 ruckus
                       2268 S
                                  apmgr
  278
        277 ruckus
                       2268 S <
                                  apmgr
  299
          1 ruckus
                      19564 S
                                  emfd
  316
        299 ruckus
                      19564 S
                                  emfd
  317
        316 ruckus
                      19564 S
                                  emfd
  318
        316 ruckus
                      19564 S
                                  emfd
 322
         1 ruckus
                     1108 S
                               /usr/sbin/dropbear -e /bin/login.sh
-r /etc/air
  328
          1 ruckus
                       1188 S
                                  /bin/sh /bin/login.sh
  329
          1 ruckus
                       1188 S
                                  /bin/sh /bin/tacmon.sh
  331
          1 ruckus
                        676 S
                                 /bin/rhttpd
  332
          1 ruckus
                       1140 S < /bin/zapd
  333
          1 ruckus
                       1100 S <
                                /bin/clusterD
  334
        328 ruckus
                        856 S
                                  /bin/login
  335
        329 ruckus
                        680 S
                                  /bin/tacmon -i 30 -r 15
  347
          1 ruckus
                        808 S
                                  /bin/tsyslogd -r -h -n --rotate=7
  368
        277 ruckus
                       2268 S <
                                  apmgr
        277 ruckus
  369
                       2268 S <
                                  apmgr
 572
         1 ruckus
                      1184 S
                                /sbin/udhcpp -i br0 --
pidfile=/var/ run/udhcpp.p
  580
        316 ruckus
                      19564 S
                                  emfd
  612
        316 ruckus
                      19564 S
                                  emfd
  616
        316 ruckus
                      19564 S
                                  emfd
  622
                      19564 S
                                  emfd
        316 ruckus
  624
        299 ruckus
                       6132 S <
                                 webs &
  625
        316 ruckus
                      19564 S
                                  emfd
                       6132 S
  637
        624 ruckus
                                 webs &
  638
        637 ruckus
                       6132 S <
                                 webs &
  639
        637 ruckus
                       6132 S <
                                 webs &
```

640	637 ruckus	6132 S	< 7	webs	&	g
641	637 ruckus	6132 S	< 7	webs	&	
642	637 ruckus	6132 S	7	webs	&	
655	637 ruckus	6132 S	< 7	webs	&	
656	637 ruckus	6132 S	< 7	webs	&	
20503	316 ruckus	19564 S	•	emfd		
30679	1 ruckus	2672 S	/1	usr/s	bin/vsftpd	/etc/vsftpd2.conf
10220	322 ruckus	1184 S	/us	r/sb	in/dropbear	-e /bin/login.sh
-r /et	tc/air				_	
10221	10220 ruckus	1188 S		/bin/	sh /bin/log	in.sh
10222	10221 ruckus	856 S		/bin/	login	
10223	10222 ruckus	7972 S	-	rucku	ıs cli2	
10426	10223 ruckus	1188 S	:	sh -c	_ :/bin/ps -a	ux
10427	10426 ruckus	1188 R		/bin/	ps -aux	
ruckus	s (debug) #					

## Accessing a Remote AP CLI

The following command is used to access the command line interface of a connected AP and execute AP CLI commands from Unleashed. Configuration changes made through the AP CLI may be overwritten by Unleashed settings if the AP is restarted or reconnects to Unleashed.

#### remote\_ap\_cli

Use the remote\_ap\_cli command to access an AP remotely and execute AP CLI commands.

```
remote_ap_cli [-q] {-a ap_mac | -A } "cmd arg1 arg2 .."
```

remote_ap_cli	Execute CLI commands in a remote AP
-q	Do not display results
-a	Specify AP by MAC address
ap_mac	The AP's MAC address
-A	All connected APs
cmd	AP CLI command
arg	AP CLI command argument

## Working with Debug Logs and Log Settings

This section describes the commands that you can use to configure and review Unleashed debug logs.

#### logs all

Enables debug logs of all debug components.

NOTE Running this command can place considerable load on the system. If your Unleashed is already under load, running this command could potentially cause errors resulting in a reboot. In general, only use this command when working with Ruckus support to troubleshoot an issue.

#### Syntax Description

logs all Enable logging of all debug components

```
ruckus(debug) # logs all
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(debug) # show logs
Debug Logs:
   All= Enabled
   Sys-mgmt= Enabled
   Mesh= Enabled
```

```
Web-auth= Enabled
Rf-mgmt= Enabled
Radius= Enabled
Hotspot-srv= Enabled
Aps= Enabled
Net-mgmt= Enabled
802.1x= Enabled
Web-svr= Enabled
802.11= Enabled
Client-association= Enabled
Debug logs of specified MAC address:
Status= Disabled
ruckus(debug)#
```

#### no logs all

Disables debug logs of all debug components.

## Syntax Description

no logs	Disable debug logs
all	Disable all log components

## Example

```
ruckus(debug) # no logs all
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(debug) #
```

## logs comp sys-mgmt

Enables debug logs of system management components.

logs	Enable debug logs
comp sys-mgmt	Component system management

```
ruckus (debug) # logs comp sys-mgmt
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(debug) # show logs
Debug Logs:
 All= Disabled
  Sys-mgmt= Enabled
 Mesh= Disabled
  Web-auth= Disabled
  Rf-mgmt= Disabled
  Radius= Disabled
  Hotspot-srv= Disabled
 Aps= Disabled
  Net-mgmt= Disabled
  802.1x = Disabled
  Web-svr= Disabled
  802.11= Disabled
  Client-association= Disabled
  Debug logs of specified MAC address:
    Status= Disabled
ruckus (debug) #
```

## no logs comp sys-mgmt

Disables debug logs of system management components.

### logs comp mesh

Enables debug logs of mesh components.

#### no logs comp mesh

Disables debug logs of mesh components.

#### logs comp web-auth

Enables debug logs of web authentication components.

### no logs comp web-auth

Disables debug logs of web authentication components.

#### logs comp rf-mgmt

Enables debug logs of RF management components.

## no logs comp rf-mgmt

Disables debug logs of RF management components.

#### logs comp radius

Enables debug logs of radius components.

#### no logs comp radius

Disables debug logs of radius components.

#### logs comp hotspot-srv

Enables debug logs of hotspot services components.

#### no logs comp hotspot-srv

Disables debug logs of hotspot services components.

#### logs comp aps

Enables debug logs of AP components.

#### no logs comp aps

Disables debug logs of access points components.

#### logs comp net-mgmt

Enables debug logs of network management components.

#### no logs comp net-mgmt

Disables debug logs of network management components.

#### logs comp 802.1x

Enables debug logs of 802.1x components.

#### no logs comp 802.1x

Disables debug logs of 802.1x components.

#### logs comp web-svr

Enables debug logs of web server components.

#### no logs comp web-svr

Disables debug logs of web server components.

#### logs comp 802.11

Enables debug logs of 802.11 components.

#### no logs comp 802.11

Disables debug logs of 802.11 components.

## logs comp bonjour-gateway

Enable Bonjour Gateway debug logs.

## no logs comp bonjour-gateway

Disable Bonjour Gateway debug logs.

#### logs comp mdnsd

Enable bonjour mdnsd debug logs.

#### no logs comp mdnsd

Disable bonjour mdnsd debug logs.

## logs comp client-association

Enable client association debug logs.

#### no logs comp client-association

Disable client association debug logs.

#### logs mac

Enables and sets filter running logs based on specified mac address.

logs mac <MAC>

logs	Enable debug logs
mac	Filter logs by specific MAC address
<mac></mac>	The MAC address of the device to be filtered

```
ruckus(debug) # logs mac 04:4f:aa:0c:b1:00
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(debug) #
```

#### no logs mac

Disables MAC address filtering on running logs.

### Syntax Description

no logs	Disable debug logs
mac	Filter by MAC address

#### Example

```
ruckus(debug) # no logs mac
The command was executed successfully.
ruckus(debug) #
```

### logs play

Starts displaying logs on console.

**CAUTION!** Running this command can place considerable load on the system. If your Unleashed is already under load, running this command could potentially cause errors resulting in a reboot. In general, only use this command when working with Ruckus support to troubleshoot an issue.

#### Syntax Description

logs	Enable debug logs
play	Start log play

#### Example

ruckus(debug) # logs play

```
ruckus(debug)# [Feb 15 05:53:30][EMFD][debug]jobService-
Func():Executing job[user auth attempt_hash_autoexpire] at
1329285210...
[Feb 15 05:53:30][EMFD][debug]jobServiceFunc():Executing job at
1329285210...Done
[Feb 15 05:53:30][EMFD][debug]jobServiceFunc():Executing
job[station auth attempt_hash_autoexpire] at 1329285210...
[Feb 15 05:53:30][EMFD][debug]jobServiceFunc():Executing job at
1329285210...Done
[Feb 15 05:53:33][STAMgr][debug]acsrvc_thread():ACSRVC rcv AP
04:4f:aa:0c:b1:00, IP= 192.168.11.6, IPv6=fc00::1
...
ruckus(debug)# no logs play
ruckus(debug)#
```

#### no logs play

Stops displaying logs on console.

#### Syntax Description

no logs	Disable debug logs
play	Stop log play

```
rruckus(debug) # logs play
ruckus(debug) # [Feb 15 05:53:30][EMFD][debug]jobService-
Func():Executing job[user auth attempt_hash_autoexpire] at
1329285210...
[Feb 15 05:53:30][EMFD][debug]jobServiceFunc():Executing job at
1329285210...Done
[Feb 15 05:53:30][EMFD][debug]jobServiceFunc():Executing
job[station auth attempt_hash_autoexpire] at 1329285210...
[Feb 15 05:53:30][EMFD][debug]jobServiceFunc():Executing job at
1329285210...Done
[Feb 15 05:53:33][STAMgr][debug]acsrvc_thread():ACSRVC rcv AP
04:4f:aa:0c:b1:00, IP= 192.168.11.6, IPv6=fc00::1
...
ruckus(debug) # no logs play
```

## Remote Troubleshooting

This section describes remote troubleshooting commands.

#### remote-troubleshooting server

To set the remote troubleshooting server IP address, use the following command: remote-troubleshooting server <IP-ADDR>

### remote-troubleshooting start

Enables remote troubleshooting.

#### Syntax Description

remote-	Remote troubleshooting
troubleshooting	
start	Start remote troubleshooting

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

```
ruckus(debug)# remote-troubleshooting start
ruckus(debug)#
```

#### remote-troubleshooting stop

Disables remote troubleshooting.

remote-	Remote troubleshooting
troubleshooting	

stop

#### Defaults

None.

```
ruckus(debug) # remote-troubleshooting stop
ruckus(debug) #
```

## AP Core Dump Collection

This section lists the AP core dump commands.

#### collect\_ap\_coredump

```
Enable AP core dump collection.
  collect ap coredump [all|<MAC>]
```

#### Syntax Description

collect_ap_core dump	Collect AP core dump
all	Collect core dump from all connected APs
<mac></mac>	Specific AP MAC address

#### Defaults

None.

#### no collect\_ap\_coredump

Disable AP core dump collection.

#### Syntax Description

```
no Stop collecting AP core dump collect_ap_core dump
```

### Example

## Script Execution

This section lists the commands that can be executed from the script context. The script context must be entered from the debug context.

#### script

Enters the script context from the debug context. You must first enter the script context before executing a script.

```
script
```

### Syntax Description

script

Enter the script context

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(debug)# script
ruckus(script)#

#### quit

Exit the script context.

## Syntax Description

quit

Exit the script context

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(script)# quit
ruckus(debug)#

#### list

List all available scripts.

list

list

List all available scripts

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

ruckus(script)# list -a

Index

Scripts

1

.version.sh

ruckus(script)#

#### del

Deletes a script.

#### info

Display script help file info

## Syntax Description

info

Display script information

#### Defaults

None.

## Example

ruckus(script)# info
info <file>
ruckus(script)#

#### exec

Execute script.

```
exec <file> {parameter}
```

## Syntax Description

exec

Excecute the script

#### Defaults

None.

### Example

ruckus(script)# exec
exec <file> {parameter}
ruckus(script)#

#### In this chapter:

- Configure guest-access WLAN
- · Run AP CLI

## Configure guest-access WLAN

## 1, configure guest-access server

Create one guest access server for guest-access WLAN.

ruckus(config)# guest-access g\_ga\_b

The Guest Access entry 'g\_ga\_b' has been created. To save the Guest Access entry, type end or exit.

ruckus(config-guest-access)#

ruckus(config-guest-access)#

ruckus(config-guest-access)# show

Guest Access:

Name = g\_ga\_b

Onboarding Portal:

Aspect = Guest pass and ZeroIT

Authentication:

Mode = Use guest pass authentication

Effective time:

Countdown-by-issued = false

Effective Period = 7 Days

Title = Welcome to the Guest Access login page.

Terms of Use:

```
Status = Disabled
 Redirection:
  Mode = To the URL that the user intends to visit
 Self Service Registration:
  Status
                 = Disabled
 Restricted Subnet Access:
   Rules:
     1:
      Description=
      Type= Deny
      Destination Address= local
      Destination Port= Any
      Protocol= Any
     2:
      Description=
      Type= Deny
      Destination Address= 10.0.0.0/8
      Destination Port= Any
      Protocol= Any
     3:
      Description=
      Type= Deny
      Destination Address= 172.16.0.0/12
      Destination Port= Any
      Protocol= Any
     4:
      Description=
      Type= Deny
      Destination Address= 192.168.0.0/16
      Destination Port= Any
      Protocol= Any
ruckus(config-guest-access)# end
Your changes have been saved..
```

## 2, Confugure wlan

Create one wlan, set type to guest-access and guest access server.

```
ruckus(config)# wlan ggk_ga_test
The WLAN service 'ggk_ga_test' has been created. To save the WLAN service,
type 'end' or 'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
ruckus(config-wlan)# type guest-access g ga b
The command was executed successfully. To save the changes, type 'end' or
'exit'.
ruckus(config-wlan)#
ruckus(config-wlan)# show
WI AN Service:
 ID:
   NAME = ggk_ga_test
   Tx. Rate of Management Frame(2.4GHz) = 2.0Mbps
   Tx. Rate of Management Frame(5GHz) = 6.0Mbps
   Beacon Interval = 100ms
   SSID = ggk_ga_test
   Description =
   Type = Guest Access
   Authentication = open
   Encryption = none
   FT Roaming = Disabled
   802.11k Neighbor report = Disabled
   Web Authentication = Enabled
   Grace Period:
      Status = Fnabled
      Period = 480 Minutes
   Authentication Server = Guest Accounts
   Accounting Server = Disabled
   Called-Station-Id type = wlan-bssid
   Tunnel Mode = Disabled
   DHCP relay = Disabled
   Background Scanning = Enabled
```

Max. Clients = 100

Isolation per AP = Enabled

Isolation across AP = Disabled

Zero-IT Activation = Disabled

Priority = High

Load Balancing = Disabled

Band Balancing = Disabled

Rate Limiting Uplink = Disabled

Rate Limiting Downlink = Disabled

Auto-Proxy configuration:

Status = Disabled

**Inactivity Timeout:** 

Status = Enabled

Timeout = 5 Minutes

Web Authentication Timeout = 5 Minutes

VLAN-ID = 1

Dynamic VLAN = Disabled

Closed System = Disabled

Https Redirection = Enabled

OFDM-Only State = Disabled

Multicast Filter State = Disabled

802.11d State = Disabled

Force DHCP State = Disabled

Force DHCP Timeout = 10

DHCP Option82:

Status = Disabled

Option82 sub-Option1 = Disabled

Option82 sub-Option2 = Disabled

Option82 sub-Option150 = Disabled

Option82 sub-Option151 = Disabled

Ignore unauthorized client statistic = Disabled

STA Info Extraction State = Enabled

BSS Minrate = Disabled

Call Admission Control State = Disabled

PMK Cache Timeout= 720 minutes

PMK Cache for Reconnect= Enabled

NAS-ID Type= wlan-bssid

Roaming Acct-Interim-Update= Disabled

PAP Message Authenticator = Enabled

Send EAP-Failure = Disabled

1.2/MAC = No ACLS

L3/L4/IP Address = Guest

L3/L4/IPv6 Address = Guest

Precedence = Default

Proxy ARP = Disabled

Device Policy = No ACLS

Vlan Pool = No Pools

Role based Access Control Policy = Disabled

SmartRoam = Disabled Roam-factor = 1

White List = No ACLS

Application Visibility = disabled

Apply Policy Group = No\_Denys

Wlan Bind = all

ruckus(config-wlan)#

ruckus(config-wlan)# end

rksmcast currently snooping max of 14 interfaces IGMP(13) MLD(0)

The WLAN service 'ggk\_ga\_test' has been updated and saved.

Your changes have been saved.

## Run AP CLI

# run AP CLI in master AP ap-mode

ruckus# ap-mode ruckus(ap-mode)# get version Ruckus R500 Multimedia Hotzone Wireless AP Version: 200.3.9.13.14891280

OK

ruckus(ap-mode)# get election

The local AP's ip address is 172.18.151.2, Election role is master, Fix role is NO, Debug level is ERROR

mac\_address ipaddress role configID station\_rate free\_memory mesh\_enabled mesh\_node mesh\_node\_type model version bak\_version systime board\_type last seen

.....

-----

6c:aa:b3:3d:66:30 172.18.151.1 member 388 44 188296 1 0 1 R500

200.3.9.13.14891280-----

200.3.9.13.14889646 0 zf7752-3-29-4bss Sun

Jan 4 01:41:31 1970

94:f6:65:3c:cf:a0 172.18.151.2 master 388 43 171704 1 0 1 R500

200.3.9.13.14891280——————

Sun Jan 4 01:41:34 1970

OK

ruckus(ap-mode)#

ruckus(ap-mode)# set telnet enable

OK

ruckus(ap-mode)# telnetd ...... [stopped] (0.090)

telnetd ....... [started] (0.092)

ruckus(ap-mode)# get telnet

Telnet Service is enabled

 $\bigcirc K$ 

Run AP CLI in remote\_ap\_cli remote\_ap\_cli

